

Air Emissions Calculations and Methodology





MAY 2022

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ATTACHMENTS

Attachment K-1 Emission Calculations



ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

AQCR Air Quality Control Region

BOEM Bureau of Ocean Energy Management

Btu British thermal units

CFR Code of Federal Regulations

CH₄ Methane

CMV commercial marine vessels

CO carbon monoxide CO₂ carbon dioxide

CO₂e carbon dioxide equivalents
Empire Empire Offshore Wind LLC

EPA U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

EW 1 Empire Wind 1
EW 2 Empire Wind 2

g/hp-hr grams per horsepower hour g/kW-hr grams per kilowatt hour

gal gallon

GHG greenhouse gas emissions
GWP Global Warming Potential
HAP Hazardous Air Pollutant

hp Horsepower

ICF ICF International

kW kilowatt

L/cyl liters per cylinder

lb pound

Lease Area designated Renewable Energy Lease Area OCS-A 0512

MOVES Motor Vehicle Emission Simulator

N₂O nitrous oxide

NEPA National Environmental Policy Act

nm nautical mile

NO_X nitrogen oxides

O&M operations and maintenance
OCS Outer Continental Shelf

OGV ocean-going vessels



PM particulate matter

PM₁₀ particulate matter 10 micrometers in diameter

PM_{2.5} particulate matter 2.5 micrometers in diameter

Project The offshore wind project for OCS A-0512 proposed by Empire Offshore

Wind LLC consisting of Empire Wind 1 (EW 1) and Empire Wind 2 (EW 2).

Project Area The area associated with the build out of the Lease Area, submarine export

cable routes, interarray cables, and all onshore Project facilities.

SBMT South Brooklyn Marine Terminal

SF₆ sulfur hexafluoride SO₂ sulfur dioxide

ULSD ultra-low sulfur diesel

VOC volatile organic compound

K.1 INTRODUCTION

Empire Offshore Wind LLC (Empire) proposes to construct and operate an offshore wind facility, to be located in the designated Renewable Energy Lease Area OCS-A 0512 (Lease Area). The Lease Area covers approximately 79,350 acres (32,112 hectares) and is located approximately 12 nautical miles (nm, 22 kilometers [km]) south of Long Island, New York and 16.9 nm (31.4 km) east of Long Branch, New Jersey (**Figure K-1**).

Empire proposes to develop the Lease Area in two wind farms, known as Empire Wind (EW) 1 and Empire Wind 2 (EW 2), collectively referred to hereafter as the Project. EW 1 and EW 2 are both covered in this Construction and Operations Plan (COP). EW 1 and EW 2 will be electrically isolated and independent from each other. Each wind farm will connect via offshore substations to separate Points of Interconnection (POIs) at onshore locations by way of export cable routes and onshore substations. In this respect, the Project includes two onshore locations in New York where the renewable electricity generated will be transmitted to the electric grid.

This report describes the methodology applied to calculate the anticipated air emissions associated with construction, operation, and decommissioning of the Project, as well as the results of the emissions calculations, which are detailed in **Attachment K-1**, **Emission Calculations**. Vessel specifications and durations have been selected to represent a maximum design scenario with respect to the potential emissions associated with construction, operation, and decommissioning of the Project. The actual vessels to be employed during construction, operation, and decommissioning are subject to change. There are seven categories of sources for which emissions were calculated:

- Commercial marine vessels (CMVs);
- Helicopters;
- Stationary diesel generator engines;
- Portable diesel generator engines;
- Gas-insulated switchgear;
- Nonroad engines; and
- On-road vehicles.

The specific air pollutants estimated from the listed source categories consist of criteria air pollutants, hazardous air pollutants (HAPs), and greenhouse gases (GHGs). Specific pollutants in each group are as follows:

- Criteria Air Pollutants:
 - o Ground-level ozone;
 - o Nitrogen dioxide (NO₂);
 - o Carbon monoxide (CO);
 - o Total particulate matter (PM);
 - o Particulate matter with aerodynamic diameter 10 micrometers or less (PM₁₀);
 - o Particulate matter with aerodynamic diameter 2.5 micrometers or less (PM_{2.5});
 - o Sulfur dioxide (SO₂); and
 - o Lead (Pb).
- Other regulated precursor pollutants include:
 - o Volatile organic compounds (VOCs);
 - o Oxides of nitrogen (NO_X); and
 - o Sulfur dioxide (SO₂).



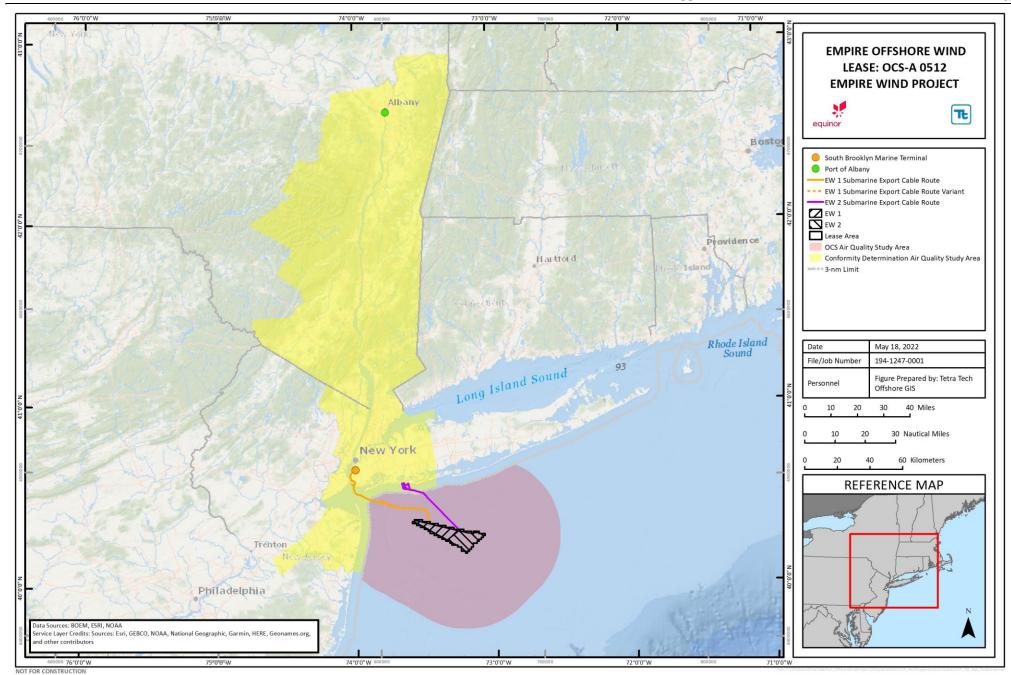


Figure K-1 Project Overview

VOCs and NO_X are the precursors and measured pollutants for the criteria pollutant ozone, and NO_X and SO_2 are precursors for the criteria pollutant $PM_{2.5}$ (SO_2 is also directly emitted, and is itself a criteria pollutant, as identified above.)

- HAPs, which include but are not limited to:
 - o Formaldehyde;
 - Acetaldehyde;
 - o Benzene;
 - o Naphthalene;
 - o Acrolein;
 - o 1,3-Butadiene;
 - o Ethylbenzene; and
 - o Polycyclic Organic Matter.
- GHGs also include a range of chemical compounds but the Project will likely emit the following:
 - o Carbon dioxide (CO₂);
 - o Methane (CH₄);
 - o Nitrous oxide (N2O); and
 - o Sulfur hexafluoride (SF₆).

For the purposes of this analysis, emissions of PM_{2.5}, PM₁₀, and PM are conservatively assumed to be the same.

K.2 EMISSION CALCULATION METHODS

Methods for calculating criteria pollutant emissions for the respective emission source categories are summarized in Sections K.2.1 through K.2.5. Additionally, Section K.2.6 discusses the methodology for estimating the total GHG emissions for each of the source categories. GHG emissions are presented as "CO₂ equivalent" or (CO₂e), because the different GHG constituents have different heat absorption capacities.

Emission calculations provided in this assessment reflect construction, operations, and decommissioning of up to 147 wind turbines, consistent with other required permitting.

K.2.1 Commercial Marine Vessels

The calculations presented in **Attachment K-1** are based on assumed typical vessels representative of the types, configurations, and sizes that the Project anticipates will be employed during the construction, operations, and decommissioning phases of the Project. Vessel specifications have been selected to represent a maximum design scenario with respect to the potential emissions of the identified vessel category. Actual vessels to be employed during construction, operations, and decommissioning activities are subject to change. Vessel operating durations are based on anticipated schedules provided by the Project and may also be subject to change. However, the durations presented within have been selected to represent a maximum design scenario with respect to potential emissions (i.e., conservative estimates).

K.2.1.1 Default Emission Factors

At this phase in the planning process some vessels have been contracted and are reflected in the emissions calculations. However, for vessels that have not yet been contracted, the actual vessels to be used are subject to change, and it is not possible to know with certainty what emission standards a particular vessel is certified to meet. Therefore, emissions from most vessels have been estimated using conservative default emission factors. ICF International (ICF) was contracted by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) to



produce a guidance document for estimating CMV emissions, "Current Methodologies in Preparing Mobile Source Port-Related Emission Inventories" (ICF 2009). This document categorizes most vessels, including tugboats, crew boats, etc. as "harbor craft," and categorizes ships with larger engines as "ocean-going vessels" (OGVs). Emission factors from this report have been used to estimate marine vessel emissions for activities related to a number of offshore wind projects, and have formed the basis of approved Outer Continental Shelf (OCS) air permits in several different EPA regions. The 2009 ICF report factors that were selected for estimating emissions from harbor craft and OGVs are presented below in **Table K-1**.

Vessel engines were classified as either **Category 1**, **Category 2** or **Category 3** based on the following size ranges:

- Category 1: Engines with a displacement of less than 5 liters per cylinder (or less than 7 liters per cylinder, if subject to 40 Code of Federal Regulations [CFR] Part 1042). As an approximation, all engines rated at less than 1,000 kilowatts (kW) are assumed to be Category 1 engines.
- Category 2: Engines with a displacement greater than or equal than 5 liters per cylinder, but less than 30 liters per cylinder (or between 7 and 30 liters per cylinder, if subject to 40 CFR Part 1042). As an approximation, all engines rated are greater than or equal to 1,000 kW but less than 3,000 kW are assumed to be Category 2 engines.

Category 3: Engines with a displacement equal to or greater than 30 liters per cylinder. As an approximation, all engines rated at 3,000 kW or greater are assumed to be Category 3 engines. Most of the marine vessels used for the Project are assumed to be equipped with either Category 1 or Category 2 engines and will qualify as harbor craft. These categories of engines will use only ultra-low sulfur diesel (ULSD) fuel, which has a sulfur content of 15 parts per million by weight. Some of the larger installation vessels will be equipped with Category 3 main engines, and these vessels have been assumed to use marine diesel oil with a sulfur content of 0.1 percent by weight, since they could potentially purchase fuel at overseas ports prior to being employed by the Project.

The harbor craft emission factors for PM₁₀ originally presented in Table 3-8 of the 2009 ICF report are based on a fuel sulfur content of 1.5 percent. To adjust these emission factors to reflect the now-required use of ULSD fuel, they were multiplied by an adjustment factor of 0.86, as recommended in Table 3-9 of the 2009 ICF report. For other criteria pollutants, the emission factors for harbor vessels are based on EPA marine engine emissions standards (i.e., Tier 0 to Tier 3 based on cylinder displacement) and their respective EPA engine categories for CMV main propulsion engines and auxiliary engines.

The EPA established a tier structure for emission standards based on the age of the engine and cylinder displacement. Tier 0 (baseline), Tier 1, or Tier 2 apply to engines built prior to 2009. Stricter Tier 3 emission standards apply to engines built starting in 2009. However, for the purpose of estimating CMV emissions, during which harbor craft with older engines might be utilized, the maximum Tier 1 or Tier 2 emission factors were used to provide a conservative estimate.

Only several of the largest construction vessels were assumed to be equipped with Category 3 engines, including the main generator engines and/or main propulsion engines on the following vessels:



Table K-1 Summary of Harbor Craft and OGV Emission Factors

			Emission Factor (g/kW-hr)								
Minim	num Power (kW)	NO _X	VOC	СО	PM ₁₀ /PM _{2.5} d/ e/	SO ₂	CO ₂	CH₄	N ₂ O		
Harbor Craft	- Maximum Rate for	Tier 1 and Tie	r 2 Engines								
	37-75 kW	9.8	0.27	5	0.77	0.0065	690	0.09	0.02		
	75 – 130 kW	9.8	0.27	5	0.34	0.0065	690	0.09	0.02		
	130 – 225 kW	9.8	0.27	5	0.34	0.0065	690	0.09	0.02		
Category 1 a/	225 – 450 kW	9.8	0.27	5	0.26	0.0065	690	0.09	0.02		
	450 – 560 kW	9.8	0.27	5	0.26	0.0065	690	0.09	0.02		
	560 – 1000 kW	9.8	0.27	5	0.26	0.0065	690	0.09	0.02		
	1,000+ kW	9.8	0.27	5	0.26	0.0065	690	0.09	0.02		
Category 2 b/	All sizes	9.8	0.5	5	0.62	0.0065	690	0.09	0.02		
Ocean-going	g Vessels										
O-t	Main Engines	13.2	0.50	1.10	0.19	0.397	646.08	0.004	0.031		
Category 3 c/	Auxiliary Engines	13.9	0.40	1.10	0.18	0.424	690.71	0.004	0.031		

a/ Category 1 engines have a displacement of less than 5 liters per cylinder (or less than 7 liters per cylinder, if subject to 40 CFR 1042). As an approximation, all engines rated at less than 1,000 kW are assumed to be Category 1 engines.

b/ Category 2 engines have a displacement greater than or equal than 5 liters per cylinder, but less than 30 liters per cylinder (or between 7 and 30 liters per cylinder, if subject to 40 CFR 1042). As an approximation, all engines rated are greater than or equal to 1,000 kW but less than 3,000 kW are assumed to be Category 2 engines.

c/ Category 3 engines have a displacement equal to or greater than 30 liters per cylinder. As an approximation, all engines rated at 3,000 kW or greater are assumed to be Category 3 engines.

d/ The PM₁₀ emission factors presented for Category 1 and 2 engines have had an adjustment factor applied, as recommended in Section 3.4.2 of the ICF report (ICF 2009) and presented in Table 3-8 of the ICF report. These factors were adjusted for the now-required 15 parts per million by weight sulfur content in ultra-low sulfur diesel fuel (ULSD), by multiplying the emission factors by 0.86.

e/ The emission factors for the Category 3 engines were based on a medium-speed diesel vessel using marine diesel oil fuel. The PM₁₀ emission factors for Category 3 engines are based on the formulas provided in Section 2.6 of the 2009 ICF report and assumed use of marine diesel oil fuel with 0.1 percent sulfur content.



- Heavy lift vessels;
- Heavy transport vessels;
- Fall pipe vessels;
- Monopile supply vessel;
- Wind turbine installation vessels;
- Wind turbine supply vessels;
- Export cable lay vessels; and
- Dredger vessels.

For these Category 3 engines, the ICF emission factors for OGVs were used, as presented in Table 2-9 of the 2009 ICF report. The emission factors for OGVs are based on a 2002 analysis of emission data prepared by Entec UK Limited (2002). For PM₁₀, the OGV emission factors originally presented in Table 2-9 of the 2009 ICF report are based on a fuel sulfur content of 1.0 percent. These factors were adjusted to comply with the International Maritime Organization's North America Sulfur Emissions Control Area requirements, which limit fuel sulfur content to 0.1 percent sulfur by weight. For these vessels, factors for PM₁₀ were calculated using the formulas provided in Section 2.6 of the 2009 ICF report, assuming the use of marine diesel oil, and using the appropriate values for brake specific fuel consumption provided in Table 2-9 (main engines) and Table 2-16 (auxiliary engines).

For all engine categories, SO₂ emission factors are based on a mass balance calculation for the appropriate fuel sulfur content of each fuel: 0.1 percent sulfur for International Convention on the Prevention of Pollution from Ships-compliant marine fuel, and 0.0015 percent for ULSD fuel. The fuel consumption rate for each engine type was converted to a mass of fuel using an assumed fuel density of 853 kilograms per cubic meter (7.11 pounds per gallon).

Emission factors for HAPs from commercial marine vessels were determined using the methodology identified by EPA for the 2017 National Emissions Inventory. The emission factors for individual HAP compounds are provided as percentages of the PM_{2.5} or VOC emissions from the CMVs. These are tabulated in **Attachment K-1**.

K.2.1.2 EPA Tier 3 and Tier 4 Emission Factors

Empire is currently in the process of securing contracts with vessel operators for construction, operation, and maintenance of the Project. Where possible, Empire is seeking to reduce the Project's potential emissions by securing commitments to use vessels that are certified to meet EPA's Tier 3 or Tier 4 emission standards for marine engines, as set forth in 40 CFR Part 1042. At this time, Empire has secured commitments to use EPA Tier 3 marine vessels for the following tasks:

- Tender Support Vessel used during export cable installation for EW 1 (Tier 3-4 commitments have not yet been secured for the EW 2 cable lay support vessels);
- Export Cable Lay Vessel used during export cable installation for EW 2 (a Tier 3-4 commitment has not yet been secured for the EW 1 export cable lay vessel);
- Service Operations Vessels and Crew Transfer Vessels used during commissioning of EW 1 and EW 2; and
- Service Operations Vessel and Crew Transfer Vessels used during operations and maintenance of EW 1 and EW 2.



For the above vessels, potential emissions for NO_X, CO, VOC, and PM have been estimated using the appropriate EPA Tier 3 emission standards published in 40 CFR § 1042.101 (Category 1 and 2 engines) or 40 CFR § 1042.104 (Category 3 engines), as applicable. Emissions of SO₂ and HAPs from EPA Tier 3 and Tier 4 engines have been estimated using the same default emission factors described above.

Note that Empire will be awarding further tender contracts in the spring of 2022, and may further revise the Project's potential emissions to reflect additional commitments to use EPA Tier 3 or Tier 4 vessels.

K.2.1.3 Load Factors

For all marine vessel activities, including construction activities and transits to and from shore, average engine load factors for each vessel type were estimated based on assumed average daily fuel use rates provided by the Project.

K.2.1.4 Calculation of Emissions

The basic equation used to estimate annual emissions from each CMV engine and activity is:

$$E = kW \times Act \times LF \times EF$$

Where:

E = emission, grams/year

kW = kilowatts (engine rating)

Act = activity, hours/year

LF = engine load factor (for the activity)

EF = emission factor, g/kW-hr

The calculated emissions were converted to tons per year by dividing the emissions by the conversion factor from grams to pounds (453.6 g/lb) and by the conversion factor from pounds to tons (2,000 lb/ton).

The CO₂e (GHG) emissions for the CMVs were calculated based on the methodology presented in Section K.2.6.

K.2.2 Stationary Engines

K.2.2.1 Offshore Substation and Onshore Substation Generator Engines

The offshore substation platform for both EW 1 and EW 2 is assumed to be equipped with one diesel generator engine rated at 600 kW mechanical output. Each onshore substation is also assumed to be equipped with one diesel generator engine rated at 600 kW mechanical output. The offshore and onshore substation generator engines are assumed to be used only for emergency generation, as well as for readiness testing and maintenance purposes. For both the offshore substation and onshore substation engines, potential emissions were estimated by conservatively assuming up to 500 operating hours per year for each engine.

Emissions of NO_X, CO, VOC, and PM from these engines were assumed to meet the corresponding EPA Ter 2 emission standards in Table 1 of 40 CFR § 89.112 for emergency generator engines of the appropriate size category. Emissions of SO₂ were based on a mass balance assuming a fuel sulfur content of 0.0015 percent by weight, and 100 percent conversion of fuel sulfur to SO₂. Emissions of HAPs for the engines were based on factors presented in EPA's AP-42 Compilation of Air Pollutant Emission Factors (AP-42) Section 3.4 for large diesel engines (EPA 1996). Emissions for GHG pollutants (CO₂, CH₄, and N₂O) were based on the emission factors presented in 40 CFR Part 98 Tables C-1 and C-2.



Emission rates provided in grams per kilowatt-hour were multiplied by the engine's assumed power rating (kW) and by the total annual operating hours (assumed to be 500 hours per year for each engine). The calculated emissions were converted to tons per year by dividing the emissions by the conversion factor from grams to pounds (453.6 g/lb) and by the conversion factor from pounds to ton (2,000 lb/ton).

Emissions calculated using AP-42 emission factors (lb/ MMBtu) were multiplied by the heat input rate (MMBtu/hr) (calculated from generator's fuel consumption [gallons] and the diesel fuel's heat content [Btu/gall), and by the total annual operating hours, converting from pounds to ton (2,000 lb/ton).

K.2.3 Portable Diesel Generator Engines

A number of portable diesel generator engines will be required during construction and commissioning of the Project, as well as during potential unplanned emergency events during operations and maintenance of the Project, including the following tasks:

- Providing power for welding machines, lighting, and other tasks during installation of each offshore substation topside structure (one 50-kW engine operating for approximately 15 days at each offshore substation);
- Providing power during commissioning of each offshore substation topside structure (one 500-kW engine operating for approximately 200 days for the EW 1 offshore substation, and 700 days for the EW 2 offshore substation);
- Providing power during installation of each wind turbine (one 1,200-kW engine operating for approximately 9 hours at each wind turbine);
- Providing power during commissioning of each wind turbine (one 150-kW engine operating for approximately 72 hours at each wind turbine);
- Providing power to pull the interarray cables into each wind turbine tower, and into each offshore substation topside structure (one 15-kW engine operating for approximately 50 hours at each wind turbine, and for approximately four days at each offshore substation);
- Providing power to pull the submarine export cable into each offshore substation topside structure (one 25-kW engine operating for approximately four days at each offshore substation); and
- Providing emergency power at individual wind turbine towers during operations and maintenance (up to sixteen 150-kW engines, operating for approximately six days each, estimated to occur separately at EW 1 or EW 2, up to once every 10 years per EW 1 and per EW 2).

Each of the portable diesel generators (with the exception of the 1,200-kW wind turbine installation engine and the 500-kW offshore substation commissioning engine) will be hoisted onto each offshore substation or wind turbine platform prior to use, and will be retrieved from each platform after use. The 1,200-kW wind turbine installation engine and the 500-kW offshore substation commissioning engine will each be located on the deck of a marine vessel, with power supplied through a cable while the vessel is tied up to the structure. It is also possible that a marine vessel's own generator engine could be used to provide power for the wind turbine installation and offshore substation commissioning tasks.

For the portable diesel generators that will be hoisted onto an offshore substation or wind turbine platform, emissions of NO_X, CO, VOC, and PM were assumed to meet the corresponding post-2014 nonroad emission standards in Table 1 of 40 CFR § 1039.101 for generator sets of the appropriate size category. Emissions of SO₂ were based on a mass balance assuming a fuel sulfur content of 0.0015 percent by weight, and 100 percent conversion of fuel sulfur to SO₂. Emissions of HAPs for the engines were based on factors presented in AP-



42 Section 3.3 for small diesel engines (EPA 1996). Emissions for GHG pollutants (CO_2 , CH_4 , and N_2O) were based on the emission factors presented in 40 CFR Part 98 Tables C-1 and C-2.

Since the 1,200-kW wind turbine installation engine and the 500-kW offshore substation commissioning engine could potentially be a marine vessels' own generator engine, emissions for all pollutants from these engines were conservatively estimated using the emission factors described in Section K.2.1 for Category 2 marine engines.

K.2.4 Non-road Engines

Emissions factors for mobile source, non-road engines to be used during the construction of the onshore substation, onshore export cable, and interconnection cables for EW 1 and EW 2 (including cranes, forklifts, excavators, front end loaders, generators, HDD drill rigs, and other construction equipment) were calculated using the EPA's Motor Vehicle Emission Simulator (MOVES2014b) emission factor modeling system (EPA 2014). To calculate emission factors for the Project, a run was conducted for a conservatively assumed construction start year of 2023, using the national database and inventory mode.

Emission factors from the EPA's MOVES2014b emission model are provided in units of g/hp-hr, so emissions were estimated by multiplying the emission factor by the non-road engine's assumed power rating (hp), the total operating hours, and the load factor for each different type of machine. Typical load factors for various equipment types were based on Appendix A of EPA's "Median Life, Annual Activity, and Load Factor Values for Nonroad Engine Emissions Modeling" (EPA 2010). The calculated emissions were converted to tons per year by dividing the resultant emissions in grams per year by the conversion factor from grams to pounds (453.6 g/lb) and by the conversion factor from pounds to ton (2,000 lb/ton). Emissions of HAPs are based on factors from ERG (2003, as cited in EPA 2005) Appendix D, Tables D-1 through D-3. Emissions for CH4 and N2O are based on EPA emission factors for construction equipment in Table B-8 of the EPA report on "Direct Emissions from Mobile Combustion Sources" (0.57 g CH4/gal fuel and 0.26 g N2O/gal fuel, respectively) (EPA 2016). Fuel consumption for each type of equipment was estimated based on CO2 emission factor (g/hp-hr) generated from the MOVES2014b model and the emission factor for the mass of CO2 generated per gallon of diesel fuel (10.21 kg CO2/gal fuel), as presented in Table A-1 of the EPA (2016) report.

Therefore, CH₄ and N₂O emissions were calculated based on the following equation:

 $E = FC \times \rho \times EF \times 0.4536 \text{ (kg/lb)} \times Eng. \text{ Rating x Act x LF } / 453.6 \text{ (g/lb)} / 2,000 \text{ (lb/ton)}$

Where:

E = Emissions, tons/year
FC = Fuel consumption, gal/hp-hr

Q = Density, lb/gal
EF = Emission Factor, g (CH₄ or N₂O)/kg fuel
Eng. Rating = Engine Rating, hp
Act = Activity, hours/year
LF = Load Factor

The CO₂e (GHG) emissions were calculated based on the methodology presented in Section K.2.5.

K.2.5 On-road Vehicles

MOVES 2014b was used to estimate emissions associated with on-road engines used during construction of the onshore substation, onshore export cable, and interconnection cable for EW 1 and EW 2, for a conservatively



assumed construction start year of 2023. This emission modeling system estimates emissions for a broad range of pollutants from mobile sources such as cars, trucks, and motorcycles, and allows multiple scale analysis.

Emission factors (in pounds per vehicle mile traveled) for VOC, NO_X, CO, PM, SO₂, and CO₂e were calculated for 2020 using the most current database files input into MOVES2014b. Input values were provided by the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation for each county in which the onshore construction would occur, including:

- Kings County (EW 1 onshore substation, Operations and Maintenance (O&M) Base, and interconnection cables); and
- Nassau County (EW 2 onshore substation, onshore export cables, and interconnection cables).

K.2.6 Helicopter Emissions

One helicopter is currently assumed to be used to perform crew transfers during the foundation installation, wind turbine generator, and submarine export cable installation tasks for both EW 1 and EW 2. The Bureau of Ocean Energy Management (BOEM) has produced a technical document, "BOEM Offshore Wind Energy Facilities Emission Estimating Tool - Technical Documentation" (BOEM 2017), to assist in estimating emissions for construction and operations of offshore wind energy facilities, including emissions from helicopters. Table 4 of the 2017 BOEM document provides default emission factors for VOC, NO_x, CO, PM, SO₂, CO₂, CH₄, and N₂O, as well as default fuel consumption rates in gallons/hour, based on four categories of helicopter size. Table 9 of the 2017 BOEM document provides default airspeeds for each category of helicopter size. Emissions of HAPs for the helicopter engines were based on factors presented in EPA's 1996 AP-42 Compilation of Air Pollutant Emission Factors (AP-42) Section 3.4 for large diesel engines.

Emissions for helicopter crew transfers during construction were estimated assuming a large twin-engine helicopter capable of carrying 20-30 passengers. The "Twin Heavy" helicopter category was selected from the 2017 BOEM document, with a default airspeed of 188.2 miles/hour. Although the airport for helicopter flights has not been selected, travel distances and durations were estimated using JFK International Airport as the assumed departure location. Emissions were based on two round trips per week for the duration of foundation installation, wind turbine generator installation, and submarine export cable installation tasks for EW 1 and EW 2, with a round trip duration of 30 minutes per flight.

K.2.7 Gas-Insulated Switchgear

The offshore substation platforms, wind turbine towers, and onshore substations will all be equipped with high-voltage circuit breakers ("switchgear") that use SF₆ as an insulating material. SF₆ is a GHG that slowly leaks from the sealed switchgear housings into the air. The offshore substation platforms and onshore substations are still being designed, and information about the proposed switchgear will be included in the Facilities Design Report and Fabrication and Installation Report. Emissions of SF₆ from the wind turbine switchgear were estimated using the switchgear counts and storage quantities provided by the Project, and assuming an annual leakage rate of 0.5 percent by weight per year (IEC 2004, as cited in EPA 2017).

K.2.8 Global Warming Potentials

The GHG emissions from the Project are a result of the combustion of diesel fuel that produces emissions of CO₂, CH₄, and N₂O, as well as leakage of SF₆ from gas-insulated switchgear. GHGs are typically presented as CO₂ equivalent or "CO₂e", based on the specific Global Warming Potential (GWP) for each gas.

Each GHG constituent has a different heat trapping capability. The corresponding GWP has been calculated by the EPA to reflect how long the gas remains in the atmosphere, on average, and how strongly it absorbs



energy compared to CO₂. Gases with a higher GWP absorb more energy, per pound, than gases with a lower GWP.

Factors used to calculate CO₂e (GWP) were taken from Table A-1 of 40 CFR Part 98, Subpart A. The GWPs are 25 for CH₄, 298 for N₂O, and 22,800 for SF₆.

Therefore, the equation to calculate CO₂e for each source is:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{CO2e} = \left[\text{CO2} \frac{\text{tons}}{\text{yr}} \times \text{CO2 GWP}(1)\right] + \left[\text{CH4} \frac{\text{tons}}{\text{yr}} \times \text{CH4 GWP}(25)\right] + \left[\text{N2O} \frac{\text{tons}}{\text{yr}} \times \text{N2O GWP}(298)\right] + \\ \left[\text{SF6} \frac{\text{tons}}{\text{yr}} \times \text{SF6 GWP}(22,800)\right] \end{aligned}$$

K.3 GEOGRAPHIC ALLOCATION OF EMISSIONS

Some of the CMVs will make a number of round trips to and from shore. Trips to and from shore will be made for multiple purposes, including loading of construction materials and equipment, refueling and restocking of supplies, crew transfers, and other purposes. Vessel transits will be made between the Project Area and an onshore port location(s). Therefore, portions of the vessel emissions from each transit will occur in distinct geographic areas for the purposes of regulatory applicability.

For example, transit emissions within 25 nm (46 km) of the Lease Area will be assigned to the OCS source potential emissions inventory. Transit emissions occurring in state waters will be assigned to the General Conformity potential emissions inventory for the specific nonattainment or maintenance area in which they occur, or to the attainment area potential emissions inventory for the purpose of addressing National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) requirements. Likewise, emissions associated with construction and installation of the offshore Project elements but occurring outside the 25-nm (46-km) radius around the Lease Area are considered for NEPA purposes only and are not part of the OCS source potential emissions inventory. Those areas that are within 25 nm (46 km) of the Lease Area but also within state waters are not under the jurisdiction of the OCS air regulations, and will only be considered for General Conformity and NEPA review. Those portions of the transit emissions that occur in waters located beyond 3 nm from shore and also beyond 25 nm (46 km) from the Lease Area (chiefly consisting of transits from overseas ports) have not been included in either potential emissions inventory.

Empire has assumed that the South Brooklyn Marine Terminal (SBMT) will be the local port and staging area for all purposes, with the following exceptions:

- Monopile foundations could be sourced from overseas and either staged in Canada or brought directly to their offshore installation locations;
- The Port of Albany, on the Hudson River in upstate New York, is assumed to be the starting point for the transit of the transition pieces for each turbine foundation, as well as for the wind turbine towers;
- A submarine cable factory just north of Charleston, South Carolina is assumed to be the starting point for the transit of submarine cables;
- A yet-to-be-determined port in the Corpus Christi, Texas area is assumed to be the starting point for transporting the offshore substation topsides for EW 1 and EW 2, to the installation locations in the Lease Area. These will be brought directly to their offshore construction locations by a heavy transport vessel; and
- Halifax, Nova Scotia is assumed to be the starting point for the transit of scour protection rock and gravel. Rock and gravel will be brought directly to the offshore construction locations by a fall pipe vessel.



Empire notes that the supply chain for the offshore wind industry is in its nascent stages but is quickly developing. Therefore, as construction planning continues, U.S. ports could instead be selected for the staging of major offshore wind components. The inventory and any associated OCS air permits for the Project will be updated as additional details become available, subject to Empire's contracting commitments.

Finally, any air emissions associated with the manufacture or fabrication of project components at U.S. ports will be addressed in the relevant air permits issued to the port owners for operation of the required manufacturing facilities.

K.3.1 Vessel Transits to Shore

To determine the maximum potential transit emissions for General Conformity and NEPA review purposes, the following one-way transit distances from the Lease Area to SBMT, from a Texas port to the Lease Area, and from a South Carolina port to the Lease Area, were used to allocate vessel transit emissions by geographic area. Assuming an average transit speed of 5 knots (9 km/hr) for tugs and barges, and 10 knots (18.5 km/hr) for all other vessels:

- SBMT to center of the Lease Area (each way):
 - o Kings County, NY: 7.8 nm (14.5 km)
 - o Queens County, NY: 3.0 nm (5.5 km)
 - o Monmouth County, NJ: 2.7 nm (5 km)
 - o Inside OCS radius: 30 nm (55.6 km)

■ TOTAL DISTANCE = 43.5 nm (80.5 km)

- Texas port to center of the Lease Area (one-way transit):
 - o State waters within Corpus Christi-Victoria AQCR, Texas: 30.0 nm (55.6 km)
 - o Federal waters outside OCS radius: 1,940 nm (3,592.9 km)
 - o Inside OCS radius: 30 nm (55.6 km)

• TOTAL DISTANCE = 2,000 nm (3,704 km)

- South Carolina submarine cable supplier to center of the Lease Area (one-way transit):
 - O State waters within Charleston Intrastate AQCR, South Carolina: 23 nm (42.6 km)
 - o Federal waters outside OCS radius: 590 nm (1,092.7 km)
 - o Inside OCS radius: 30 nm (55.6 km)
 - TOTAL DISTANCE = 643 nm (1,190.8 km)

Emissions for all transits located within the 25-nm (46-km) OCS source perimeter are inventoried for the OCS air permit screening applicability.

Emissions for all transits located within state waters are inventoried either for the General Conformity assessments (if within a designated nonattainment or maintenance area) or for NEPA purposes (if located outside a designated nonattainment or maintenance area). Note that emissions resulting from operations of the port facilities themselves are not included in either the General Conformity or NEPA inventories. The port facilities are responsible for such emissions, which are subject to state stationary source air permitting requirements, and are therefore explicitly exempt from General Conformity requirements.

Emissions for those portions of transits that are outside the 25-nm (46-km) OCS source perimeter (and are also outside state waters) have not been inventoried, with the exception of the offshore substation topside transits from Texas and the submarine cable supply transits from South Carolina. Generally, this results in



exclusion of most of the ocean-crossing transit distance from overseas ports to SBMT, or from overseas ports directly to the offshore construction area.

K.3.2 Foundation Transport

For the monopile wind turbine foundation and piled jacket offshore substation foundation, it has been assumed that all foundation structures and pilings would be manufactured at another location (outside the U.S.) and may be staged for assembly at SBMT. Foundation structures and pilings could also potentially be directly supplied to the field for installation.

K.3.3 Wind Turbine Tower and Transition Piece Transport

Empire may use the Port of Albany to transport the wind turbine generator towers down the Hudson River. Empire may also transport the transition pieces for each wind turbine generator tower down the Hudson River from the Port of Albany. Tugs and barges would be used to move the transition pieces from the Port of Albany directly to the offshore installation location. Tugs and barges would first move the wind turbine towers to SBMT, and then continue moving them to the offshore installation location.

For the purpose of estimating transit emissions, the total distance for each transit has been assumed to be the sum of the distance from Port of Albany to SBMT, plus the distance from SBMT to the center of the Lease Area:

- Southbound counties along the Hudson River (Port of Albany to SBMT):
 - o Albany County, NY: 10.3 nm (19.1 km)
 - o Greene County, NY: 22.7 nm (42.0 km)
 - O Ulster County, NY: 33.5 nm (62.0 km)
 - o Orange County, NY: 18.0 nm (33.3 km)
 - o Rockland County, NY: 21.6 nm (40.0 km)
 - o Bergen County, NJ: 12.7 nm (23.5 km)
 - o Hudson County, NJ: 7.5 nm (13.9 km)
 - o Kings County, NY: 2.0 nm (3.7 km)

■ TOTAL DISTANCE = 128.3 nm (237.6 km)

- Northbound counties along the Hudson River (SBMT to Port of Albany):
 - o Albany County, NY: 0.1 nm (0.2 km)
 - o Rensselaer County, NY: 10.2 nm (18.9 km)
 - o Columbia County, NY: 26.0 nm (48.1 km)
 - O Dutchess County, NY: 39.9 nm (73.9 km)
 - o Putnam County, NY: 8.2 nm (15.2 km)
 - o Westchester County, NY: 27.0 nm (50.0 km)
 - o Bronx County, NY: 2.2 nm (4.0 km)
 - o New York County, NY: 12.9 nm (23.9 km)
 - o Kings County, NY: 1.8 nm (3.3 km)

TOTAL DISTANCE = 128.3 nm (237.6 km)

- SBMT to center of Lease Area (each way):
 - o Kings County, NY: 7.8 nm (14.5 km)
 - o Queens County, NY: 3.0 nm (5.5 km)
 - o Monmouth County, NJ: 2.7 nm (5.0 km)



- o Inside OCS radius: 30 nm (55.6 km)
 - TOTAL DISTANCE = 43.5 nm (80.6 km)

K.3.4 Submarine Export Cable Construction

Emissions from construction of the submarine export cable and export cable landfall for EW 1 and EW 2 will occur along an export cable route from the Lease Area to each onshore POI. A portion of each export cable route is located within 25 nm (46 km) of the Lease Area (and these construction emissions will be part of the OCS source potential to emit). The remainder of each cable route is located in New York state waters.

For all vessels used in construction of each submarine export cable, the air emissions were divided proportionally into each geographic area as follows:

- EW 1 export cable landfall to Lease Area (each way):
 - o Kings County, NY: 8.0 nm (15 km)
 - o Queens County, NY: 6.5 nm (12 km)
 - o Inside OCS radius: 25.5 nm (47.2 km)
 - TOTAL DISTANCE = 40.0 nm (74.1 km)
- EW 2 export cable landfall to Lease Area (each way):
 - o Nassau County, NY: 8.0 nm (15 km)
 - o Inside OCS radius: 18.0 nm (33.3 km)
 - TOTAL DISTANCE = 26.0 nm (48.3 km)

K.3.5 All Other Vessel Activities

With the exception of transits to and from ports (such as SBMT, Port of Albany, Texas ports, and transits from overseas ports), and the portions of each submarine export cable route located in state waters, emissions from all other vessel activities were assumed to occur within 25 nm (46 km) of the Lease Area and are therefore part of the OCS source potential to emit. The activities listed above that are not part of the OCS source potential to emit are discussed for NEPA purposes only.

K.3.6 Helicopter Transits

For the purpose of allocating emissions to geographic areas, helicopter flights were treated in a similar manner to vessel transits, with all flights assumed to originate from JFK International Airport.

For the foundation and wind turbine generator installation tasks, distances were based on a straight-line route to the center of the Lease Area. Travel distances across each of the jurisdictional areas were calculated to be as follows:

- IFK International Airport to center of Lease Area (each way):
 - O Queens County, NY: 1.5 statute miles (2.4 km)
 - o Nassau County, NY: 8.5 statute miles (13.7 km)
 - o Inside OCS radius: 20 statute miles (32.2 km)
 - TOTAL DISTANCE = 30.0 statute miles (48.3 km)

For the submarine export cable installation task, distances vary depending on which segment of the submarine export cable route is being visited. Travel distances for each export cable were estimated as follows:



- JFK International Airport to each submarine export cable route (each way):
 - o For the EW 1 submarine export cable route, one-way distance was estimated to average 14 statute miles (22.5 km), varying from 10 to 24 statute miles (16.1 to 38.6 km), with total mileage distributions of 30% in Kings County, 27% in Queens County, 9% in Nassau County, and 34% inside the OCS radius.
 - For the EW 2 submarine export cable route, one-way distance was estimated to average 20 statute miles (32.2 km), varying from 8 to 32 statute miles (12.9 to 51.5 km), with total mileage distributions of 6% in Queens County, 41% in Nassau County, and 53% inside the OCS radius.

K.4 ONSHORE CONSTRUCTION AND OPERATION

Emissions from EW 1 and EW 2 for construction and operations of the O&M Base, onshore substation, onshore export cable, and interconnection cable will occur in the following geographic locations:

- EW 1: Kings County, New York (onshore substation, O&M Base (used by both EW 1 and EW 2), onshore staging and assembly of wind turbine generator components (used by both EW 1 and EW 2), onshore export cables, and interconnection cables); and
- EW 2: Nassau County, New York (onshore substation, onshore export cables, and interconnection cables).

K.5 DECOMMISSIONING

Emissions from the decommissioning of EW 1 and EW 2 have been assumed to occur in the same geographic locations as emissions from the construction of EW 1 and EW 2. Emissions have been assumed to include the same marine vessels and activities as construction. However, these steps would be performed in the reverse order.

The following equipment and/or activities were not included in the estimated decommissioning emissions:

- Seabed preparation vessels, such as fall pipe vessels and pre-trenching vessels;
- Bubble curtain vessels;
- Commissioning activities;
- Routine operation and maintenance activities were assumed to cease prior to the start of decommissioning; and
- All onshore facilities, including onshore substations, transmission cables, and the O&M Base, were
 assumed to either remain in use or be repurposed for other uses after the offshore facilities for EW 1
 and EW 2 are decommissioned, and therefore it was assumed these facilities would not have any
 decommissioning emissions.

A full decommissioning plan will be submitted to BOEM for approval prior to any decommissioning activities, and potential impacts will be re-evaluated at that time.

K.6 SUMMARY OF EMISSIONS BY GEOGRAPHIC AREA

Potential emissions have been estimated for the construction, operations, maintenance, and decommissioning of both EW 1 and EW 2.

Under the construction schedule, EW 1 and EW 2 both begin construction of onshore facilities in 2023, followed by the commencement of construction for the EW 1 offshore facilities in 2024, and for the EW 2 offshore facilities in 2025, with EW 1 having a total construction duration of four years, and EW 2 having a



total construction duration of five years. Construction emissions would begin in calendar year 2023 (start of EW 1 and EW 2) and continue through calendar year 2026 (completion of EW 2).

Emissions from operations and maintenance would begin as EW 1 was completed and would be concurrent with construction emissions from EW 2. It was assumed that the following tasks would occur in each year of activity:

- Year 1: Onshore substation construction (EW 1 only), and O&M Base construction (shared facility for both EW 1 and EW 2);
- Year 2: Onshore substation construction (EW 1 and EW 2), submarine export cable installation (EW 1 only), onshore export and interconnection cables (EW 1 and EW 2), and export cable landfall construction (EW 1 only);
- Year 3: Onshore substation construction (EW 1 and EW 2), wind turbine foundation installation (EW 1 and EW 2), submarine export cable installation (EW 1 and EW 2), interarray cable installation (EW 1 only), offshore substation topside and foundation installation (EW 1 and EW 2), wind turbine installation and offshore commissioning (EW 1 only), onshore export and interconnection cables (EW 1 and EW 2), and export cable landfall construction (EW 1 and EW 2);
- Year 4: Wind turbine foundation installation (EW 2 only), interarray cable installation (EW 2 only), offshore substation topside and foundation installation (EW 2 only), wind turbine installation and offshore commissioning (EW 1 and EW 2), and normal operations and maintenance (EW 1 only);
- Year 5: Wind turbine installation and offshore commissioning (EW 2 only), and normal operations and maintenance (EW 1 only); and
- **Year 6:** Normal operations and maintenance (EW 1 and EW 2).

Emissions from the decommissioning of EW 1 and EW 2 would occur following the end of the Project's useful lifetime. Since the schedule for decommissioning tasks is unknown at this time, only the total estimated emissions have been presented, rather than calendar year totals.

Table K-2 through Table **K-8** present the potential emissions for both EW 1 and EW 2, by calendar year for each geographic area considered. The emissions in each area include total emissions from construction (both onshore and offshore), from operations and maintenance, including vessel transits, and from decommissioning. Details on emissions for EW 1 and EW 2, individually and by construction activity, are presented in **Attachment K-1**.



Table K-2 Calendar Year 2023 Potential Emissions (tons)

Geographic Area	VOC	NO _x	СО	PM/ PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	HAP	GHG (CO ₂ e)
South Carolina state waters (Charleston AQCR)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Texas state waters (Corpus Christi-Victoria AQCR)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Albany County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Greene County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ulster County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Orange County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rockland County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bergen County, NJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hudson County, NJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rensselaer County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Columbia County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dutchess County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Putnam County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Westchester County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bronx County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
New York County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kings County, NY	0.10	0.69	0.25	0.03	0.03	1.58E-03	0.02	279.6
Queens County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Monmouth County, NJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nassau County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ozone NAA (NY-NJ-CT)	0.10	0.69						
PM ₁₀ NAA (New York County, NY)				0				
PM _{2.5} Maintenance Area (1997 Annual, NY-NJ-CT)		0.69			0.03	1.58E-03		
PM _{2.5} Maintenance Area (2006 24-hour, NY-NJ-CT)		0.69			0.03	1.58E-03		
C0 Maintenance Area (NY-NJ-CT)			0.25					
Federal waters outside OCS radius	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Federal waters inside OCS radius	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL, ALL AREAS	0.10	0.69	0.25	0.03	0.03	1.58E-03	0.02	280

Note:



Table K-3 Calendar Year 2024 Potential Emissions (tons)

Geographic Area	VOC	NO _x	СО	PM/ PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	HAP	GHG (CO₂e
South Carolina state waters (Charleston AQCR)	0.34	7.68	3.92	0.40	0.39	5.13E-03	0.04	547.5
Texas state waters (Corpus Christi-Victoria AQCR)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Albany County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Greene County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ulster County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Orange County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rockland County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bergen County, NJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hudson County, NJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rensselaer County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Columbia County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dutchess County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Putnam County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Westchester County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bronx County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
New York County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kings County, NY	9.07	221.99	47.49	5.29	5.13	4.87	0.91	13,935.6
Queens County, NY	4.44	110.98	27.41	2.89	2.81	2.27	0.42	6,667.8
Monmouth County, NJ	8.55E-03	0.21	0.05	6.03E-03	5.85E-03	4.00E-03	8.14E-04	12.7
Nassau County, NY	0.84	12.38	5.64	0.58	0.56	1.41E-02	0.15	1,894.9
Ozone NAA (NY-NJ-CT)	14.35	345.56						
PM ₁₀ NAA (New York County, NY)								
PM _{2.5} Maintenance Area (1997 Annual, NY-NJ-CT)		345.56			8.50	7.16		
PM _{2.5} Maintenance Area (2006 24-hour, NY-NJ-CT)		345.56			8.50	7.16		
CO Maintenance Area (NY-NJ-CT)			80.54					
Federal waters outside OCS radius	0.16	3.72	1.90	0.20	0.19	2.48E-03	0.02	
Federal waters inside OCS radius	16.61	422.16	98.11	10.13	9.82	9.07	1.55	
TOTAL, ALL AREAS	31.47	779.12	184.53	19.49	18.91	16.23	3.07	48,380

Note:



Table K-4 Calendar Year 2025 Potential Emissions (tons)

Geographic Area	VOC	NO _x	CO	PM/ PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	HAP	GHG (CO₂e)
South Carolina state waters (Charleston AQCR)	3.81	33.72	21.43	2.07	2.01	0.48	0.35	2,942.9
Texas state waters (Corpus Christi-Victoria AQCR)	0.04	1.06	0.09	1.49E-02	1.44E-02	0.03	3.55E-03	52.6
Albany County, NY	0.02	0.34	0.18	0.02	0.02	2.29E-04	1.84E-03	24.5
Greene County, NY	0.04	0.75	0.38	0.05	0.05	5.00E-04	4.01E-03	53.4
Ulster County, NY	0.06	1.11	0.56	0.07	0.07	7.38E-04	5.92E-03	78.8
Orange County, NY	0.03	0.59	0.30	0.04	0.04	3.96E-04	3.18E-03	42.3
Rockland County, NY	0.04	0.71	0.36	0.04	0.04	4.76E-04	3.81E-03	50.8
Bergen County, NJ	0.02	0.42	0.21	0.03	0.03	2.80E-04	2.24E-03	29.9
Hudson County, NJ	0.01	0.25	0.13	0.02	1.49E-02	1.65E-04	1.32E-03	17.6
Rensselaer County, NY	0.02	0.34	0.17	0.02	0.02	2.25E-04	1.80E-03	24.0
Columbia County, NY	0.04	0.86	0.44	0.05	0.05	5.73E-04	4.59E-03	61.1
Dutchess County, NY	0.07	1.32	0.67	0.08	0.08	8.79E-04	7.05E-03	93.8
Putnam County, NY	1.36E-02	0.27	0.14	0.02	0.02	1.81E-04	1.45E-03	19.3
Westchester County, NY	0.04	0.89	0.45	0.06	0.05	5.95E-04	4.77E-03	63.5
Bronx County, NY	3.66E-03	0.07	0.04	4.52E-03	4.38E-03	4.84E-05	3.89E-04	5.2
New York County, NY	0.02	0.43	0.22	0.03	0.03	2.84E-04	2.28E-03	30.3
Kings County, NY	12.95	313.69	65.78	7.27	7.05	7.04	1.31	19,790.3
Queens County, NY	4.56	113.67	28.29	3.00	2.91	2.30	0.43	6,841.1
Monmouth County, NJ	0.14	3.13	1.02	0.12	0.12	0.04	1.36E-02	194.1
Nassau County, NY	12.65	102.06	56.38	4.84	4.70	2.32	1.24	10,499.3
Ozone NAA (NY-NJ-CT)	30.45	535.33						
PM ₁₀ NAA (New York County, NY)				0.03				
PM _{2.5} Maintenance Area (1997 Annual, NY-NJ-CT)		535.92			14.99	11.71		
PM _{2.5} Maintenance Area (2006 24-hour, NY-NJ-CT)		535.92			14.99	11.71		
CO Maintenance Area (NY-NJ-CT)			151.50					
Federal waters outside OCS radius	4.44	84.86	16.08	1.97	1.91	2.29	0.40	4,827.4
Federal waters inside OCS radius	128.66	2,669.94	623.13	71.67	69.52	60.56	11.85	156,918
TOTAL, ALL AREAS	167.68	3,330.48	816.45	91.49	88.74	75.07	15.65	202,661



Table K-5	Calendar \	Year 2026 Potential	Emissions (tons)

Geographic Area	VOC	NO _x	СО	PM/ PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	HAP	GHG (CO₂e)
South Carolina state waters (Charleston AQCR)	1.57	30.74	15.68	1.94	1.88	0.02	0.17	2,190.1
Texas state waters (Corpus Christi-Victoria AQCR)	1.34E-02	0.35	0.03	4.96E-03	4.81E-03	1.06E-02	1.18E-03	17.5
Albany County, NY	0.07	1.46	0.75	0.09	0.09	9.76E-04	7.83E-03	104.3
Greene County, NY	0.16	3.19	1.63	0.20	0.19	2.13E-03	0.02	227.6
Ulster County, NY	0.24	4.71	2.41	0.29	0.28	3.15E-03	0.03	335.8
Orange County, NY	0.13	2.53	1.29	0.16	0.15	1.69E-03	1.36E-02	180.5
Rockland County, NY	0.15	3.04	1.55	0.19	0.18	2.03E-03	0.02	216.5
Bergen County, NJ	0.09	1.79	0.91	0.11	0.11	1.19E-03	9.56E-03	127.3
Hudson County, NJ	0.05	1.06	0.54	0.07	0.06	7.04E-04	5.65E-03	75.2
Rensselaer County, NY	0.07	1.44	0.73	0.09	0.09	9.58E-04	7.68E-03	102.3
Columbia County, NY	0.18	3.66	1.87	0.23	0.22	2.44E-03	0.02	260.7
Dutchess County, NY	0.28	5.61	2.86	0.35	0.34	3.75E-03	0.03	400.0
Putnam County, NY	0.06	1.15	0.59	0.07	0.07	7.70E-04	6.17E-03	82.2
Westchester County, NY	0.19	3.80	1.94	0.24	0.23	2.53E-03	0.02	270.7
Bronx County, NY	0.02	0.31	0.16	0.02	0.02	2.07E-04	1.66E-03	22.1
New York County, NY	0.09	1.82	0.93	0.11	0.11	1.21E-03	9.71E-03	129.3
Kings County, NY	2.07	31.47	13.82	1.05	1.02	0.48	0.26	4,153.0
Queens County, NY	0.41	9.78	2.70	0.30	0.29	0.18	0.04	605.0
Monmouth County, NJ	0.37	8.77	2.43	0.27	0.26	0.16	0.04	538.1
Nassau County, NY	0.02	0.21	4.93E-03	4.81E-03	4.81E-03	1.27E-02	4.16E-04	40.4
Ozone NAA (NY-NJ-CT)	3.45	62.04						
PM ₁₀ NAA (New York County, NY)				0.11				
PM _{2.5} Maintenance Area (1997 Annual, NY-NJ-CT)		64.57			2.44	0.84		
PM _{2.5} Maintenance Area (2006 24-hour, NY-NJ-CT)		64.57			2.44	0.84		
CO Maintenance Area (NY-NJ-CT)			21.00					
Federal waters outside OCS radius	1.62	37.72	9.49	1.26	1.22	0.70	0.16	2,194.2
Federal waters inside OCS radius	142.24	3,442.63	857.39	101.41	98.37	66.17	13.54	203,700
TOTAL, ALL AREAS	150.10	3,597.25	919.71	108.46	105.20	67.75	14.39	215,973



Table K-6	Calendar Ye	ar 2027 Potentia	l Emissions (tons)

Geographic Area	VOC	NO _x	co	PM/ PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	HAP	GHG (CO ₂ e)
South Carolina state waters (Charleston AQCR)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Texas state waters (Corpus Christi-Victoria AQCR)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Albany County, NY	0.09	1.73	0.88	0.11	0.10	1.16E-03	9.28E-03	123.6
Greene County, NY	0.19	3.79	1.93	0.24	0.23	2.53E-03	0.02	269.7
Ulster County, NY	0.28	5.59	2.85	0.35	0.34	3.73E-03	0.03	398.0
Orange County, NY	0.15	3.00	1.53	0.19	0.18	2.00E-03	0.02	213.9
Rockland County, NY	0.18	3.60	1.84	0.22	0.22	2.40E-03	0.02	256.6
Bergen County, NJ	0.11	2.12	1.08	0.13	0.13	1.41E-03	1.13E-02	150.9
Hudson County, NJ	0.06	1.25	0.64	0.08	0.08	8.35E-04	6.69E-03	89.1
Rensselaer County, NY	0.09	1.70	0.87	0.11	0.10	1.13E-03	9.10E-03	121.2
Columbia County, NY	0.22	4.34	2.21	0.27	0.26	2.89E-03	0.02	308.9
Dutchess County, NY	0.34	6.65	3.40	0.41	0.40	4.44E-03	0.04	474.1
Putnam County, NY	0.07	1.37	0.70	0.09	0.08	9.12E-04	7.32E-03	97.4
Westchester County, NY	0.23	4.50	2.30	0.28	0.27	3.00E-03	0.02	320.8
Bronx County, NY	0.02	0.37	0.19	0.02	0.02	2.45E-04	1.96E-03	26.1
New York County, NY	0.11	2.15	1.10	0.13	0.13	1.44E-03	1.15E-02	153.3
Kings County, NY	2.12	35.64	14.99	1.09	1.06	0.56	0.25	4,257.2
Queens County, NY	0.48	11.63	3.59	0.33	0.32	0.21	0.05	770.7
Monmouth County, NJ	0.43	10.43	3.23	0.29	0.28	0.19	0.04	687.5
Nassau County, NY	0.28	2.05	1.16	0.07	0.07	1.44E-02	2.64E-03	1,098.4
Ozone NAA (NY-NJ-CT)	4.01	73.75						
PM ₁₀ NAA (New York County, NY)				0				
PM _{2.5} Maintenance Area (1997 Annual, NY-NJ-CT)		76.75			2.76	0.99		
PM _{2.5} Maintenance Area (2006 24-hour, NY-NJ-CT)		76.75			2.76	0.99		
CO Maintenance Area (NY-NJ-CT)			25.04					
Federal waters outside OCS radius	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Federal waters inside OCS radius	97.91	2,320.35	676.95	70.76	68.64	42.08	9.31	150,217
TOTAL, ALL AREAS	103.34	2,422.27	721.43	75.17	72.91	43.09	9.87	160,035



TOTAL, ALL AREAS

20.82

1.87

45,918

Geographic Area	VOC	NO _x	CO	PM/ PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	HAP	GHG (CO ₂ e)
Kings County, NY	0.54	6.51	5.60	0.19	0.19	1.44E-02	0.04	1,678.4
Queens County, NY	0.06	1.58	1.41	0.04	0.04	3.57E-03	5.59E-03	198.6
Monmouth County, NJ	0.05	1.42	1.27	0.03	0.03	3.21E-03	5.04E-03	178.7
Nassau County, NY	0.26	1.85	1.16	0.07	0.06	2.18E-03	2.24E-03	1,059.7
Ozone NAA (NY-NJ-CT)	0.92	11.37						
PM ₁₀ NAA (New York County, NY)				0				
PM _{2.5} Maintenance Area (1997 Annual, NY-NJ-CT)		11.37			0.32	0.02		
PM _{2.5} Maintenance Area (2006 24-hour, NY-NJ-CT)		11.37			0.32	0.02		
CO Maintenance Area (NY-NJ-CT)			8.17					
Federal waters outside OCS radius	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Federal waters inside OCS radius	19.90	467.58	218.23	12.45	12.08	7.20	1.82	42,802

Note:

a/ Total for all areas will differ from the subtotals shown above because it includes emissions for counties not subject to General Conformity, and also only counts emissions a single time for pollutants (such as NO_x and SO₂) that are precursors for more than one General Conformity pollutant.

478.95

227.66

12.79

12.40

7.23

Geographic Area	VOC	NO _x	CO	PM/ PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	HAP	GHG (CO ₂ e)
South Carolina state waters (Charleston AQCR)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Texas state waters (Corpus Christi-Victoria AQCR)	1.07E-02	0.28	2.36E-02	3.97E-03	3.85E-03	8.50E-03	9.46E-04	14.0
Albany County, NY	0.04	0.71	0.36	0.04	0.04	4.73E-04	3.79E-03	50.5
Greene County, NY	0.08	1.55	0.79	0.10	0.09	1.03E-03	8.27E-03	110.1
Ulster County, NY	0.12	2.28	1.16	0.14	0.14	1.52E-03	1.22E-02	162.5
Orange County, NY	0.06	1.23	0.63	0.08	0.07	8.18E-04	6.56E-03	87.3
Rockland County, NY	0.07	1.47	0.75	0.09	0.09	9.81E-04	7.87E-03	104.8
Bergen County, NJ	0.04	0.86	0.44	0.05	0.05	5.77E-04	4.63E-03	61.6
Hudson County, NJ	0.03	0.51	0.26	0.03	0.03	3.41E-04	2.73E-03	36.4
Rensselaer County, NY	0.04	0.69	0.35	0.04	0.04	4.63E-04	3.72E-03	49.5
Columbia County, NY	0.09	1.77	0.90	0.11	0.11	1.18E-03	9.47E-03	126.1
Dutchess County, NY	0.14	2.72	1.39	0.17	0.16	1.81E-03	1.45E-02	193.6
Putnam County, NY	0.03	0.56	0.28	0.03	0.03	3.73E-04	2.99E-03	39.8
Westchester County, NY	0.09	1.84	0.94	0.11	0.11	1.23E-03	9.84E-03	131.0
Bronx County, NY	7.55E-03	0.15	0.08	9.32E-03	9.04E-03	1.00E-04	8.02E-04	10.7
New York County, NY	0.04	0.88	0.45	0.05	0.05	5.86E-04	4.70E-03	62.6
Kings County, NY	2.62	62.08	16.94	1.76	1.70	1.19	0.26	4,032.2
Queens County, NY	1.81	44.79	11.70	1.24	1.20	0.87	0.17	2,725.9
Monmouth County, NJ	0.17	4.00	0.95	0.12	0.12	0.08	0.02	229.8
Nassau County, NY	2.21	8.78	8.45	0.55	0.53	0.36	0.21	1,406.4
Ozone NAA (NY-NJ-CT)	7.10	125.36						
PM ₁₀ NAA (New York County, NY)				0.05				
PM _{2.5} Maintenance Area (1997 Annual, NY-NJ-CT)		126.59			3.98	2.51		
PM _{2.5} Maintenance Area (2006 24-hour, NY-NJ-CT)		126.59			3.98	2.51		
CO Maintenance Area (NY-NJ-CT)			39.26					
Federal waters outside OCS radius	3.46	91.39	7.62	1.28	1.24	2.75	0.31	4,537.7
Federal waters inside OCS radius	66.97	1,468.98	367.07	43.91	42.59	29.86	6.31	86,877
TOTAL, ALL AREAS	78.12	1,697.51	421.53	49.93	48.44	35.13	7.37	101,050



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ATTACHMENT K-1 EMISSION CALCULATIONS

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2)

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Note: For tables that present marine vessel emissions (tables K-1-5 through K-1-15, and K-1-21 through K-1-23), the first page of each table presents "non-transit" emissions that occur inside the OCS radius, and the second page of each table presents transit emissions, including all areas inside and outside the OCS radius.

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2) - AIR EMISSION CALCULATIONS Table K-1-1. Calendar Year Emission Summary

2023 (Construction of EW 1 and EW 2)

Emissions by geographic area	voc	NO _x	co	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	HAPs	CO ₂	CH ₄	N ₂ O	CO ₂ e
South Carolina state waters	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Texas state waters	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Albany County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Greene County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ulster County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Orange County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rockland County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bergen County, NJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hudson County, NJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rensselaer County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Columbia County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dutchess County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Putnam County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Westchester County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bronx County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
New York County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kings County, NY	0.10	0.69	0.25	0.03	0.03	1.58E-03	0.02	277.5	1.08E-02	6.29E-03	279.6
Queens County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Monmouth County, NJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nassau County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Federal waters outside OCS radius	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Federal waters inside OCS radius	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ozone NAA (NY-NJ-CT)	0.10	0.69									
PM10 NAA (New York County)		-	-	0	-						
CO Maintenance Area (NY-NJ-CT)		1	0.25		-						
PM2.5 Maintenance Area (1997 Annual, NY-NJ-CT)		0.69			0.03	1.58E-03					
PM2.5 Maintenance Area (2006 24-hour, NY-NJ-CT)		0.69			0.03	1.58E-03					
TOTAL, ALL AREAS	0.10	0.69	0.25	0.03	0.03	1.58E-03	0.02	277	1.08E-02	6.29E-03	280

2024 (Construction of EW 1 and EW 2)

2024 (Construction of EW 1 and EW 2)				1	1						
Emissions by geographic area	VOC	NO _x	СО	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	HAPs	CO ₂	CH ₄	N ₂ O	CO ₂ e
South Carolina state waters	0.34	7.68	3.92	0.40	0.39	5.13E-03	0.04	541.1	0.07	0.02	547.5
Texas state waters	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Albany County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Greene County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ulster County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Orange County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rockland County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bergen County, NJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hudson County, NJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rensselaer County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Columbia County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dutchess County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Putnam County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Westchester County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bronx County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
New York County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kings County, NY	9.07	221.99	47.49	5.29	5.13	4.87	0.91	13,757.4	0.69	0.54	13,935.6
Queens County, NY	4.44	110.98	27.41	2.89	2.81	2.27	0.42	6,580.2	0.40	0.26	6,667.8
Monmouth County, NJ	8.55E-03	0.21	0.05	6.03E-03	5.85E-03	4.00E-03	8.14E-04	12.5	8.31E-04	4.84E-04	12.7
Nassau County, NY	0.84	12.38	5.64	0.58	0.56	1.41E-02	0.15	1,877.7	0.12	0.05	1,894.9
Federal waters outside OCS radius	0.16	3.72	1.90	0.20	0.19	2.48E-03	0.02	261.8	0.03	7.59E-03	264.9
Federal waters inside OCS radius	16.61	422.16	98.11	10.13	9.82	9.07	1.55	24,725	1.41	0.99	25,056
Ozone NAA (NY-NJ-CT)	14.35	345.56									
PM10 NAA (New York County)											
CO Maintenance Area (NY-NJ-CT)			80.54								
PM2.5 Maintenance Area (1997 Annual, NY-NJ-CT)		345.56		-	8.50	7.16			-		
PM2.5 Maintenance Area (2006 24-hour, NY-NJ-CT)		345.56		-	8.50	7.16			-		
TOTAL, ALL AREAS	31.47	779.12	184.53	19.49	18.91	16.23	3.07	47,756	2.74	1.87	48,380

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2) - AIR EMISSION CALCULATIONS Table K-1-1. Calendar Year Emission Summary

2025 (Construction of EW 1 and EW 2)

Emissions by geographic area	voc	NO _x	со	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	HAPs	CO ₂	CH₄	N ₂ O	CO ₂ e
South Carolina state waters	3.81	33.72	21.43	2.07	2.01	0.48	0.35	2,906.4	0.29	0.10	2,942.9
Texas state waters	0.04	1.06	0.09	1.49E-02	1.44E-02	0.03	3.55E-03	51.9	3.21E-04	2.49E-03	52.6
Albany County, NY	0.02	0.34	0.18	0.02	0.02	2.29E-04	1.84E-03	24.2	3.15E-03	7.01E-04	24.5
Greene County, NY	0.04	0.75	0.38	0.05	0.05	5.00E-04	4.01E-03	52.8	6.88E-03	1.53E-03	53.4
Ulster County, NY	0.06	1.11	0.56	0.07	0.07	7.38E-04	5.92E-03	77.9	1.02E-02	2.26E-03	78.8
Orange County, NY	0.03	0.59	0.30	0.04	0.04	3.96E-04	3.18E-03	41.8	5.46E-03	1.21E-03	42.3
Rockland County, NY	0.04	0.71	0.36	0.04	0.04	4.76E-04	3.81E-03	50.2	6.55E-03	1.46E-03	50.8
Bergen County, NJ	0.02	0.42	0.21	0.03	0.03	2.80E-04	2.24E-03	29.5	3.85E-03	8.55E-04	29.9
Hudson County, NJ	0.01	0.25	0.13	0.02	1.49E-02	1.65E-04	1.32E-03	17.4	2.27E-03	5.05E-04	17.6
Rensselaer County, NY	0.02	0.34	0.17	0.02	0.02	2.25E-04	1.80E-03	23.7	3.09E-03	6.87E-04	24.0
Columbia County, NY	0.04	0.86	0.44	0.05	0.05	5.73E-04	4.59E-03	60.4	7.88E-03	1.75E-03	61.1
Dutchess County, NY	0.07	1.32	0.67	0.08	0.08	8.79E-04	7.05E-03	92.7	1.21E-02	2.69E-03	93.8
Putnam County, NY	1.36E-02	0.27	0.14	0.02	0.02	1.81E-04	1.45E-03	19.1	2.49E-03	5.52E-04	19.3
Westchester County, NY	0.04	0.89	0.45	0.06	0.05	5.95E-04	4.77E-03	62.7	8.18E-03	1.82E-03	63.5
Bronx County, NY	3.66E-03	0.07	0.04	4.52E-03	4.38E-03	4.84E-05	3.89E-04	5.1	6.67E-04	1.48E-04	5.2
New York County, NY	0.02	0.43	0.22	0.03	0.03	2.84E-04	2.28E-03	30.0	3.91E-03	8.69E-04	30.3
Kings County, NY	12.95	313.69	65.78	7.27	7.05	7.04	1.31	19,538.5	0.94	0.77	19,790.3
Queens County, NY	4.56	113.67	28.29	3.00	2.91	2.30	0.43	6,751.3	0.42	0.27	6,841.1
Monmouth County, NJ	0.14	3.13	1.02	0.12	0.12	0.04	1.36E-02	191.6	0.02	6.83E-03	194.1
Nassau County, NY	12.65	102.06	56.38	4.84	4.70	2.32	1.24	10,375.4	0.68	0.36	10,499.3
Federal waters outside OCS radius	4.44	84.86	16.08	1.97	1.91	2.29	0.40	4,761.2	0.16	0.21	4,827.4
Federal waters inside OCS radius	128.66	2,669.94	623.13	71.67	69.52	60.56	11.85	154,827	8.05	6.34	156,918
Ozone NAA (NY-NJ-CT)	30.45	535.33		-							
PM10 NAA (New York County)				0.03							
CO Maintenance Area (NY-NJ-CT)			151.50	-							
PM2.5 Maintenance Area (1997 Annual, NY-NJ-CT)		535.92	-	-	14.99	11.71	-		-	-	
PM2.5 Maintenance Area (2006 24-hour, NY-NJ-CT)		535.92	-	-	14.99	11.71	-		-	-	
TOTAL, ALL AREAS	167.68	3,330.48	816.45	91.49	88.74	75.07	15.65	199,991	10.62	8.07	202,661

2026 (Construction of EW 1 and EW 2, plus EW 1 O&M)

Emissions by geographic area	voc	NO _x	co	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	HAPs	CO2	CH₄	N ₂ O	CO ₂ e
South Carolina state waters	1.57	30.74	15.68	1.94	1.88	0.02	0.17	2,164.3	0.28	0.06	2,190.1
Texas state waters	1.34E-02	0.35	0.03	4.96E-03	4.81E-03	1.06E-02	1.18E-03	17.3	1.07E-04	8.30E-04	17.5
Albany County, NY	0.07	1.46	0.75	0.09	0.09	9.76E-04	7.83E-03	103.0	1.34E-02	2.99E-03	104.3
Greene County, NY	0.16	3.19	1.63	0.20	0.19	2.13E-03	0.02	224.9	0.03	6.52E-03	227.6
Ulster County, NY	0.24	4.71	2.41	0.29	0.28	3.15E-03	0.03	331.9	0.04	9.62E-03	335.8
Orange County, NY	0.13	2.53	1.29	0.16	0.15	1.69E-03	1.36E-02	178.3	0.02	5.17E-03	180.5
Rockland County, NY	0.15	3.04	1.55	0.19	0.18	2.03E-03	0.02	214.0	0.03	6.20E-03	216.5
Bergen County, NJ	0.09	1.79	0.91	0.11	0.11	1.19E-03	9.56E-03	125.8	0.02	3.65E-03	127.3
Hudson County, NJ	0.05	1.06	0.54	0.07	0.06	7.04E-04	5.65E-03	74.3	9.69E-03	2.15E-03	75.2
Rensselaer County, NY	0.07	1.44	0.73	0.09	0.09	9.58E-04	7.68E-03	101.1	1.32E-02	2.93E-03	102.3
Columbia County, NY	0.18	3.66	1.87	0.23	0.22	2.44E-03	0.02	257.6	0.03	7.47E-03	260.7
Dutchess County, NY	0.28	5.61	2.86	0.35	0.34	3.75E-03	0.03	395.3	0.05	1.15E-02	400.0
Putnam County, NY	0.06	1.15	0.59	0.07	0.07	7.70E-04	6.17E-03	81.2	1.06E-02	2.35E-03	82.2
Westchester County, NY	0.19	3.80	1.94	0.24	0.23	2.53E-03	0.02	267.5	0.03	7.75E-03	270.7
Bronx County, NY	0.02	0.31	0.16	0.02	0.02	2.07E-04	1.66E-03	21.8	2.84E-03	6.32E-04	22.1
New York County, NY	0.09	1.82	0.93	0.11	0.11	1.21E-03	9.71E-03	127.8	0.02	3.70E-03	129.3
Kings County, NY	2.07	31.47	13.82	1.05	1.02	0.48	0.26	3,565.1	0.24	0.10	4,153.0
Queens County, NY	0.41	9.78	2.70	0.30	0.29	0.18	0.04	597.2	0.04	0.02	605.0
Monmouth County, NJ	0.37	8.77	2.43	0.27	0.26	0.16	0.04	531.1	0.04	0.02	538.1
Nassau County, NY	0.02	0.21	4.93E-03	4.81E-03	4.81E-03	1.27E-02	4.16E-04	39.9	1.14E-03	1.32E-03	40.4
Federal waters outside OCS radius	1.62	37.72	9.49	1.26	1.22	0.70	0.16	2,165.6	0.14	0.08	2,194.2
Federal waters inside OCS radius	142.24	3,442.63	857.39	101.41	98.37	66.17	13.54	199,499	12.78	7.79	203,700
Ozone NAA (NY-NJ-CT)	3.45	62.04	-		-			-	-		
PM10 NAA (New York County)			-	0.11	-			-	-		
CO Maintenance Area (NY-NJ-CT)			21.00	-				-	-		
PM2.5 Maintenance Area (1997 Annual, NY-NJ-CT)		64.57		-	2.44	0.84	-		-		
PM2.5 Maintenance Area (2006 24-hour, NY-NJ-CT)	-	64.57			2.44	0.84					
TOTAL, ALL AREAS	150.10	3,597.25	919.71	108.46	105.20	67.75	14.39	211,084	13.85	8.16	215,973

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2) - AIR EMISSION CALCULATIONS Table K-1-1. Calendar Year Emission Summary

2027 (Construction of EW 2, plus EW 1 O&M)

Emissions by geographic area	voc	NO _x	со	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	HAPs	CO ₂	CH₄	N ₂ O	CO ₂ e
South Carolina state waters	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Texas state waters	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Albany County, NY	0.09	1.73	0.88	0.11	0.10	1.16E-03	9.28E-03	122.1	0.02	3.54E-03	123.6
Greene County, NY	0.19	3.79	1.93	0.24	0.23	2.53E-03	0.02	266.5	0.03	7.73E-03	269.7
Ulster County, NY	0.28	5.59	2.85	0.35	0.34	3.73E-03	0.03	393.4	0.05	1.14E-02	398.0
Orange County, NY	0.15	3.00	1.53	0.19	0.18	2.00E-03	0.02	211.4	0.03	6.13E-03	213.9
Rockland County, NY	0.18	3.60	1.84	0.22	0.22	2.40E-03	0.02	253.6	0.03	7.35E-03	256.6
Bergen County, NJ	0.11	2.12	1.08	0.13	0.13	1.41E-03	1.13E-02	149.1	0.02	4.32E-03	150.9
Hudson County, NJ	0.06	1.25	0.64	0.08	0.08	8.35E-04	6.69E-03	88.1	1.15E-02	2.55E-03	89.1
Rensselaer County, NY	0.09	1.70	0.87	0.11	0.10	1.13E-03	9.10E-03	119.8	0.02	3.47E-03	121.2
Columbia County, NY	0.22	4.34	2.21	0.27	0.26	2.89E-03	0.02	305.3	0.04	8.85E-03	308.9
Dutchess County, NY	0.34	6.65	3.40	0.41	0.40	4.44E-03	0.04	468.5	0.06	1.36E-02	474.1
Putnam County, NY	0.07	1.37	0.70	0.09	0.08	9.12E-04	7.32E-03	96.3	1.26E-02	2.79E-03	97.4
Westchester County, NY	0.23	4.50	2.30	0.28	0.27	3.00E-03	0.02	317.0	0.04	9.19E-03	320.8
Bronx County, NY	0.02	0.37	0.19	0.02	0.02	2.45E-04	1.96E-03	25.8	3.37E-03	7.49E-04	26.1
New York County, NY	0.11	2.15	1.10	0.13	0.13	1.44E-03	1.15E-02	151.5	0.02	4.39E-03	153.3
Kings County, NY	2.12	35.64	14.99	1.09	1.06	0.56	0.25	3,666.3	0.26	0.11	4,257.2
Queens County, NY	0.48	11.63	3.59	0.33	0.32	0.21	0.05	760.8	0.06	0.03	770.7
Monmouth County, NJ	0.43	10.43	3.23	0.29	0.28	0.19	0.04	678.6	0.05	0.03	687.5
Nassau County, NY	0.28	2.05	1.16	0.07	0.07	1.44E-02	2.64E-03	267.9	1.04E-02	3.13E-03	1,098.4
Federal waters outside OCS radius	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Federal waters inside OCS radius	97.91	2,320.35	676.95	70.76	68.64	42.08	9.31	144,671	10.44	5.46	150,217
Ozone NAA (NY-NJ-CT)	4.01	73.75							-	-	
PM10 NAA (New York County)		-		0					-	-	
CO Maintenance Area (NY-NJ-CT)			25.04								
PM2.5 Maintenance Area (1997 Annual, NY-NJ-CT)		76.75			2.76	0.99					
PM2.5 Maintenance Area (2006 24-hour, NY-NJ-CT)		76.75			2.76	0.99					
TOTAL, ALL AREAS	103.34	2,422.27	721.43	75.17	72.91	43.09	9.87	153,014	11.20	5.71	160,035

2028 Onward (O&M for EW 1 and EW 2)

Emissions by geographic area	voc	NO _x	co	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	HAPs	CO2	CH₄	N ₂ O	CO ₂ e
Kings County, NY	0.54	6.51	5.60	0.19	0.19	1.44E-02	0.04	1,115.8	0.11	0.02	1,678.4
Queens County, NY	0.06	1.58	1.41	0.04	0.04	3.57E-03	5.59E-03	196.2	0.03	5.74E-03	198.6
Monmouth County, NJ	0.05	1.42	1.27	0.03	0.03	3.21E-03	5.04E-03	176.6	0.02	5.17E-03	178.7
Nassau County, NY	0.26	1.85	1.16	0.07	0.06	2.18E-03	2.24E-03	229.5	9.31E-03	1.86E-03	1,059.7
Federal waters outside OCS radius	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Federal waters inside OCS radius	19.90	467.58	218.23	12.45	12.08	7.20	1.82	38,660	3.59	1.32	42,802
Ozone NAA (NY-NJ-CT)	0.92	11.37			-			-	-		
PM10 NAA (New York County)	-			0	-			-	-		
CO Maintenance Area (NY-NJ-CT)	-		8.17		-			-	-		
PM2.5 Maintenance Area (1997 Annual, NY-NJ-CT)		11.37		-	0.32	0.02	-			-	-
PM2.5 Maintenance Area (2006 24-hour, NY-NJ-CT)		11.37		-	0.32	0.02	-	-	-		-
TOTAL, ALL AREAS	20.82	478.95	227.66	12.79	12.40	7.23	1.87	40,379	3.75	1.36	45,918

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2) - AIR EMISSION CALCULATIONS Table K-1-2. EW 1 Emission Summary

2023

Emissions by geographic area	voc	NO _x	со	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	HAPs	CO ₂	CH ₄	N ₂ O	CO ₂ e
South Carolina state waters	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Texas state waters	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Albany County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Greene County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ulster County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Orange County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rockland County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bergen County, NJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hudson County, NJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rensselaer County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Columbia County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dutchess County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Putnam County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Westchester County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bronx County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
New York County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kings County, NY	0.10	0.69	0.25	0.03	0.03	1.58E-03	0.02	277.5	1.08E-02	6.29E-03	279.6
Queens County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Monmouth County, NJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nassau County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Federal waters outside OCS radius	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Federal waters inside OCS radius	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0.10	0.69	0.25	0.03	0.03	1.58E-03	0.02	277	1.08E-02	6.29E-03	280

2024

2024											
Emissions by geographic area	voc	NO_X	CO	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	HAPs	CO2	CH₄	N ₂ O	CO ₂ e
South Carolina state waters	0.34	7.68	3.92	0.40	0.39	5.13E-03	0.04	541.1	0.07	0.02	547.5
Texas state waters	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Albany County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Greene County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ulster County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Orange County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rockland County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bergen County, NJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hudson County, NJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rensselaer County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Columbia County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dutchess County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Putnam County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Westchester County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bronx County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
New York County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kings County, NY	9.07	221.97	47.48	5.29	5.13	4.87	0.91	13,755.9	0.69	0.54	13,934.0
Queens County, NY	4.44	110.97	27.40	2.89	2.81	2.27	0.42	6,579.6	0.40	0.26	6,667.2
Monmouth County, NJ	8.55E-03	0.21	0.05	6.03E-03	5.85E-03	4.00E-03	8.14E-04	12.5	8.31E-04	4.84E-04	12.7
Nassau County, NY	1.80E-03	0.02	5.54E-04	5.40E-04	5.40E-04	1.42E-03	4.67E-05	4.5	1.28E-04	1.49E-04	4.5
Federal waters outside OCS radius	0.16	3.72	1.90	0.20	0.19	2.48E-03	0.02	261.8	0.03	7.59E-03	264.9
Federal waters inside OCS radius	16.61	422.16	98.11	10.13	9.82	9.07	1.55	24,725	1.41	0.99	25,056
TOTAL	30.63	766.73	178.87	18.91	18.35	16.22	2.93	45,880	2.61	1.82	46,487

Phase 1 Summary 4 of 57 Empire COP emissions 05-02-22.xlsx

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2) - AIR EMISSION CALCULATIONS Table K-1-2. EW 1 Emission Summary

2025

Emissions by geographic area	voc	NO _X	со	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	HAPs	CO ₂	CH₄	N ₂ O	CO ₂ e
South Carolina state waters	1.52	30.74	15.68	1.86	1.80	0.02	0.16	2,164.3	0.28	0.06	2,190.1
Texas state waters	0.03	0.71	0.06	9.92E-03	9.62E-03	0.02	2.36E-03	34.6	2.14E-04	1.66E-03	35.1
Albany County, NY	0.02	0.34	0.18	0.02	0.02	2.29E-04	1.84E-03	24.2	3.15E-03	7.01E-04	24.5
Greene County, NY	0.04	0.75	0.38	0.05	0.05	5.00E-04	4.01E-03	52.8	6.88E-03	1.53E-03	53.4
Ulster County, NY	0.06	1.11	0.56	0.07	0.07	7.38E-04	5.92E-03	77.9	1.02E-02	2.26E-03	78.8
Orange County, NY	0.03	0.59	0.30	0.04	0.04	3.96E-04	3.18E-03	41.8	5.46E-03	1.21E-03	42.3
Rockland County, NY	0.04	0.71	0.36	0.04	0.04	4.76E-04	3.81E-03	50.2	6.55E-03	1.46E-03	50.8
Bergen County, NJ	0.02	0.42	0.21	0.03	0.03	2.80E-04	2.24E-03	29.5	3.85E-03	8.55E-04	29.9
Hudson County, NJ	1.25E-02	0.25	0.13	0.02	1.49E-02	1.65E-04	1.32E-03	17.4	2.27E-03	5.05E-04	17.6
Rensselaer County, NY	0.02	0.34	0.17	0.02	0.02	2.25E-04	1.80E-03	23.7	3.09E-03	6.87E-04	24.0
Columbia County, NY	0.04	0.86	0.44	0.05	0.05	5.73E-04	4.59E-03	60.4	7.88E-03	1.75E-03	61.1
Dutchess County, NY	0.07	1.32	0.67	0.08	0.08	8.79E-04	7.05E-03	92.7	1.21E-02	2.69E-03	93.8
Putnam County, NY	1.36E-02	0.27	0.14	0.02	0.02	1.81E-04	1.45E-03	19.1	2.49E-03	5.52E-04	19.3
Westchester County, NY	0.04	0.89	0.45	0.06	0.05	5.95E-04	4.77E-03	62.7	8.18E-03	1.82E-03	63.5
Bronx County, NY	3.66E-03	7.26E-02	3.70E-02	4.52E-03	4.38E-03	4.84E-05	3.89E-04	5.1	6.67E-04	1.48E-04	5.2
New York County, NY	0.02	0.43	0.22	0.03	0.03	2.84E-04	2.28E-03	30.0	3.91E-03	8.69E-04	30.3
Kings County, NY	12.79	312.02	64.43	7.19	6.97	7.04	1.28	19,202.3	0.92	0.76	19,451.2
Queens County, NY	4.54	113.25	28.10	2.98	2.89	2.30	0.43	6,719.2	0.42	0.26	6,808.6
Monmouth County, NJ	0.12	2.80	0.86	0.10	0.10	0.04	1.19E-02	168.7	1.38E-02	6.15E-03	170.9
Nassau County, NY	9.56E-03	0.12	2.93E-03	2.86E-03	2.86E-03	7.55E-03	2.48E-04	23.8	6.80E-04	7.87E-04	24.0
Federal waters outside OCS radius	2.46	60.57	11.40	1.54	1.50	1.38	0.23	3,283.8	0.15	0.14	3,328.6
Federal waters inside OCS radius	86.16	2,146.97	454.97	55.07	53.42	46.29	8.08	119,880	6.35	4.89	121,497
TOTAL	108.05	2,675.52	579.75	69.27	67.19	57.11	10.25	152,065	8.21	6.14	154,100

2026

2026											
Emissions by geographic area	voc	NO _X	co	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	HAPs	CO2	CH₄	N ₂ O	CO ₂ e
South Carolina state waters	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Texas state waters	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Albany County, NY	0.05	1.03	0.53	0.06	0.06	6.87E-04	5.51E-03	72.5	9.46E-03	2.10E-03	73.4
Greene County, NY	0.11	2.25	1.15	0.14	0.14	1.50E-03	1.20E-02	158.3	0.02	4.59E-03	160.1
Ulster County, NY	0.17	3.32	1.69	0.21	0.20	2.21E-03	0.02	233.6	0.03	6.77E-03	236.3
Orange County, NY	0.09	1.78	0.91	0.11	0.11	1.19E-03	9.54E-03	125.5	0.02	3.64E-03	127.0
Rockland County, NY	0.11	2.14	1.09	0.13	0.13	1.43E-03	1.14E-02	150.6	0.02	4.37E-03	152.4
Bergen County, NJ	0.06	1.26	0.64	0.08	0.08	8.39E-04	6.73E-03	88.5	1.15E-02	2.57E-03	89.6
Hudson County, NJ	0.04	0.74	0.38	0.05	0.04	4.96E-04	3.97E-03	52.3	6.82E-03	1.52E-03	52.9
Rensselaer County, NY	0.05	1.01	0.52	0.06	0.06	6.74E-04	5.40E-03	71.1	9.28E-03	2.06E-03	72.0
Columbia County, NY	0.13	2.57	1.31	0.16	0.16	1.72E-03	1.38E-02	181.3	0.02	5.25E-03	183.4
Dutchess County, NY	0.20	3.95	2.02	0.25	0.24	2.64E-03	0.02	278.2	0.04	8.06E-03	281.5
Putnam County, NY	0.04	0.81	0.41	0.05	0.05	5.42E-04	4.34E-03	57.2	7.46E-03	1.66E-03	57.8
Westchester County, NY	0.13	2.67	1.36	0.17	0.16	1.78E-03	1.43E-02	188.2	0.02	5.46E-03	190.5
Bronx County, NY	1.10E-02	0.22	0.11	0.01	1.32E-02	1.45E-04	1.17E-03	15.3	2.00E-03	4.45E-04	15.5
New York County, NY	0.06	1.28	0.65	0.08	0.08	8.52E-04	6.83E-03	89.9	1.17E-02	2.61E-03	91.0
Kings County, NY	1.34	20.88	8.74	0.65	0.63	0.33	0.15	2,254.5	0.15	0.06	2,829.4
Queens County, NY	0.27	6.46	1.75	0.18	0.18	0.13	0.03	398.6	0.03	0.02	403.8
Monmouth County, NJ	0.24	5.80	1.58	0.16	0.16	0.11	0.02	355.3	0.02	1.37E-02	360.0
Nassau County, NY	8.51E-03	0.11	2.61E-03	2.55E-03	2.55E-03	6.73E-03	2.20E-04	21.2	6.06E-04	7.01E-04	21.4
Federal waters outside OCS radius	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Federal waters inside OCS radius	49.63	1,174.58	322.81	36.12	35.04	21.73	4.72	71,096	4.92	2.72	73,587
TOTAL	52.76	1,232.87	347.66	38.68	37.52	22.32	5.05	75,888	5.35	2.86	78,985.2

2027 Onward (O&M)

Emissions by geographic area	voc	NO _x	co	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	HAPs	CO ₂	CH ₄	N ₂ O	CO₂e
Kings County, NY	0.38	3.58	2.82	0.12	0.11	7.58E-03	0.02	596.0	0.05	1.04E-02	1,153.2
Queens County, NY	0.02	0.56	0.48	1.43E-02	1.39E-02	1.49E-03	2.01E-03	67.4	8.61E-03	1.98E-03	68.2
Monmouth County, NJ	0.02	0.50	0.43	1.29E-02	1.25E-02	1.34E-03	1.81E-03	60.6	7.75E-03	1.78E-03	61.3
Nassau County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Federal waters outside OCS radius	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Federal waters inside OCS radius	7.38	172.48	75.99	4.52	4.39	2.81	0.67	13,819	1.23	0.48	15,552
TOTAL	7.80	177.12	79.73	4.67	4.53	2.82	0.69	14,543	1.29	0.49	16,835

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2) - AIR EMISSION CALCULATIONS Table K-1-3. EW 2 Emission Summary

2023

Emissions by geographic area	voc	NO _x	со	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	HAPs	CO ₂	CH₄	N ₂ O	CO ₂ e
South Carolina state waters	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Texas state waters	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Albany County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Greene County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ulster County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Orange County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rockland County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bergen County, NJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hudson County, NJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rensselaer County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Columbia County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dutchess County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Putnam County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Westchester County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bronx County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
New York County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kings County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Queens County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Monmouth County, NJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nassau County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Federal waters outside OCS radius	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Federal waters inside OCS radius	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

2024

2024											
Emissions by geographic area	voc	NO _x	co	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	HAPs	CO2	CH ₄	N ₂ O	CO ₂ e
South Carolina state waters	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Texas state waters	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Albany County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Greene County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ulster County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Orange County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rockland County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bergen County, NJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hudson County, NJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rensselaer County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Columbia County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dutchess County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Putnam County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Westchester County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bronx County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
New York County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kings County, NY	1.03E-03	0.02	1.11E-02	1.25E-03	1.22E-03	1.45E-05	1.09E-04	1.5	2.00E-04	4.45E-05	1.6
Queens County, NY	3.98E-04	8.38E-03	4.27E-03	4.83E-04	4.68E-04	5.59E-06	4.20E-05	0.6	7.69E-05	1.71E-05	0.6
Monmouth County, NJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nassau County, NY	0.83	12.36	5.64	0.58	0.56	1.27E-02	0.15	1,873.3	0.12	0.05	1,890.4
Federal waters outside OCS radius	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Federal waters inside OCS radius	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0.84	12.39	5.66	0.58	0.56	1.27E-02	0.15	1,875	0.12	0.05	1,893

Phase 2 Summary 6 of 57 Empire COP emissions 05-02-22.xlsx

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2) - AIR EMISSION CALCULATIONS Table K-1-3. EW 2 Emission Summary

2025

Emissions by geographic area	voc	NO _X	O	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	HAPs	CO2	CH ₄	N ₂ O	CO ₂ e
South Carolina state waters	2.30	2.98	5.74	0.21	0.21	0.46	0.19	742.1	4.59E-03	0.04	752.8
Texas state waters	1.34E-02	0.35	0.03	4.96E-03	4.81E-03	1.06E-02	1.18E-03	17.3	1.07E-04	8.30E-04	17.5
Albany County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Greene County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ulster County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Orange County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rockland County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bergen County, NJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hudson County, NJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rensselaer County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Columbia County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dutchess County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Putnam County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Westchester County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bronx County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
New York County, NY	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kings County, NY	0.17	1.67	1.35	0.09	0.08	4.66E-03	0.03	336.1	0.02	7.87E-03	339.1
Queens County, NY	0.02	0.43	0.19	0.02	0.02	2.49E-03	2.05E-03	32.1	3.57E-03	9.76E-04	32.5
Monmouth County, NJ	0.02	0.33	0.16	0.02	0.02	9.85E-04	1.66E-03	22.9	2.83E-03	6.88E-04	23.2
Nassau County, NY	12.64	101.93	56.38	4.84	4.69	2.31	1.24	10,351.6	0.67	0.36	10,475.3
Federal waters outside OCS radius	1.98	24.29	4.68	0.42	0.41	0.91	0.17	1,477.4	9.15E-03	0.07	1,498.7
Federal waters inside OCS radius	42.50	522.97	168.16	16.60	16.11	14.27	3.77	34,947	1.69	1.45	35,421
TOTAL	59.64	654.95	236.70	22.21	21.55	17.96	5.41	47,926	2.41	1.93	48,560

2026

2026											
Emissions by geographic area	voc	NO _x	co	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	HAPs	CO_2	CH ₄	N ₂ O	CO₂e
South Carolina state waters	1.57	30.74	15.68	1.94	1.88	0.02	0.17	2,164.3	0.28	0.06	2,190.1
Texas state waters	1.34E-02	0.35	0.03	4.96E-03	4.81E-03	1.06E-02	1.18E-03	17.3	1.07E-04	8.30E-04	17.5
Albany County, NY	0.02	0.43	0.22	0.03	0.03	2.89E-04	2.32E-03	30.5	3.98E-03	8.85E-04	30.9
Greene County, NY	0.05	0.95	0.48	0.06	0.06	6.31E-04	5.06E-03	66.6	8.69E-03	1.93E-03	67.4
Ulster County, NY	0.07	1.40	0.71	0.09	0.08	9.32E-04	7.47E-03	98.3	1.28E-02	2.85E-03	99.5
Orange County, NY	0.04	0.75	0.38	0.05	0.05	5.01E-04	4.02E-03	52.8	6.89E-03	1.53E-03	53.5
Rockland County, NY	0.05	0.90	0.46	0.06	0.05	6.01E-04	4.82E-03	63.4	8.27E-03	1.84E-03	64.2
Bergen County, NJ	0.03	0.53	0.27	0.03	0.03	3.53E-04	2.83E-03	37.3	4.86E-03	1.08E-03	37.7
Hudson County, NJ	0.02	0.31	0.16	0.02	0.02	2.09E-04	1.67E-03	22.0	2.87E-03	6.38E-04	22.3
Rensselaer County, NY	0.02	0.43	0.22	0.03	0.03	2.84E-04	2.28E-03	29.9	3.91E-03	8.68E-04	30.3
Columbia County, NY	0.05	1.08	0.55	0.07	0.07	7.23E-04	5.80E-03	76.3	9.96E-03	2.21E-03	77.2
Dutchess County, NY	0.08	1.66	0.85	0.10	0.10	1.11E-03	8.90E-03	117.1	0.02	3.40E-03	118.5
Putnam County, NY	0.02	0.34	0.17	0.02	0.02	2.28E-04	1.83E-03	24.1	3.14E-03	6.98E-04	24.4
Westchester County, NY	0.06	1.13	0.57	0.07	0.07	7.51E-04	6.02E-03	79.3	1.03E-02	2.30E-03	80.2
Bronx County, NY	4.62E-03	0.09	0.05	5.71E-03	5.54E-03	6.12E-05	4.91E-04	6.5	8.42E-04	1.87E-04	6.5
New York County, NY	0.03	0.54	0.27	0.03	0.03	3.59E-04	2.88E-03	37.9	4.94E-03	1.10E-03	38.3
Kings County, NY	0.72	10.59	5.09	0.40	0.38	0.14	0.11	1,310.6	0.09	0.04	1,323.6
Queens County, NY	0.14	3.32	0.95	0.12	0.11	0.05	1.37E-02	198.6	0.02	7.37E-03	201.2
Monmouth County, NJ	0.13	2.97	0.85	0.10	0.10	0.05	1.23E-02	175.8	1.35E-02	6.53E-03	178.1
Nassau County, NY	7.55E-03	0.10	2.32E-03	2.26E-03	2.26E-03	5.96E-03	1.95E-04	18.8	5.37E-04	6.22E-04	19.0
Federal waters outside OCS radius	1.62	37.72	9.49	1.26	1.22	0.70	0.16	2,165.6	0.14	0.08	2,194.2
Federal waters inside OCS radius	92.61	2,268.05	534.58	65.29	63.33	44.44	8.81	128,403	7.86	5.08	130,113
TOTAL	97.35	2,364.38	572.05	69.77	67.68	45.43	9.33	135,196	8.50	5.30	136,988

Phase 2 Summary 7 of 57 Empire COP emissions 05-02-22.xlsx

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2) - AIR EMISSION CALCULATIONS Table K-1-3. EW 2 Emission Summary

2027

Emissions by geographic area	voc	NO _x	со	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	HAPs	CO2	CH₄	N ₂ O	CO ₂ e
South Carolina state waters	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Texas state waters	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Albany County, NY	0.09	1.73	0.88	0.11	0.10	1.16E-03	9.28E-03	122.1	0.02	3.54E-03	123.6
Greene County, NY	0.19	3.79	1.93	0.24	0.23	2.53E-03	0.02	266.5	0.03	7.73E-03	269.7
Ulster County, NY	0.28	5.59	2.85	0.35	0.34	3.73E-03	0.03	393.4	0.05	1.14E-02	398.0
Orange County, NY	0.15	3.00	1.53	0.19	0.18	2.00E-03	0.02	211.4	0.03	6.13E-03	213.9
Rockland County, NY	0.18	3.60	1.84	0.22	0.22	2.40E-03	0.02	253.6	0.03	7.35E-03	256.6
Bergen County, NJ	0.11	2.12	1.08	0.13	0.13	1.41E-03	1.13E-02	149.1	0.02	4.32E-03	150.9
Hudson County, NJ	0.06	1.25	0.64	0.08	0.08	8.35E-04	6.69E-03	88.1	1.15E-02	2.55E-03	89.1
Rensselaer County, NY	0.09	1.70	0.87	0.11	0.10	1.13E-03	9.10E-03	119.8	0.02	3.47E-03	121.2
Columbia County, NY	0.22	4.34	2.21	0.27	0.26	2.89E-03	0.02	305.3	0.04	8.85E-03	308.9
Dutchess County, NY	0.34	6.65	3.40	0.41	0.40	4.44E-03	0.04	468.5	0.06	1.36E-02	474.1
Putnam County, NY	0.07	1.37	0.70	0.09	0.08	9.12E-04	7.32E-03	96.3	1.26E-02	2.79E-03	97.4
Westchester County, NY	0.23	4.50	2.30	0.28	0.27	3.00E-03	0.02	317.0	0.04	9.19E-03	320.8
Bronx County, NY	0.02	0.37	0.19	0.02	0.02	2.45E-04	1.96E-03	25.8	3.37E-03	7.49E-04	26.1
New York County, NY	0.11	2.15	1.10	0.13	0.13	1.44E-03	1.15E-02	151.5	0.02	4.39E-03	153.3
Kings County, NY	1.74	32.06	12.16	0.98	0.95	0.56	0.23	3,070.3	0.21	0.10	3,104.0
Queens County, NY	0.46	11.07	3.11	0.31	0.30	0.21	0.04	693.5	0.05	0.03	702.6
Monmouth County, NJ	0.41	9.93	2.80	0.28	0.27	0.19	0.04	618.0	0.04	0.02	626.2
Nassau County, NY	0.28	2.05	1.16	0.07	0.07	1.44E-02	2.64E-03	267.9	1.04E-02	3.13E-03	1,098.4
Federal waters outside OCS radius	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Federal waters inside OCS radius	90.53	2,147.87	600.96	66.24	64.25	39.27	8.64	130,852	9.22	4.98	134,665
TOTAL	95.54	2,245.15	641.70	70.50	68.38	40.27	9.18	138,470	9.91	5.21	143,200

2028 Onward (O&M)

Emissions by geographic area	voc	NO _x	co	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	HAPs	CO2	CH₄	N ₂ O	CO ₂ e
Kings County, NY	0.16	2.92	2.78	0.08	0.07	6.84E-03	0.02	519.8	0.06	1.30E-02	525.1
Queens County, NY	0.04	1.02	0.93	0.02	0.02	2.08E-03	3.58E-03	128.9	0.02	3.76E-03	130.4
Monmouth County, NJ	0.03	0.92	0.83	0.02	0.02	1.87E-03	3.23E-03	116.0	0.01	3.39E-03	117.4
Nassau County, NY	0.26	1.85	1.16	0.07	0.06	2.18E-03	2.24E-03	229.5	9.31E-03	1.86E-03	1,059.7
Federal waters outside OCS radius	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Federal waters inside OCS radius	12.52	295.10	142.24	7.93	7.69	4.40	1.15	24,841	2.36	0.84	27,250
TOTAL	13.01	301.83	147.93	8.12	7.88	4.41	1.18	25,835	2.46	0.87	29,083

Phase 2 Summary 8 of 57 Empire COP emissions 05-02-22.xlsx

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2) - AIR EMISSION CALCULATIONS Table K-1-4. Decommissioning Emission Summary

Decommissioning of EW 1 and EW 2

Emissions by geographic area	voc	NO _x	со	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	HAPs	CO2	CH ₄	N ₂ O	CO₂e
South Carolina state waters	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Texas state waters	1.07E-02	0.28	2.36E-02	3.97E-03	3.85E-03	8.50E-03	9.46E-04	13.8	8.57E-05	6.64E-04	14.0
Albany County, NY	0.04	0.71	0.36	0.04	0.04	4.73E-04	3.79E-03	49.9	6.50E-03	1.45E-03	50.5
Greene County, NY	0.08	1.55	0.79	0.10	0.09	1.03E-03	8.27E-03	108.8	1.42E-02	3.15E-03	110.1
Ulster County, NY	0.12	2.28	1.16	0.14	0.14	1.52E-03	1.22E-02	160.6	0.02	4.66E-03	162.5
Orange County, NY	0.06	1.23	0.63	0.08	0.07	8.18E-04	6.56E-03	86.3	1.13E-02	2.50E-03	87.3
Rockland County, NY	0.07	1.47	0.75	0.09	0.09	9.81E-04	7.87E-03	103.6	1.35E-02	3.00E-03	104.8
Bergen County, NJ	0.04	0.86	0.44	0.05	0.05	5.77E-04	4.63E-03	60.9	7.94E-03	1.77E-03	61.6
Hudson County, NJ	0.03	0.51	0.26	0.03	0.03	3.41E-04	2.73E-03	36.0	4.69E-03	1.04E-03	36.4
Rensselaer County, NY	0.04	0.69	0.35	0.04	0.04	4.63E-04	3.72E-03	48.9	6.38E-03	1.42E-03	49.5
Columbia County, NY	0.09	1.77	0.90	0.11	0.11	1.18E-03	9.47E-03	124.7	0.02	3.61E-03	126.1
Dutchess County, NY	0.14	2.72	1.39	0.17	0.16	1.81E-03	1.45E-02	191.3	0.02	5.55E-03	193.6
Putnam County, NY	0.03	0.56	0.28	0.03	0.03	3.73E-04	2.99E-03	39.3	5.13E-03	1.14E-03	39.8
Westchester County, NY	0.09	1.84	0.94	0.11	0.11	1.23E-03	9.84E-03	129.5	0.02	3.75E-03	131.0
Bronx County, NY	7.55E-03	0.15	0.08	9.32E-03	9.04E-03	1.00E-04	8.02E-04	10.5	1.38E-03	3.06E-04	10.7
New York County, NY	0.04	0.88	0.45	0.05	0.05	5.86E-04	4.70E-03	61.9	8.07E-03	1.79E-03	62.6
Kings County, NY	2.62	62.08	16.94	1.76	1.70	1.19	0.26	3,981.3	0.26	0.15	4,032.2
Queens County, NY	1.81	44.79	11.70	1.24	1.20	0.87	0.17	2,690.3	0.18	0.10	2,725.9
Monmouth County, NJ	0.17	4.00	0.95	0.12	0.12	0.08	0.02	226.8	1.40E-02	8.96E-03	229.8
Nassau County, NY	2.21	8.78	8.45	0.55	0.53	0.36	0.21	1,390.2	0.08	0.05	1,406.4
Federal waters outside OCS radius	3.46	91.39	7.62	1.28	1.24	2.75	0.31	4,473.1	0.03	0.21	4,537.7
Federal waters inside OCS radius	66.97	1,468.98	367.07	43.91	42.59	29.86	6.31	85,734	5.21	3.40	86,877
Ozone NAA (NY-NJ-CT)	7.10	125.36		-	-		-	1			-
PM10 NAA (New York County)				0.05	-		-	1			-
CO Maintenance Area (NY-NJ-CT)			39.26	-	-			-			
PM2.5 Maintenance Area (1997 Annual, NY-NJ-CT)		126.59			3.98	2.51					
PM2.5 Maintenance Area (2006 24-hour, NY-NJ-CT)		126.59		-	3.98	2.51	-				-
TOTAL, ALL AREAS	78.12	1,697.51	421.53	49.93	48.44	35.13	7.37	99,722	5.93	3.96	101,050

Note: Decommissioning emissions are estimated to be 20% of offshore construction emissions, except that seabed preparation and wind farm commissioning tasks are assumed not to be required.

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2) - AIR EMISSION CALCULATIONS Table K-1-5. EW 1 Foundation Construction Emissions (Monopile Design)

																								Total Em	issions (Non-	Transit)				
				Emission			Transit	Non-Transit		Transit	Transit	Non-OCS	ocs	Non-Transit	Non-Transit	Transit	Non-Transit	Transit	Non-Transit											
	No. c	of 1. DP	Dimensions (ft)	Factor	Engine	Fuel	assumed fuel	assumed fuel	Assumed fuel	Round	Duration	Operating	Operating	Operating	otal Operatin	Average	Average	Fuel Usage	Fuel Usage	voc	NO _x	co	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	HAPs	CO2	CH₄	N ₂ O	CO₂e
Vessels/Equipment	Engin		length x width x depth	Used	Rating	Туре	rate (kg per	rate (kg per	density (kg/gal)	Trips	(hrs/round	Days	Days	Hours	Hours	load (%)	load (%)	Gallons	Gallons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
ressels, Equipment	per ves		(draft)	(see EFs	(hp)	.,,,,	vessel per day)		acrisity (ng/gar/		trip)	24,5	24,5	(hrs/day)	(hrs)	1000 (70)	1000 (70)	(per vessel)		10.15		101.5	10115		10.13	10.13		10.13	20115	
	F - 100	,	(3.12.14)	worksheet)	()		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,			,			()	(,			(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,											, 1
Helicopter - Twin-Engine Heavy		N/A																												
																														, 1
-Main Engines	s 2			164	1,400	let fuel	N/A		N/A	26	0.5	0	() (0	100%	09	4,092	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Main Installation Vessel		1	661 x 290 x 162 (43)																											
-Main Engines	s 6			3	6,568		86,000	52,000	3.18	1	. 6	0	90	24	4 2,160	31%	199	6,761	1,471,698	6.64	175.24	14.60	2.46	2.39		0.59	8,577.37	0.05		8,701.35
-Main Engines	s 4			3	6,032					1	. 6	0	90	24	4 2,160	31%	199	6		4.06	107.29	8.94	1.51	1.46	3.23	0.36	5,251.45	0.03	0.25	5,327.35
-Main Engines	5 2			3	7,373 [Diesel				1	. 6	0	90	24	4 2,160	31%	199	6		2.48	65.57	5.46	0.92	0.89	1.97	0.22	3,209.22	0.02	0.15	3,255.61
Heavy Transport Vessel 1		3	484 x 138 x 36																											, 1
-Main Engines	s 6			3	6,394	Diesel	55,000	10,000	3.18	4	. 6	0	24	1 24	4 576	41%	79	6 17,296	75,472	0.68	17.85	1.49	0.25	0.24	0.54	0.06	873.75	5.41E-03	0.04	886.37
Heavy Transport Vessel 2		3	484 x 138 x 36																											, !
-Main Engines	s 6			3	6,394	Diesel	55,000	10,000	3.18	4	. 6	0	24	1 24	4 576	41%	79	6 17,296	75,472	0.68	17.85	1.49	0.25	0.24	0.54	0.06	873.75	5.41E-03	0.04	886.37
Heavy Transport Vessel 3		3	484 x 138 x 36																											, 1
-Main Engines	6			3	6,394 I	Diesel	55,000	10,000	3.18	4	. 6	0	24	1 24	4 576	41%	79	4 17,296	75,472	0.68	17.85	1.49	0.25	0.24	0.54	0.06	873.75	5.41E-03	0.04	886.37
Fall Pipe Vessel - Seabed filter layer		1	520 x 118 x 44 (31)																											, 1
-Main Generators	-			3	6,032		50,000	10,000	3.18	12	: 6	0	90	24	2,160				283,019	2.31	60.99	5.08	0.86	0.83		0.20	2,985.05	0.02		
-Aux. Generator				2	1,609					12	: 6	0	90	24	4 2,160	72%	149	6		0.21	4.02	2.05	0.25	0.25	2.69E-03	0.02	283.37	0.04	8.21E-03	286.75
-Emergency Generator	r 1			1	660 I	Diesel				C	(0	() (0	0%	09	6		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fall Pipe Vessel - Scour protection		1	520 x 118 x 44 (31)																											, 1
-Main Generators				3	6,032		50,000	10,000	3.18	12	: 6	0	90	24	2,160	72%			283,019	2.31	60.99	5.08	0.86	0.83		0.20	2,985.05	0.02		
-Aux. Generator				2	1,609					12	€	0	90	24	2,160	72%	149	6		0.21	4.02	2.05	0.25	0.25	2.69E-03	0.02	283.37	0.04	8.21E-03	286.75
-Emergency Generator	r 1			1	660 [Diesel				C	C	0	() (0	0%	09	6		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Anchor Handling Tug		1	236 x 59 x 27 (24)																											, 1
-Main Engines	5 4			2	4,021	Diesel	42,000	10,000	3.18	13	9	0	90) 24	1 2,160	68%	169	64,387	283,019	2.31	45.24	23.08	2.86	2.77	0.03	0.25	3,185.21	0.42	0.09	3,223.11
Bubble Curtain Vessel		N/A	150 x 36 x 10																											, 1
_ Main Engines				1	750 [4,000	4,000	3.18	3	9	0	90	24	2,160	64%			113,208	0.36	12.98	6.62	0.34	0.33		0.04	913.98	0.12		924.85
-Aux. Generator				1	133 [3	9	0	90) 24	2,160					0.03	1.15	0.59	0.03	0.03		3.18E-03	81.04	1.06E-02		
-Bow Thruster Engine				1	325 [1		C	٥	0	90	24	2,160	0%	509			0.08	2.81	1.43	0.07	0.07		7.78E-03	198.03	0.03	5.74E-03	
-Aux. Engine	1			1	133 [Diesel				C	0	0	90) 24	4 2,160	0%	509	6		0.03	1.15	0.59	0.03	0.03	7.68E-04	3.18E-03	81.04	1.06E-02	2.35E-03	82.00
Crew Transfer Vessel 1		N/A	65 x 17 x 5																											, 1
-Main Engines				1	1,000		5,000	4,000	3.18	13	9	0	90	24	2,160	63%			113,208	0.49	17.62	8.99	0.46	0.45		0.05	1,240.82	0.16		1,255.58
-Main Generators	5 2			1	27 [Diesel		1		13	9	0	90) 24	4 2,160	63%	519	0		1.30E-02	0.47	0.24	1.24E-02	1.21E-02	3.15E-04	1.31E-03	33.27	4.34E-03	9.64E-04	
																	TOTAL	S 230,546	2,773,585	23.55	613.11	89.29	11.67	11.32	15.80	2.14	31,929.51	0.98	1.41	32,374.90

- 1. Emission calculations provided in this assessment are based on development of up to 57 wind turbine locations for EW 1.
 2. Transit emissions are based on an assumed vessel speed of 6 knots for tugs and barges (and 10 knots for all other vessel types), and the following one-way travel distances:
- South Brooklyn Marine Terminal to center of OCS lease area: 43.5 nm (Kings: 7.8 nm; Queens: 3 nm; Monmouth: 2.7 nm; OCS radius: 30 nm)
 Overseas port to center of OCS lease area: 30.0 nm (only includes portion of transit within 25 nm of the OCS lease area)
- 3. The number of transits for each vessel are based on the following assumptions:
- 4 round trips to/from overseas port for each heavy lift transport vessel.

 1 round trip to/from overseas port for the heavy lift installation vessel.
- 12 round trips to/from overseas port for each fall pipe vessel (based on assumed capacity to treat 5 foundations per cargo).
- Weekly round trips to/from port for the anchor handling tug and crew transfer vessel.
- Monthly round trips to/from port for bubble curtain vessel.
- 4. Helicopter transit emissions assume two round trips per week, with a duration of 30 minutes per round trip, based on travel from JFK Int'l Airport (30 mi one-way distance, 1.5 mi over Queens County, 8.5 mi over Nassau County, and 20 mi inside OCS radius).

 5. The specific vessels for each operation have not been finalized at this time; however, the vessels identified for each installation activity are typical sizes for performing this effort.

 6. Default emission factors for marine vessel engines are from ICF International report to the US EPA "Current Methodologies in Preparing Mobile Source Port-Related Emissions Inventories", April 2009.
- 7. For vessels known to be subject to EPA Tier 3 or Tier 4, the appropriate emission standards from 40 CFR 1042 may be used for NOx, CO, HC, and PM, based on the engine's power rating, displacement, and model year.
- 8. HAP emission factors for commercial marine vessels were determined using the methodology identified by US EPA for the latest (2017) National Emissions Inventory (NEI); i.e., they are calculated as percentages of the PM_{2.5} or VOC emissions from the CMVs. The HAP emissions for nonroad engines were based on EPA's AP-42 Volume 1, Chapters 3.3 and 3.4 for small and large diesel engines. (see HAP emission factor summary pages)
- 9. Average load factors for vessel engines were estimated based on typical daily fuel use rates provided by the project. 10. CO₂e emission rates use the following carbon equivalence factors: 25 for CH₄, and 298 for N₂O.

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2) - AIR EMISSION CALCULATIONS Table K-1-5. EW 1 Foundation Construction Emissions (Monopile Design)

																								Total Er	nissions (T	ransit)				
				Emission			Transit	Non-Transit		Transit	Transit	Non-OCS	ocs	Non-Transit N	on-Transit	Transit	Non-Transit	Transit	Non-Transit											-
		lo. of 1. DP	Dimensions (ft)	Factor	Engine	Fuel	assumed fuel		Assumed fuel	Round	Duration	Operating	Operating	Operating of		Average	Average	Fuel Usage	Fuel Usage	voc	NO _x	со	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	HAPs	CO2	CH₄	N ₂ O	CO₂e
Vessels/Equipment					Rating										. 1	load (%)	load (%)	Gallons										-		
vessels/Equipment		ngines 2.Anchore	d length x width x depth (draft)	Used		Туре	rate (kg per	rate (kg per d vessel per dav)	density (kg/gal)	irips	(hrs/round	Days	Days	Hours	Hours	10ad (%)	10ad (%)		Gallons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
	per	r vessel 3.Spuds	(draft)	(see EFs worksheet)	(hp)		vessel per day)	vessei per day)			trip)			(hrs/day)	(hrs)			(per vessel)	(per vessel)											
Helicopter - Twin-Engine Heavy		N/A		worksneet)																										
3		,																												
-Main Eng	ines	2		164	1,400	Jet fuel	N/A		N/A	A 26	0.5	(0	0	0	100%	0%	4,092	0	0.02	0.23	5.33E-03	5.20E-03	5.20E-03	1.37E-02	4.50E-04	43.16	1.24E-03	1.43E-03	43.62
Main Installation Vessel		1	661 x 290 x 162 (43)																											
-Main Eng	ines	6		3		Diesel	86,000	52,000	3.18	3	1 6		90	24	2,160	31%	19%	6,761	1,471,698	0.03	0.81	0.07	1.13E-02	1.10E-02	0.02	2.69E-03	39.40	2.44E-04	1.89E-03	
-Main Eng	ines	4		3	6,032	Diesel				1	1 6		90	24	2,160	31%	19%			0.02	0.49	0.04	6.92E-03	6.71E-03	1.48E-02	1.65E-03	24.13	1.49E-04	1.16E-03	24.47
-Main Eng	ines	2		3	7,373	Diesel				1	1 6		90	24	2,160	31%	19%			1.14E-02	0.30	0.03	4.23E-03	4.10E-03	9.05E-03	1.01E-03	14.74	9.13E-05	7.07E-04	14.96
Heavy Transport Vessel 1		3	484 x 138 x 36																											
-Main Eng	ines	6		3	6,394	Diesel	55,000	10,000	3.18	3 4	1 6		24	24	576	41%	7%	17,296	75,472	0.15	4.09	0.34	0.06	0.06	0.12	1.37E-02	200.23	1.24E-03	9.61E-03	203.13
Heavy Transport Vessel 2		3	484 x 138 x 36																											
-Main Eng	ines	6		3	6,394	Diesel	55,000	10,000	3.18	3 4	4 6		24	24	576	41%	7%	17,296	75,472	0.15	4.09	0.34	0.06	0.06	0.12	1.37E-02	200.23	1.24E-03	9.61E-03	203.13
Heavy Transport Vessel 3		3	484 x 138 x 36																											
-Main Eng	ines	6		3	6,394	Diesel	55,000	10,000	3.18	3 4	4 6		24	24	576	41%	7%	17,296	75,472	0.15	4.09	0.34	0.06	0.06	0.12	1.37E-02	200.23	1.24E-03	9.61E-03	203.13
Fall Pipe Vessel - Seabed filter layer		1	520 x 118 x 44 (31)																											
-Main Genera		3		3		Diesel	50,000	10,000	3.18	3 17	2 6		90	24	2,160			47,170	283,019		10.16	0.85		0.14	0.31	0.03	497.51	3.08E-03	0.02	
-Aux. Gener		1		2		Diesel				12	2 6		90	24	2,160	72%	14%			0.03	0.67	0.34	0.04	0.04	4.48E-04	3.63E-03	47.23	6.16E-03	1.37E-03	47.79
-Emergency Gener	ator	1		1	660	Diesel				(0		0	0	0	0%	0%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fall Pipe Vessel - Scour protection		1	520 x 118 x 44 (31)																											
-Main Genera		3		3	6,032	Diesel	50,000	10,000	3.18	3 17	2 6		90	24	2,160	72%	14%	47,170	283,019	0.39	10.16	0.85	0.14	0.14	0.31	0.03	497.51	3.08E-03	0.02	
-Aux. Gener	ator	1		2	1,609	Diesel				12	2 6		90	24	2,160	72%	14%			0.03	0.67	0.34	0.04	0.04	4.48E-04	3.63E-03	47.23	6.16E-03	1.37E-03	47.79
-Emergency Gener	ator	1		1	660	Diesel				(0		0	0	0	0%	0%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Anchor Handling Tug		1	236 x 59 x 27 (24)																											
-Main Eng	ines	4		2	4,021	Diesel	42,000	10,000	3.18	3 13	3 9		90	24	2,160	68%	16%	64,387	283,019	0.53	10.29	5.25	0.65	0.63	6.87E-03	0.06	724.64	9.45E-02	0.02	733.26
Bubble Curtain Vessel		N/A	150 x 36 x 10																											
_ Main Eng	ines	2		1	750	Diesel	4,000	4,000	3.18	3	3 9		90	24	2,160	64%	50%	1,415	113,208	5.72E-03	0.21	0.11	5.47E-03	5.31E-03	1.39E-04	5.75E-04	14.63	1.91E-03	4.24E-04	14.80
-Aux. Gener	ator	1		1	133	Diesel				3	3 9		90	24	2,160	64%	50%			5.08E-04	0.02	9.40E-03	4.85E-04	4.70E-04	1.23E-05	5.09E-05	1.30	1.69E-04	3.76E-05	1.31
-Bow Thruster En	gine	1		1	325	Diesel					0		90	24	2,160	0%	50%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
-Aux. En	gine	1		1	133	Diesel					0		90	24	2,160	0%	50%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Crew Transfer Vessel 1		N/A	65 x 17 x 5																											
-Main Eng	ines	2		1	1,000	Diesel	5,000	4,000	3.18	3 13	3 9		90	24	2,160	63%	51%	7,665	113,208	0.03	1.19	0.61	0.03	0.03	7.96E-04	3.30E-03	84.01	1.10E-02	2.44E-03	85.01
-Main Genera	tors	2		1		Diesel	1			13	3 9		90	24	2,160	63%	51%	•		8.81E-04	0.03	0.02	8.42E-04	8.17E-04	2.13E-05	8.85E-05	2.25	2.94E-04	6.53E-05	
			•		•							,					TOTALS	230 546	2,773,585	1.95	47.51	9.53	1.26	1.22	1.05	0.18	2.638.44	0.13	0.11	

- 1. Emission calculations provided in this assessment are based on development of up to 57 wind turbine locations for EW 1.
 2. Transit emissions are based on an assumed vessel speed of 6 knots for tugs and barges (and 10 knots for all other vessel types), and the following one-way travel distances:
- South Brooklyn Marine Terminal to center of OCS lease area: 43.5 nm (Kings: 7.8 nm; Queens: 3 nm; Monmouth: 2.7 nm; OCS radius: 30 nm)
 Overseas port to center of OCS lease area: 30.0 nm (only includes portion of transit within 25 nm of the OCS lease area)
- 3. The number of transits for each vessel are based on the following assumptions:
- 4 round trips to/from overseas port for each heavy lift transport vessel.

 1 round trip to/from overseas port for the heavy lift installation vessel.
- 12 round trips to/from overseas port for each fall pipe vessel (based on assumed capacity to treat 5 foundations per cargo). Weekly round trips to/from port for the anchor handling tug and crew transfer vessel.
- Monthly round trips to/from port for bubble curtain vessel.
- 4. Helicopter transit emissions assume two round trips per week, with a duration of 30 minutes per round trip, based on travel from JFK Int'l Airport (30 mi one-way distance, 1.5 mi over Queens County, 8.5 mi over Nassau County, and 20 mi inside OCS radius).

 5. The specific vessels for each operation have not been finalized at this time; however, the vessels identified for each installation activity are typical sizes for performing this effort.

 6. Default emission factors for marine vessel engines are from ICF International report to the US EPA "Current Methodologies in Preparing Mobile Source Port-Related Emissions Inventories", April 2009.
- 7. For vessels known to be subject to EPA Tier 3 or Tier 4, the appropriate emission standards from 40 CFR 1042 may be used for NOx, CO, HC, and PM, based on the engine's power rating, displacement, and model year.
- 8. HAP emission factors for commercial marine vessels were determined using the methodology identified by US EPA for the latest (2017) National Emissions Inventory (NEI); i.e., they are calculated as percentages of the PM_{2.5} or VOC emissions from the CMVs. The HAP emissions for nonroad engines were based on EPA's AP-42 Volume 1, Chapters 3.3 and 3.4 for small and large diesel engines. (see HAP emission factor summary pages)
 9. Average load factors for vessel engines were estimated based on typical daily fuel use rates provided by the project.

- 10. CO₂e emission rates use the following carbon equivalence factors: 25 for CH₄, and 298 for N₂O.

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2) - AIR EMISSION CALCULATIONS Table K-1-6. EW 2 Foundation Construction Emissions (Monopile Design)

																								Total Em	issions (Non-	Transit)				
				Emission			Transit	Non-Transit		Transit	Transit	Non-OCS	ocs	Non-Transit	Non-Transit	Transit	Non-Transit	Transit	Non-Transit											
	No	o. of 1. DP	Dimensions (ft)	Factor	Engine	Fuel	assumed fuel	assumed fuel	Assumed fuel	Round	Duration	Operating	Operating	Operating	otal Operatin	Average	Average	Fuel Usage	Fuel Usage	voc	NO _x	со	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	HAPs	CO ₂	CH₄	N ₂ O	CO ₂ e
Vessels/Equipment		gines 2.Anchored	length x width x depth	Used	Rating	Туре	rate (kg per	rate (kg per	density (kg/gal)	Trips	(hrs/round	Days	Days	Hours	Hours	load (%)	load (%)	Gallons	Gallons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
vessers/ Equipment		vessel 3.Spuds	(draft)	(see EFs	(hp)	Турс	vessel per day)		ucilisty (kg/gul/	IIIps	trip)	Days	Days	(hrs/day)	(hrs)	loud (70)	1000 (70)	(per vessel)	(per vessel)	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
			(=:=:4)	worksheet)	()		,,,,				,			(,,,	(,			(,, ,	(,,)											
Helicopter - Twin-Engine Heavy		N/A																												
-Main Engine	es .	2		164	1,400	Jet fuel	N/A		N/A	26	0.5	0	0	0	0	100%	0%	6 4,092	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Main Installation Vessel		1	661 x 290 x 162 (43)																											
-Main Engine		6		3	6,568		86,000	52,000	3.18	1	6	0	142	24	3,408	31%	19%	6,761	2,322,013	10.47	276.50	23.04	3.88	3.76	8.31	0.92	13,533.19	0.08	0.65	13,728.79
-Main Engine	es ·	4		3	6,032					1	6	0	142	24	3,408	31%	19%	6		6.41	169.28	14.11	2.38	2.31	5.09	0.57	8,285.63	0.05	0.40	8,405.38
-Main Engine	es :	2		3	7,373	Diesel				1	6	0	142	24	3,408	31%	19%	6		3.92	103.45	8.62	1.45	1.41	3.11	0.35	5,063.44	0.03	0.24	5,136.62
Heavy Transport Vessel 1		3	484 x 138 x 36																											
-Main Engine	es .	6		3	6,394	Diesel	55,000	10,000	3.18	6	6	0	37	24	888	41%	7%	6 25,943	116,352	1.04	27.52	2.29	0.39	0.37	0.83	0.09	1,347.03	8.34E-03	0.06	1,366.49
Heavy Transport Vessel 2		3	484 x 138 x 36																											
-Main Engine	es .	6		3	6,394	Diesel	55,000	10,000	3.18	6	6	0	37	24	888	41%	7%	6 25,943	116,352	1.04	27.52	2.29	0.39	0.37	0.83	0.09	1,347.03	8.34E-03	0.06	1,366.49
Heavy Transport Vessel 3		3	484 x 138 x 36																											
-Main Engine	es	6		3	6,394	Diesel	55,000	10,000	3.18	6	6	0	37	24	888	41%	7%	6 25,943	116,352	1.04	27.52	2.29	0.39	0.37	0.83	0.09	1,347.03	8.34E-03	0.06	1,366.49
Fall Pipe Vessel - Seabed filter layer		1	520 x 118 x 44 (31)																											
-Main Generator	's	3	. ,	3	6,032	Diesel	50,000	10,000	3.18	18	6	0	142	24	3,408	72%	14%	6 70,755	446,541	3.64	96.22	8.02	1.35	1.31	2.89	0.32	4,709.74	0.03	0.23	4,777.81
-Aux. Generato	or	1		2	1,609	Diesel				18	6	0	142	24	3,408	72%	14%	6		0.32	6.35	3.24	0.40	0.39	4.24E-03	0.03	447.10	0.06	1.30E-02	452.42
-Emergency Generato	or	1		1	660	Diesel				0	0	0	0	0	. 0	0%	0%	6		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fall Pipe Vessel - Scour protection		1	520 x 118 x 44 (31)																											
-Main Generator	·s	3		3	6,032	Diesel	50,000	10,000	3.18	18	6	0	142	24	3,408	72%	14%	70,755	446,541	3.64	96.22	8.02	1.35	1.31	2.89	0.32	4,709.74	0.03	0.23	4,777.81
-Aux. Generato	or	1		2	1,609			,,,,,,		18	6	0	142	24	3,408	72%	14%			0.32	6.35	3.24	0.40	0.39	4.24E-03	0.03	447.10	0.06	1.30E-02	452.42
-Emergency Generato	or	1		1		Diesel				0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0%	6		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Anchor Handling Tug		1	236 x 59 x 27 (24)								-	_		-	-					-	_	_			-	_	_	_	_	
-Main Engine	s .		,	2	4,021	Diesel	42,000	10,000	3.18	13	9	0	142	24	3.408	68%	16%	64.387	446,541	3.64	71.38	36.42	4.51	4.37	0.05	0.39	5,025.55	0.66	0.15	5,085.35
Bubble Curtain Vessel	1		150 x 36 x 10	1 -	.,,,,,,		,000	22,000	5.10	10		1			2,700	2570	10/1	2 .,507	,	2.3.	. 2.50				2.33		.,	2.00		2,222.00
_ Main Engine	s	2		1	750	Diesel	4.000	4.000	3.18	3	9	0	142	24	3.408	64%	50%	6 1.415	178,616	0.56	20.48	10.45	0.54	0.52	1.37E-02	0.06	1,442.05	0.19	0.04	1,459.21
-Aux. Generato		1		1		Diesel	1,000	1,000	5.10	3	9	0	142	24	3,408	64%	50%		270,010	0.05	1.82	0.93	0.05	0.05	1.21E-03	5.02E-03	127.86	1.67E-02		129.38
-Bow Thruster Engin		1		1		Diesel				0	ا ا	0	142	24	3,408	0%	50%			0.12	4.44	2.26	0.12	0.11	2.96E-03	1.23E-02	312.44	0.04	9.06E-03	316.16
-Aux. Engin		1		1		Diesel				0	١	0	142	24	3,408	0%	50%			0.05	1.82	0.93	0.05	0.05	1.21E-03	5.02E-03	127.86	1.67E-02		129.38
Crew Transfer Vessel 1		N/A	65 x 17 x 5	1	155	Diese.					Ĭ	Ů	142	24	3,400	070	3070	_		0.03	1.02	0.55	0.03	0.03	2.212.03	5.522 05	127.00	2.072 02	5.712 05	125.50
-Main Engine	is.	2	03 / 1/ // 3	1	1,000	Diesel	5,000	4,000	3.18	12	۵	n	1/17	24	3,408	63%	51%	7,665	178,616	0.77	27.81	14.19	0.73	0.71	1.86E-02	0.08	1,957.74	0.26	0.06	1,981.03
-Main Generator		2		1		Diesel	3,000	4,000	5.10	13	9	0	142	24	3,408	63%	51%		170,010	2.05E-02	0.75	0.38	1.96E-02	1.90E-02	4.97E-04	2.06E-03	52.49	6.85E-03	1.52E-03	53.11
Wall Generator	-	-	1		27	Diese.	1		l	- 13			172	2.7	3,400	0370	TOTALS		4.367.925	37.08	965.42	140.72	18.39	17.83	24.87	3.37	50.283	1.55		50,984

- 1. Emission calculations provided in this assessment are based on development of up to 90 wind turbine locations for EW 2.
 2. Transit emissions are based on an assumed vessel speed of 6 knots for tugs and barges (and 10 knots for all other vessel types), and the following one-way travel distances:
- South Brooklyn Marine Terminal to center of OCS lease area: 43.5 nm (Kings: 7.8 nm; Queens: 3 nm; Monmouth: 2.7 nm; OCS radius: 30 nm)
 Overseas port to center of OCS lease area: 30.0 nm (only includes portion of transit within 25 nm of the OCS lease area)
- 3. The number of transits for each vessel are based on the following assumptions:
- 6 round trips to/from overseas port for each heavy lift transport vessel.

 1 round trip to/from overseas port for the heavy lift installation vessel.
- 18 round trips to/from overseas port for each fall pipe vessel (based on assumed capacity to treat 5 foundations per cargo).
- Weekly round trips to/from port for the anchor handling tug and crew transfer vessel.
- Monthly round trips to/from port for bubble curtain vessel.
- 4. Helicopter transit emissions assume two round trips per week, with a duration of 30 minutes per round trip, based on travel from JFK Int'l Airport (30 mi one-way distance, 1.5 mi over Queens County, 8.5 mi over Nassau County, and 20 mi inside OCS radius).

 5. The specific vessels for each operation have not been finalized at this time; however, the vessels identified for each installation activity are typical sizes for performing this effort.

 6. Default emission factors for marine vessel engines are from ICF International report to the US EPA "Current Methodologies in Preparing Mobile Source Port-Related Emissions Inventories", April 2009.
- 7. For vessels known to be subject to EPA Tier 3 or Tier 4, the appropriate emission standards from 40 CFR 1042 may be used for NOx, CO, HC, and PM, based on the engine's power rating, displacement, and model year.
- 8. HAP emission factors for commercial marine vessels were determined using the methodology identified by US EPA for the latest (2017) National Emissions Inventory (NEI); i.e., they are calculated as percentages of the PM_{2.5} or VOC emissions from the CMVs. The HAP emissions for nonroad engines were based on EPA's AP-42 Volume 1, Chapters 3.3 and 3.4 for small and large diesel engines. (see HAP emission factor summary pages)
 9. Average load factors for vessel engines were estimated based on typical daily fuel use rates provided by the project.
- 10. CO₂e emission rates use the following carbon equivalence factors: 25 for CH₄, and 298 for N₂O.

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2) - AIR EMISSION CALCULATIONS Table K-1-6. EW 2 Foundation Construction Emissions (Monopile Design)

																								Total E	missions (Tr	ansit)				
				Emission			Transit	Non-Transit		Transit	Transit	Non-OCS	ocs	Non-Transit	Non-Transit	Transit	Non-Transit	Transit	Non-Transit											
	No. of	1. DP	Dimensions (ft)	Factor	Engine	Fuel	assumed fuel	assumed fuel	Assumed fuel	Round	Duration	Operating	Operating	Operating	otal Operatin	Average	Average	Fuel Usage	Fuel Usage	voc	NOx	со	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	HAPs	CO2	CH₄	N ₂ O	CO ₂ e
Vessels/Equipment	Engines	2.Anchored	length x width x depth	Used	Rating	Туре	rate (kg per	rate (kg per	density (kg/gal)	Trips	(hrs/round	Days	Days	Hours	Hours	load (%)	load (%)	Gallons	Gallons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
ressers, Equipment	per vesse		(draft)	(see EFs	(hp)	.,,,,	vessel per day)		acrisity (iig/gai/	ps	trip)	Days	Days	(hrs/day)	(hrs)	1000 (70)	1000 (70)	(per vessel)		101.5	10115	10115	10.13	10113	10115	10115		105	10113	10115
	p =		(4.2.4)	worksheet)	()		,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			,			()	()			(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,									, 1		l
Helicopter - Twin-Engine Heavy		N/A																												
																												1		l
-Main Engines	2			164	1,400 J	let fuel	N/A		N/A	26	0.5	0	0	C	0	100%	09	4,092	0	0.02	0.23	5.33E-03	5.20E-03	5.20E-03	1.37E-02	4.50E-04	43.16	1.24E-03	1.43E-03	43.62
Main Installation Vessel		1	661 x 290 x 162 (43)																									1		l
-Main Engines	6			3	6,568		86,000	52,000	3.18	1	6	0	142	24	3,408	31%	19%	6,761	2,322,013	0.03	0.81	0.07	1.13E-02	1.10E-02	0.02	2.69E-03	39.40			39.97
-Main Engines	4			3	6,032					1	6	0	142	24	3,408	31%	19%	6		0.02	0.49	0.04	6.92E-03	6.71E-03	1.48E-02	1.65E-03	24.13	1.49E-04	1.16E-03	24.47
-Main Engines	2			3	7,373 [Diesel				1	6	0	142	24	3,408	31%	19%	6		1.14E-02	0.30	0.03	4.23E-03	4.10E-03	9.05E-03	1.01E-03	14.74	9.13E-05	7.07E-04	14.96
Heavy Transport Vessel 1		3	484 x 138 x 36																									1		l
-Main Engines	6			3	6,394	Diesel	55,000	10,000	3.18	6	6	0	37	24	888	41%	79	6 25,943	116,352	0.23	6.14	0.51	0.09	0.08	0.18	2.05E-02	300.35	1.86E-03	1.44E-02	304.69
Heavy Transport Vessel 2		3	484 x 138 x 36																									, ,		l
-Main Engines	6			3	6,394	Diesel	55,000	10,000	3.18	6	6	0	37	24	888	41%	79	6 25,943	116,352	0.23	6.14	0.51	0.09	0.08	0.18	2.05E-02	300.35	1.86E-03	1.44E-02	304.69
Heavy Transport Vessel 3		3	484 x 138 x 36																									1		l
-Main Engines	6			3	6,394 [Diesel	55,000	10,000	3.18	6	6	0	37	24	888	41%	79	6 25,943	116,352	0.23	6.14	0.51	0.09	0.08	0.18	2.05E-02	300.35	1.86E-03	1.44E-02	304.69
Fall Pipe Vessel - Seabed filter layer		1	520 x 118 x 44 (31)																									1		l
-Main Generators	_			3	6,032		50,000	10,000	3.18	18	6	0	142	24	3,408	72%			446,541	0.58	15.25	1.27	0.21	0.21	0.46	0.05	746.26			757.05
-Aux. Generator				2	1,609					18	6	0	142	24	3,408	72%	149	6		0.05	1.01	0.51	0.06	0.06	6.71E-04	5.45E-03	70.84	9.24E-03	2.05E-03	71.69
-Emergency Generator	1			1	660 [Diesel				0	C	0	0	C	0	0%	0%	6		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fall Pipe Vessel - Scour protection		1	520 x 118 x 44 (31)																									1		l
-Main Generators				3	6,032		50,000	10,000	3.18	18	6	0	142	24	3,408	72%		., .,	446,541	0.58	15.25	1.27	0.21	0.21	0.46	0.05	746.26	4.62E-03		757.05
-Aux. Generator				2	1,609					18	6	0	142	24	3,408	72%	149	6		0.05	1.01	0.51	0.06	0.06	6.71E-04	5.45E-03	70.84	9.24E-03	2.05E-03	71.69
-Emergency Generator	1			1	660 [Diesel				0	0	0	0	C	0	0%	0%	6		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Anchor Handling Tug		1	236 x 59 x 27 (24)																									1		l
-Main Engines	4			2	4,021	Diesel	42,000	10,000	3.18	13	9	0	142	24	3,408	68%	16%	64,387	446,541	0.53	10.29	5.25	0.65	0.63	6.87E-03	0.06	724.64	9.45E-02	0.02	733.26
Bubble Curtain Vessel		N/A	150 x 36 x 10	1	1 1			1						1																ļ
_ Main Engines				1	750		4,000	4,000	3.18	3	9	0	142	24	3,408	64%	50%		178,616	5.72E-03	0.21		5.47E-03	5.31E-03	1.39E-04	5.75E-04	14.63	1.91E-03		14.80
-Aux. Generator				1	133 [3	9	0	142	24	3,408	64%				5.08E-04	0.02	9.40E-03	4.85E-04	4.70E-04	1.23E-05	5.09E-05	1.30	1.69E-04	3.76E-05	1.31
-Bow Thruster Engine				1	325					0	0	0	142	24	3,408	0%	50%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ı ol	0	ol
-Aux. Engine	1			1	133 [Diesel				0	0	0	142	24	3,408	0%	50%	6		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Crew Transfer Vessel 1		N/A	65 x 17 x 5		1 1																							, 1		I.
-Main Engines				1	1,000		5,000	4,000	3.18	13	9	0	142	24	3,408	63%			178,616	0.03	1.19		0.03	0.03	7.96E-04	3.30E-03	84.01	1.10E-02		85.01
-Main Generators	2			1	27 [Diesel				13	9	0	142	24	3,408	63%	519	0		8.81E-04	0.03	0.02	8.42E-04	8.17E-04	2.13E-05	8.85E-05	2.25	2.94E-04	6.53E-05	2.28
																	TOTAL	S 303,659	4,367,925	2.60	64.48	11.23	1.53	1.48	1.54	0.24	3,484	0.14	0.15	3,531

- 1. Emission calculations provided in this assessment are based on development of up to 90 wind turbine locations for EW 2.
 2. Transit emissions are based on an assumed vessel speed of 6 knots for tugs and barges (and 10 knots for all other vessel types), and the following one-way travel distances:
- South Brooklyn Marine Terminal to center of OCS lease area: 43.5 nm (Kings: 7.8 nm; Queens: 3 nm; Monmouth: 2.7 nm; OCS radius: 30 nm)
 Overseas port to center of OCS lease area: 30.0 nm (only includes portion of transit within 25 nm of the OCS lease area)
- 3. The number of transits for each vessel are based on the following assumptions:
- 6 round trips to/from overseas port for each heavy lift transport vessel.

 1 round trip to/from overseas port for the heavy lift installation vessel.
- 18 round trips to/from overseas port for each fall pipe vessel (based on assumed capacity to treat 5 foundations per cargo). Weekly round trips to/from port for the anchor handling tug and crew transfer vessel.
- Monthly round trips to/from port for bubble curtain vessel.
- 4. Helicopter transit emissions assume two round trips per week, with a duration of 30 minutes per round trip, based on travel from JFK Int'l Airport (30 mi one-way distance, 1.5 mi over Queens County, 8.5 mi over Nassau County, and 20 mi inside OCS radius).

 5. The specific vessels for each operation have not been finalized at this time; however, the vessels identified for each installation activity are typical sizes for performing this effort.

 6. Default emission factors for marine vessel engines are from ICF International report to the US EPA "Current Methodologies in Preparing Mobile Source Port-Related Emissions Inventories", April 2009.
- 7. For vessels known to be subject to EPA Tier 3 or Tier 4, the appropriate emission standards from 40 CFR 1042 may be used for NOx, CO, HC, and PM, based on the engine's power rating, displacement, and model year.
- 8. HAP emission factors for commercial marine vessels were determined using the methodology identified by US EPA for the latest (2017) National Emissions Inventory (NEI); i.e., they are calculated as percentages of the PM_{2.5} or VOC emissions from the CMVs. The HAP emissions for nonroad engines were based on EPA's AP-42 Volume 1, Chapters 3.3 and 3.4 for small and large diesel engines. (see HAP emission factor summary pages)
 9. Average load factors for vessel engines were estimated based on typical daily fuel use rates provided by the project.

- 10. CO₂e emission rates use the following carbon equivalence factors: 25 for CH₄, and 298 for N₂O.

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2) - AIR EMISSION CALCULATIONS Table K-1-7. EW 1 Offshore Substation Topside and Foundation Installation Emissions

																								Total Em	nissions (Nor	-Transit)				
				Emission			Transit	Non-Transit		Transit	Transit	Non-OCS	ocs		Non-Transit		Non-Transit		Non-Transit											
	No. of	1. DP	Dimensions (ft)	Factor	Engine	Fuel	assumed fuel	assumed fuel	Assumed fuel	Round	Duration	Operating	Operating	Operating	otal Operation	Average	Average	Fuel Usage	Fuel Usage	voc	NO _X	со	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	HAPs	CO ₂	CH ₄	N ₂ O	CO₂e
Vessels/Equipment	Engines	2.Anchored	length x width x depth	Used	Rating	Type	rate (kg per	rate (kg per	density (kg/gal)	Trips	(hrs/round	Days	Days	Hours	Hours	load (%)	load (%)	Gallons	Gallons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
	per vessel	3.Spuds	(draft)	(see EFs	(hp)		vessel per day)	vessel per day)			trip)			(hrs/day)	(hrs)			(per vessel)	(per vessel)											
				worksheet)																										
Heavy Transport Vessel (OSS Jacket)		3	484 x 138 x 36																											
-Main Engines	6			3	6,394	Diesel	38,000	15,000	3.18	1	200	0	7	7 2	168	28%	11%	99,581	33,019	0.30	7.81	0.65	0.11	0.11	0.23	0.03	382.26	2.37E-03	0.02	387.79
Heavy Transport Vessel (OSS Topside)		3	484 x 138 x 36																											
-Main Engines	6			3	6,394	Diesel	38,000	15,000	3.18	1	200	0	8	3 2	192	28%	11%	99,581	37,736	0.34	8.93	0.74	0.13	0.12	0.27	0.03	436.87	2.70E-03	0.02	443.19
Heavy Lift Vessel - Jacket/topside installation		1	661 x 290 x 162 (43)																											
-Main Engines	6			3	6,568		86,000	52,000	3.18	1	6	0	15	5 24	360	31%		6,761	245,283	1.11	29.21	2.43		0.40		0.10	1,429.56			1,450.22
-Main Engines	4			3	6,032					1	6	0	15	5 24	360	31%	19%			0.68	17.88	1.49		0.24		0.06	875.24	5.42E-03		887.89
-Main Engines	2			3	7,373	Diesel				1	6	0	15	5 24	360	31%	19%			0.41	10.93	0.91	0.15	0.15	0.33	0.04	534.87	3.31E-03	0.03	542.60
Fall Pipe Vessel - Scour protection		1	520 x 118 x 44 (31)																											
-Main Generators	3			3	6,032		50,000	10,000	3.18	1	6	0	4	1 2	96	72%	14%	3,931	12,579	0.10	2.71	0.23	0.04	0.04		9.07E-03	132.67	8.21E-04		134.59
-Aux. Generator	1			2	1,609					1	6	0	4	1 2	96	72%	14%			9.13E-03	0.18	0.09	1.13E-02	1.10E-02	1.19E-04	9.69E-04	12.59	1.64E-03	3.65E-04	12.74
-Emergency Generator	1			1	660	Diesel				0	0	0) c) ((0%	0%			0	0	0	0	C	0	0	0	0	0	(
Tug 1 for OSS Jacket		N/A	146 x 46 x 25 (21)																											
-Main Engines	2			2	5,440	Diesel	25,000	6,300	3.18	1	9	0	7	7 2	168	60%	14%	2,948	13,868	0.11	2.13	1.09	0.13	0.13	1.42E-03	1.15E-02	149.80	0.02	4.34E-03	151.58
-Harbor Generator	1			1	456	Diesel				1	0	0	7	7 2	168	0%	14%			2.46E-03	0.09	0.05	2.35E-03	2.28E-03	5.95E-05	2.46E-04	6.28	8.18E-04	1.82E-04	6.35
-Emergency Generator	1			1	168	Diesel				1	Ö	0	o c) ((0%	0%			0	0	0	0	C	0	Ō	0	0	0	(
Tug 2 for OSS Jacket		N/A	146 x 46 x 25 (21)																											
-Main Engines	2			2	5,440	Diesel	25,000	6,300	3.18	1	9	0	7	7 2	168	60%	14%	2,948	13,868	0.11	2.13	1.09	0.13	0.13	1.42E-03	1.15E-02	149.80	0.02	4.34E-03	151.58
-Harbor Generator	1			1	456	Diesel	·			1	0	0	7	7 2	168	0%	14%	-		2.46E-03	0.09	0.05	2.35E-03	2.28E-03		2.46E-04	6.28	8.18E-04	1.82E-04	6.35
-Emergency Generator	1			1	168	Diesel				1	0	0) c) ((0%	0%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(
Bubble Curtain Vessel		N/A	150 x 36 x 10																											
_ Main Engines	2			1	750 [Diesel	4,000	4,000	3.18	1	9	0	7	7 2	168	64%	50%	472	8,805	0.03	1.01	0.52	0.03	0.03	6.74E-04	2.79E-03	71.09	9.27E-03	2.06E-03	71.93
-Aux. Generator	1			1	133 [,,,,,,	,,,,,,	1	1	9	0	1 7	7 2	168	64%	50%		0,222	2.47E-03	0.09	0.05		2.29E-03		2.48E-04	6.30			6.38
-Bow Thruster Engine	1			1	325 [1	0	0		l ,	7 2	168	0%	50%			6.03E-03	0.22	0.11	5.76E-03	5.59E-03		6.05E-04	15.40	2.01E-03	4.46E-04	15.59
-Aux. Engine	1			1	133 [0		0	i -	7 2	168	0%	50%			2.47F-03	0.09	0.05		2.29E-03		2.48F-04	6.30			6.38
OSS Installation Generator Engine				-	255							ľ	·		100	0,0	30%			2.172 03	5.55	3.03	2.552 05	2.232 00	5.57.2 05	202 04	5.50	3.222 04	2.002 04	3.30
oss instandant cenerator Engine	1	N/A	N/A	255	67 [Diesel	235		3 18	0	0	0	15	5 2	360	0%	100%	0	1 108	1.15E-02	0.08	0.10	5.96E-04	5.78E-04	2.98E-05	2.92E-04	3 24	1.31E-04	2.63E-05	3 20
OSS Commissioning Generator Engine			1975	255	0, 1	o icoci	255		5.10						300	070	10070		1,100	1.130 02	0.00	0.10	3.30L 04	3.70L 0-	2.302 03	2.522 04	3.27	1.512 04	2.332 03	3.2.
oss commissioning denerator Engine	1	N/A	N/A	2	670	Diesel	2,350		3.18	n	n	n	200	2.	4.800	0%	91%	n	147.799	1.21	23.62	12.05	1.49	1.45	1.58E-02	0.13	1,663.39	0.22	0.05	1,683.18
<u> </u>		,	1-9		570		2,330	1	3.10				200	-1	.,000	. 070	TOTALS	216,221		4.42	107.19	21.68		2.82		0.42	5.881.95	0.30		

- Notes:

 1. Emission calculations provided in this assessment are based on development of up to 147 wind turbine locations.

 2. Transit emissions are based on an assumed vessel speed of 6 knots for tugs and barges (and 10 knots for all other vessel types), and the following one-way travel distances:

 Texas port to center of OCS lease area: 2,000 nm (30 nm in TX state waters, 1,940 nm in non-OCS federal waters, and 30 nm within OCS radius)

 South Brooklyn Marine Terminal to center of OCS lease area: 43.5 nm (Kings: 7.8 nm; Queens: 3 nm; Monmouth: 2.7 nm; OCS radius: 30 nm)

 Overseas port to center of OCS lease area: 30.0 nm (only includes portion of transit within 25 nm of the OCS lease area)

 3. The number of transits for each vessel are based on the following assumptions:

 1 round trip to/from overseas port for the heavy transport vessels and heavy lift vessel.

 1 round trip to/from overseas port for the fall pipe vessel.

 1 round trip to/from port for bubble curtain vessel and tugs.

- 1 round trip to/from port for bubble curtain vessel and tugs.
 4. The specific vessels for each operation have not been finalized at this time; however, the vessels identified for each installation activity are typical sizes for performing this effort.
 5. Default emission factors for marine vessel engines are from ICF International report to the US EPA "Current Methodologies in Preparing Mobile Source Port-Related Emissions Inventories", April 2009.
 6. For vessels known to be subject to EPA Tier 3 or Tier 4, the appropriate emission standards from 40 CFR 1042 may be used for NOx, CO, HC, and PM, based on the engine's power rating, displacement, and model year.
 7. HAP emission factors for commercial marine vessels were determined using the methodology identified by US EPA for the latest (2017) National Emissions Inventory (NEI); i.e., they are calculated as percentages of the PM_{2.5} or VOC emissions from the CMVs. The HAP emissions for nonroad engines were based on EPA's AP-42 Volume 1, Chapters 3.3 and 3.4 for small and large diesel engines. (see HAP emission factor summary pages)
 8. OSS installation generator engine will be a portable generator iffied onto OSS platform; emissions based on nonroad factors in Table 1 of 40 CFR 1039.101, AP-42 Table 3.3-2 (HAPs), and 40 CFR 98 (GHGs).
 9. OSS commissioning generator engine could be a vessel engine connected directly to OSS platform; emissions based on factors for Category 2 marine engines.
 10. Average load factors for vessel engines were estimated based on typical daily fuel use rates provided by the project.

- 11. $\rm CO_2e$ emission rates use the following carbon equivalence factors: 25 for $\rm CH_4$, and 298 for $\rm N_2O$.

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2) - AIR EMISSION CALCULATIONS Table K-1-7. EW 1 Offshore Substation Topside and Foundation Installation Emissions

																								Total E	missions (T	ansit)				
	No. of	1. DP	Dimensions (ft)	Emission Factor	Engine	Fuel	Transit assumed fuel	Non-Transit	Assumed fuel	Transit Round	Transit Duration	Non-OCS Operating	OCS Operating	Non-Transit	Non-Transit		Non-Transit Average	Transit Fuel Usage	Non-Transit Fuel Usage	voc	NO _x	со	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	HAPs	CO ₂	CH ₄	N ₂ O	CO₂e
Manada /Farriana ant			length x width x depth		-														_											
Vessels/Equipment	Engines	2.Anchored		Used	Rating	Type	rate (kg per		density (kg/gal)	Trips	(hrs/round	Days	Days	Hours	Hours	load (%)	load (%)	Gallons	Gallons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
	per vesse	3.Spuds	(draft)	(see EFs	(hp)		vessel per day)	vessei per day)			trip)			(hrs/day)	(hrs)			(per vessel)	(per vessel)											ı
Harris Tarana and Marral (OSS Indica)		2	404 420 26	worksheet)																										
Heavy Transport Vessel (OSS Jacket) -Main Engines	,	3	484 x 138 x 36	2	6.394	Disease	38.000	15.000	2.40	1	200		-	, ,	16	3 289	140	99,581	33.019	0.89	23.55	4.00	0.22	0.32	0.71	0.00	1152.86	7.14E-03	0.00	1,169.5
	ь	2	484 x 138 x 36	3	6,394 L	Diesei	38,000	15,000	3.18	1	200	U	,	/ 2	16	289	11%	99,58	33,019	0.89	23.55	1.96	0.33	0.32	0.71	0.08	1152.86	7.14E-03	0.06	1,169.5
Heavy Transport Vessel (OSS Topside) -Main Engines		3	484 X 138 X 36	2	6.394 [Disease	38.000	15,000	3.18	1	200				19	2 289	11%	99,581	37,736	0.89	23.55	4.00	0.33	0.32	0.71	0.08	1152.00	7.14E-03	0.00	1,169.5
	ь	1	661 x 290 x 162 (43)	3	6,394 L	Diesei	38,000	15,000	3.18	1	200	·		3 2	19.	2 287	11%	99,58.	37,/36	0.89	23.55	1.96	0.33	0.32	0.71	0.08	1152.86	7.14E-U3	0.06	1,169.5
Heavy Lift Vessel - Jacket/topside installation -Main Engines		1	661 X 290 X 162 (43)	2	6 5 6 0 5	Disease	86,000	52,000	2.40	1					200	240	100	6.76	245 202	0.00	0.01	0.07	4 425 02	4 405 03	0.00	2 505 02	20.40	2 445 04	4 005 03	20
-Main Engines	4			3	6,568 E		86,000	52,000	3.18	1		1	15	2	36				245,283	0.03	0.81			1.10E-02		2.69E-03	39.40 24.13	2.44E-04 1.49E-04		
-Main Engines -Main Engines	4			3	7,373 [1	6		15	2	36					0.02 1.14E-02	0.49			6.71E-03 4.10E-03	1.48E-02 9.05E-03	1.65E-03 1.01E-03	24.13 14.74	9.13E-05		
. 0			F20 440 44 (24)	3	7,373 L	Diesei				1			10	2	30	317	19%			1.14E-02	0.30	0.03	4.23E-03	4.10E-03	9.05E-03	1.01E-03	14.74	9.13E-05	7.07E-04	14.9
Fall Pipe Vessel - Scour protection		1	520 x 118 x 44 (31)		5 000		50.000	40.000	2.40		_					- 700		2.00	40.570	0.00	0.05		4 405 00	4 455 00	0.00	2.83E-03	44.46	2.57E-04	1.99E-03	42.0
-Main Generators	3			3	6,032 E		50,000	10,000	3.18	1	6	1	2	1 2	9	5 729			12,579	0.03	0.85	0.07		1.15E-02		3.03E-04	41.46 3.94			
-Aux. Generator	1			2	660 [1	6	1	4	1 2	9	5 729	14%	2		2.85E-03	0.06	0.03	3.53E-03	3.43E-03	3.73E-05	3.03E-04	3.94	5.13E-04	1.14E-04	3.5
-Emergency Generator	1		146 x 46 x 25 (21)	1	990 L	Diesei				U	U			'	'	09	0%			U	0	0	U	0	0	U	U	U	U	
Tug 1 for OSS Jacket -Main Engines		N/A	146 X 46 X 25 (21)		5,440	s: 1	25,000	5 200	3.18				_		16		14%	2.948	42.050	0.00	0.47	0.24	0.03	2.89E-02	2 4 4 5 0 4	2.55E-03	33.18		0.535.04	33.5
-Main Engines -Harbor Generator	2			2	456 [25,000	6,300	3.18	1	9			2	16	8 609			13,868	0.02	0.47	0.24	0.03	2.89E-U2	3.14E-04	2.55E-U3	33.18	4.33E-03	9.62E-04	33.:
	1			1	168 [1	U			2	16	09	14%	1		0	0	0	0	U	0	0	0	0	0	ı
-Emergency Generator Tug 2 for OSS Jacket	1	N/A	146 x 46 x 25 (21)	1	108 [Diesei				1	U	·		, ,	'	J 07	0%	1		U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	
-Main Engines	2	N/A	146 X 46 X 25 (21)	2	F 440 F	Disease	25.000	6 200	2.40	1			-	, ,	16		1.40	2.948	12.000	0.00	0.47	0.24	0.00	2.89E-02	2 445 04	2.55E-03	22.40	4 225 02	0.635.04	33.5
-Main Engines -Harbor Generator	2			2	5,440 E		25,000	6,300	3.18	1	9			2	16	8 609 8 09			13,868	0.02	0.47	0.24	0.03	2.89E-U2	3.14E-04	2.55E-U3	33.18	4.33E-03	9.62E-04	33.:
	1			1	168 [1				2	16	09	14%	1		0	0	0	0	U	0	0	0	0	0	1
-Emergency Generator	1	N/A	150 x 36 x 10	1	1681	Diesei				1	·	·		, ,	'	J 07	0%	1		U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	
Bubble Curtain Vessel - Main Engines	2	N/A	150 X 36 X 10		750 [Disease	4.000	4.000	2.40	1			-	, ,	16			472	8.805	1.91E-03	0.07	0.04	1.82E-03	1.77E-03	4.62E-05	1.92E-04	4.00	6.36E-04	1.41E-04	
- Main Engines -Aux. Generator	2	1		1	133 [4,000	4,000	3.18	1	9	1	1 :	'l 2'	16				8,805	1.91E-03 1.69E-04	0.07 6.14E-03			1.77E-03 1.57E-04	4.62E-05 4.10E-06	1.92E-04 1.70E-05	4.88 0.43	5.64E-05		
-Aux. Generator -Bow Thruster Engine	1	1		1	325 [1			1	9	1	1 :	'l 2'	16	8 649				1.69E-04	0.14E-U3	3.13E-U3	1.62E-04	1.5/E-04	4.10E-06	1.70E-05	0.43	5.04E-U5	1.25E-05	U.4
		1		1		Diesel Diesel				0]	1	' 2·	16	S 09	5 50%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ı
-Aux. Engine	1	+		1	133 L	Diesei				U	·		,	/ 2	16	S U7	50%			U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	
OSS Installation Generator Engine	1	N/A	N/A	255	67 [Diesel	235		3.18	0	Ó		15	5 2	36	09	100%		1.108	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ı
OSS Commissioning Generator Engine		.,,,,		200	371		255		5.10	•			1		30	0/	20070	,	2,100			Ů			J					
	1	N/A	N/A	2	670 E	Diesel	2,350		3.18	0	0		200	2	4,80	09	91%	<u> </u>	147,799	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
																	TOTALS	216,221	514,064	1.93	50.63	4.68	0.76	0.74	1.49	0.17	2,501.05	0.02	0.12	2,537.0

- Notes:

 1. Emission calculations provided in this assessment are based on development of up to 147 wind turbine locations.

 2. Transit emissions are based on an assumed vessel speed of 6 knots for tugs and barges (and 10 knots for all other vessel types), and the following one-way travel distances:

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 Overseas port to center of OCS lease area: 30.0 nm (only includes portion of transit within 25 nm of the OCS lease area)

 3. The number of transits for each vessel are based on the following assumptions:

 1 round trip to/from overseas port for the heavy transport vessels and heavy lift vessel.

- 1 round trips to/from overseas port for the fall pipe vessel.

 1 round trip to/from port for bubble curtain vessel and tugs.

- 1 round trip to/from port for bubble curtain vessel and tugs.
 4. The specific vessels for each operation have not been finalized at this time; however, the vessels identified for each installation activity are typical sizes for performing this effort.
 5. Default emission factors for marine vessel engines are from ICF International report to the US EPA "Current Methodologies in Preparing Mobile Source Port-Related Emissions Inventories", April 2009.
 6. For vessels known to be subject to EPA Tier 3 or Tier 4, the appropriate emission standards from 40 CFR 1042 may be used for NOx, CO, HC, and PM, based on the engine's power rating, displacement, and model year.
 7. HAP emission factors for commercial marine vessels were determined using the methodology identified by US EPA for the latest (2017) National Emissions Inventory (NEI); i.e., they are calculated as percentages of the PM_{2.5} or VOC emissions from the CMVs. The HAP emissions for nonroad engines were based on EPA's AP-42 Volume 1, Chapters 3.3 and 3.4 for small and large diesel engines. (see HAP emission factor summary pages)
 8. OSS installation generator engine will be a portable generator iffied onto OSS platform; emissions based on nonroad factors in Table 1 of 40 CFR 1039.101, AP-42 Table 3.3-2 (HAPs), and 40 CFR 98 (GHGs).
 9. OSS commissioning generator engine could be a vessel engine connected directly to OSS platform; emissions based on factors for Category 2 marine engines.
 10. Average load factors for vessel engines were estimated based on typical daily fuel use rates provided by the project.

- 11. $\rm CO_2e$ emission rates use the following carbon equivalence factors: 25 for $\rm CH_4$, and 298 for $\rm N_2O$.

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2) - AIR EMISSION CALCULATIONS

Table K-1-8. EW 2 Offshore Substation Topside and Foundation Installation Emissions

																							Total Em	issions (Non	-Transit)				
	No. of	1. DP	Dimensions (ft)	Emission Factor	Engine I	Transit uel assumed fuel	Non-Transit assumed fuel	Assumed fuel	Transit Round	Transit Duration	Non-OCS Operating	OCS Operating	Non-Transit Operating	Non-Transit	Transit Average	Non-Transit Average	Transit Fuel Usage	Non-Transit Fuel Usage	voc	NO _x	со	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	HAPs	CO2	CH₄	N₂O	CO₂e
Vessels/Equipment	Engines	2.Anchored	length x width x depth	Used	-	ype rate (kg per	rate (kg per	density (kg/gal)	Trips	(hrs/round	Days	Days	Hours	Hours	load (%)	load (%)	Gallons	Gallons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
	per vessel	3.Spuds	(draft)	(see EFs	(hp)) vessel per day)	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	•	trip)	,		(hrs/day)	(hrs)	,	,	(per vessel)	(per vessel)											
	•		, ,	worksheet)						.,							. ,												
Heavy Transport Vessel (OSS Jacket)		3	484 x 138 x 36																										
-Main Engines	6			3	6,394 Diese	38,00	0 15,000	3.18	1	200	0	7	24	168	28%	11%	99,581	33,019	0.30	7.81	0.65	0.11	0.11	0.23	0.03	382.26	2.37E-03	0.02	387.7
Heavy Transport Vessel (OSS Topside)		3	484 x 138 x 36																										
-Main Engines	6			3	6,394 Diese	38,00	15,000	3.18	1	200	0	8	24	192	28%	11%	99,581	37,736	0.34	8.93	0.74	0.13	0.12	0.27	0.03	436.87	2.70E-03	0.02	443.1
Heavy Lift Vessel - Jacket/topside installation		1	661 x 290 x 162 (43)																										
-Main Engines	6			3	6,568 Diese		52,000	3.18	1	6	5 0	15	24	360	31%	19%	6,761	245,283	1.11	29.21	2.43	0.41	0.40	0.88	0.10	1,429.56	8.85E-03		1,450.2
-Main Engines	4			3	6,032 Diese				1	6	5 0	15	24	360	31%	19%			0.68	17.88	1.49	0.25	0.24	0.54	0.06	875.24	5.42E-03	0.04	887.8
-Main Engines	2			3	7,373 Diese	I			1	6	5 0	15	24	360	31%	19%			0.41	10.93	0.91	0.15	0.15	0.33	0.04	534.87	3.31E-03	0.03	542.6
Fall Pipe Vessel - Scour protection		1	520 x 118 x 44 (31)																										
-Main Generators	3			3	6,032 Diese		10,000	3.18	1	6	5 0	4	24	96	72%	14%	3,931	12,579	0.10	2.71	0.23	0.04	0.04	0.08	9.07E-03	132.67	8.21E-04		134.5
-Aux. Generator	1			2	1,609 Diese	I			1	6	5 0	4	24	96	72%	14%			9.13E-03	0.18	0.09	1.13E-02	1.10E-02	1.19E-04	9.69E-04	12.59	1.64E-03	3.65E-04	12.7
-Emergency Generator	1			1	660 Diese	I			0	(0	0	0	0	0%	0%			0	0	0	0	C	0	0	0	0	0	
Tug 1 for OSS Jacket		N/A	146 x 46 x 25 (21)																										
-Main Engines	2			2	5,440 Diese		0 6,300	3.18	1	9	9 0	7	24	168	60%	14%	2,948	13,868	0.11	2.13	1.09		0.13	1.42E-03	1.15E-02	149.80		4.34E-03	151.5
-Harbor Generator	1			1	456 Diese	I			1	(0	7	24	168	0%	14%			2.46E-03	0.09	0.05	2.35E-03	2.28E-03	5.95E-05	2.46E-04	6.28	8.18E-04	1.82E-04	6.3
-Emergency Generator	1			1	168 Diese	I			1	(0	0	0	0	0%	0%			0	0	0	0	C	0	0	0	0	0	
Tug 2 for OSS Jacket		N/A	146 x 46 x 25 (21)																										
-Main Engines	2			2	5,440 Diese	1 25,00	0 6,300	3.18	1	9	9 0	7	24	168	60%	14%	2,948	13,868	0.11	2.13	1.09	0.13	0.13	1.42E-03	1.15E-02	149.80	0.02	4.34E-03	151.5
-Harbor Generator	1			1	456 Diese	I			1	(0	7	24	168	0%	14%			2.46E-03	0.09	0.05	2.35E-03	2.28E-03	5.95E-05	2.46E-04	6.28	8.18E-04	1.82E-04	6.3
-Emergency Generator	1			1	168 Diese	I			1	(0	0	0	0	0%	0%			0	0	0	0	C	0	0	0	0	0	
Bubble Curtain Vessel		N/A	150 x 36 x 10								1																		
_ Main Engines	2			1	750 Diese		4,000	3.18	1	9	9 0	7	24	168	64%	50%	472	8,805		1.01	0.52		0.03		2.79E-03	71.09	9.27E-03		71.9
-Aux. Generator	1			1	133 Diese				1	9	9 0	7	24	168	64%	50%			2.47E-03	0.09	0.05		2.29E-03		2.48E-04	6.30	8.22E-04	1.83E-04	6.3
-Bow Thruster Engine	1			1	325 Diese	I			0	(0	7	24	168	0%	50%			6.03E-03	0.22	0.11	5.76E-03	5.59E-03	1.46E-04	6.05E-04	15.40	2.01E-03	4.46E-04	15.5
-Aux. Engine	1			1	133 Diese	I			0	(0	7	24	168	0%	50%			2.47E-03	0.09	0.05	2.36E-03	2.29E-03	5.97E-05	2.48E-04	6.30	8.22E-04	1.83E-04	6.3
OSS Installation Generator Engine																													
	1	N/A	N/A	255	67 Diese	1 23	5	3.18	0	(0	15	24	360	0%	100%	0	1,108	1.15E-02	0.08	0.10	5.96E-04	5.78E-04	2.98E-05	2.92E-04	3.24	1.31E-04	2.63E-05	3.2
OSS Commissioning Generator Engine		1									1																		
	1	N/A	N/A	2	670 Diese	1 2,35	0	3.18	0	(0 0	700	24	16,800	0%	91%	0	517,296	4.22	82.69	42.19	5.22	5.07	5.52E-02	0.45	5,821.86	0.76	0.17	5,891.1
																TOTALS	216,221	883,561	7.43	166.25	51.81	6.63	6.44	2.39	0.74	10,040.42	0.84	0.36	10.169.5

- Notes:
 1. Emission calculations provided in this assessment are based on development of up to 147 wind turbine locations.
 2. Transit emissions are based on an assumed vessel speed of 6 knots for tugs and barges (and 10 knots for all other vessel types), and the following one-way travel distances:
 Texas port to center of OCS lease area: 2,000 nm (30 nm in TX state waters, 1,940 nm in non-OCS federal waters, and 30 nm within OCS radius)
 South Brooklyn Marine Terminal to center of OCS lease area: 43.5 nm (Kings: 7.8 nm; Queens: 3 nm; Monmouth: 2.7 nm; OCS radius: 30 nm)
- South Brooklyn Marine Terminal to center of OCS lease area: 43.5 nm (Kings: 7.8 nm; Queens: 3 nm; Monmouth: 2.7 nm; Overseas port to center of OCS lease area: 30.0 nm (only includes portion of transit within 25 nm of the OCS lease area) 3. The number of transits for each vessel are based on the following assumptions: 1 round trips to/from overseas port for the heavy transport vessels and heavy lift vessel. 1 round trips to/from overseas port for the fall pipe vessel. 1 round trip to/from port for bubble curtain vessel and tugs.

- 4. The specific vessels for each operation have not been finalized at this time; however, the vessels identifed for each installation activity are typical sizes for performing this effort.

 5. Default emission factors for marine vessel engines are from ICF International report to the US EPA "Current Methodologies in Preparing Mobile Source Port-Related Emissions Inventories", April 2009.

 6. For vessels known to be subject to EPA Tier 3 or Tier 4, the appropriate emission standards from 40 CFR 1042 may be used for NOx, CO, HC, and PM, based on the engine's power rating, displacement, and model year.
- 7. HAP emissions factors for commercial marine vessels were determined using the methodology identified by US EPA for the latest (2017) National Emissions Inventory (NEI); i.e., they are calculated as percentages of the PM

 2.5 or VOC emissions from the CMVs.

 The HAP emissions for nonroad engines were based on EPA's AP-42 Volume 1, Chapters 3.3 and 3.4 for small and large diesel engines. (see HAP emission factor summary pages)

 8. OSS installation generator engine will be a portable generator lifted onto OSS platform; emissions based on nonroad factors in Table 1 of 40 CFR 1039.101, AP-42 Table 3.3-2 (HAPs), and 40 CFR 98 (GHGs).

 9. OSS commissioning generator engine could be a vessel engine connected directly to OSS platform; emissions based on factors for Category 2 marine engines.

 10. Average load factors for vessel engines were estimated based on typical daily fuel use rates provided by the project.

- 11. $\rm CO_2e$ emission rates use the following carbon equivalence factors: 25 for CH $_4$, and 298 for $\rm N_2O$.

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2) - AIR EMISSION CALCULATIONS

Table K-1-8. EW 2 Offshore Substation Topside and Foundation Installation Emissions

																							Total	Emissions (T	ransit)				
				Emission		Transit	Non-Transit		Transit	Transit	Non-OCS	ocs	Non-Transi	Non-Trans	t Transit	Non-Transit	Transit	Non-Transit											
	No. of	1. DP	Dimensions (ft)	Factor	Engine F	uel assumed fue	l assumed fuel	Assumed fuel	Round	Duration	Operating	Operating	Operating	otal Operat	in Average	Average	Fuel Usage	Fuel Usage	voc	NO _X	co	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	HAPs	CO2	CH ₄	N ₂ O	CO₂e
Vessels/Equipment	Engines	2.Anchored	length x width x depth	Used	Rating T	ype rate (kg per	rate (kg per	density (kg/gal)	Trips	(hrs/round	Days	Days	Hours	Hours	load (%)	load (%)	Gallons	Gallons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
	per vesse	l 3.Spuds	(draft)	(see EFs	(hp)) vessel per day)	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		trip)	,	,	(hrs/day)	(hrs)		. ,	(per vessel)	(per vessel)											ı
			` '	worksheet)		·								' '				"											ı
Heavy Transport Vessel (OSS Jacket)		3	484 x 138 x 36																										
-Main Engines	6			3	6,394 Diese	38,0	00 15,000	3.18	1	200	c	7	7 2	4 16	8 28	% 119	6 99,58	1 33,019	0.89	23.55	1.96	0.33	0.32	0.71	0.08	1152.86	7.14E-03	0.06	1,169.52
Heavy Transport Vessel (OSS Topside)		3	484 x 138 x 36																									1	
-Main Engines	6			3	6,394 Diese	38,0	00 15,000	3.18	1	200	C	8	3 2	4 19	28	% 119	6 99,58	1 37,736	0.89	23.55	1.96	0.33	0.32	0.71	0.08	1152.86	7.14E-03	0.06	1,169.52
Heavy Lift Vessel - Jacket/topside installation		1	661 x 290 x 162 (43)																									1	
-Main Engines	6			3	6,568 Diese	86,0	00 52,000	3.18	1	6	C	15	2	4 36	50 31	% 199	6,76	1 245,283	0.03	0.81	0.07	1.13E-02	1.10E-02	0.02	2.69E-03	39.40	2.44E-04	1.89E-03	39.97
-Main Engines	4			3	6,032 Diese				1	6	0	15	5 2	4 36	60 31	% 199	6		0.02	0.49	0.04	6.92E-03	6.71E-03	1.48E-02	1.65E-03	24.13	1.49E-04	1.16E-03	24.47
-Main Engines	2			3	7,373 Diese	l			1	6	0	15	5 2	4 36	31	% 199	6		1.14E-02	0.30	0.03	4.23E-03	4.10E-03	9.05E-03	1.01E-03	14.74	9.13E-05	7.07E-04	14.96
Fall Pipe Vessel - Scour protection		1	520 x 118 x 44 (31)																										
-Main Generators	3			3	6,032 Diese		00 10,000	3.18	1	6	0	4	1 2	4 9	6 72	% 149	6 3,93	1 12,579	0.03	0.85	0.07	1.19E-02	1.15E-02	0.03	2.83E-03	41.46			42.06
-Aux. Generator	1			2	1,609 Diese				1	6	0	4	1 2	4 9	6 72	% 149	6		2.85E-03	0.06	0.03	3.53E-03	3.43E-03	3.73E-05	3.03E-04	3.94	5.13E-04	1.14E-04	3.98
-Emergency Generator	1			1	660 Diese	ı			0	0	0	0)	0	0 0	% 09	6		0	0	0	0	C	0	0	0) (0	
Tug 1 for OSS Jacket		N/A	146 x 46 x 25 (21)																										ı
-Main Engines	2			2	5,440 Diese		00 6,300	3.18	1	9	C	7	2	4 10	60	% 149	6 2,94	13,868	0.02	0.47	0.24	0.03	2.89E-02	3.14E-04	2.55E-03	33.18	4.33E-03	9.62E-04	33.57
-Harbor Generator	1			1	456 Diese				1	0	C	7	2	4 16	68 0	% 149	6		0	0	0	0	C	0	0	0) (, ol	, ,
-Emergency Generator	1			1	168 Diese	l			1	0	C	0)	0	0 0	% 09	6		0	0	0	0	C	0	0	0) (0	
Tug 2 for OSS Jacket		N/A	146 x 46 x 25 (21)																										ı
-Main Engines	2			2	5,440 Diese		00 6,300	3.18	1	9	C	7	2	4 10	60			8 13,868	0.02	0.47	0.24	0.03	2.89E-02	3.14E-04	2.55E-03	33.18	4.33E-03	9.62E-04	33.57
-Harbor Generator	1			1	456 Diese				1	0	C	7	2	4 10	68 0	% 149	6		0	0	0	0	C	0	0	0) (, ol	, ,
-Emergency Generator	1			1	168 Diese	l			1	0	C	0)	0	0 0	% 09	6		0	0	0	0	C	0	0	0) (0	
Bubble Curtain Vessel		N/A	150 x 36 x 10																1									1	i
_ Main Engines	2			1	750 Diese		00 4,000	3.18	1	9	C	7	2	4 16				2 8,805		0.07			1.77E-03		1.92E-04	4.88			
-Aux. Generator	1			1	133 Diese				1	9	C	7	2	4 16					1.69E-04	6.14E-03	3.13E-03	1.62E-04	1.57E-04	4.10E-06	1.70E-05	0.43	5.64E-05	1.25E-05	0.44
-Bow Thruster Engine	1			1	325 Diese				0	0	C	7	2	4 16	68 0	50,			0	0	0	0	C	0	0	0) (0	, (
-Aux. Engine	1			1	133 Diese	l			0	0	C	7	2	4 16	8 0	% 509	6		0	0	0	0	C	0	0	0	0 0	0	
OSS Installation Generator Engine																												1	ı
	1	N/A	N/A	255	67 Diese	1 2	35	3.18	0	0	C	15	2	4 36	0 0	% 1009	6 (1,108	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0 0	0	
OSS Commissioning Generator Engine																												1	i
	1	N/A	N/A	2	670 Diese	1 2,3	50	3.18	0	0	0	700) 2	4 16,8	00 0		6 (517,296	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0) (0	
																TOTAL	S 216,22:	1 883,561	1.93	50.63	4.68	0.76	0.74	1.49	0.17	2,501.05	0.02	0.12	2,537.0

- Notes:
 1. Emission calculations provided in this assessment are based on development of up to 147 wind turbine locations.
 2. Transit emissions are based on an assumed vessel speed of 6 knots for tugs and barges (and 10 knots for all other vessel types), and the following one-way travel distances:
 Texas port to center of OCS lease area: 2,000 nm (30 nm in TX state waters, 1,940 nm in non-OCS federal waters, and 30 nm within OCS radius)
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 3. The number of transits for each vessel are based on the following assumptions:

 1 round trip to/from overseas port for the heavy transport vessels and heavy lift vessel.

 1 round trips to/from overseas port for the fall pipe vessel.

 1 round trip to/from port for bubble curtain vessel and tugs.

- 4. The specific vessels for each operation have not been finalized at this time; however, the vessels identifed for each installation activity are typical sizes for performing this effort.

 5. Default emission factors for marine vessel engines are from ICF International report to the US EPA "Current Methodologies in Preparing Mobile Source Port-Related Emissions Inventories", April 2009.

 6. For vessels known to be subject to EPA Tier 3 or Tier 4, the appropriate emission standards from 40 CFR 1042 may be used for NOx, CO, HC, and PM, based on the engine's power rating, displacement, and model year.
- 7. HAP emissions factors for commercial marine vessels were determined using the methodology identified by US EPA for the latest (2017) National Emissions Inventory (NEI); i.e., they are calculated as percentages of the PM

 2.5 or VOC emissions from the CMVs.

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 8. OSS installation generator engine will be a portable generator lifted onto OSS platform; emissions based on nonroad factors in Table 1 of 40 CFR 1039.101, AP-42 Table 3.3-2 (HAPs), and 40 CFR 98 (GHGs).

 9. OSS commissioning generator engine could be a vessel engine connected directly to OSS platform; emissions based on factors for Category 2 marine engines.

 10. Average load factors for vessel engines were estimated based on typical daily fuel use rates provided by the project.

- 11. $\rm CO_2e$ emission rates use the following carbon equivalence factors: 25 for CH $_4$, and 298 for $\rm N_2O$.

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2) - AIR EMISSION CALCULATIONS Table K-1-9. EW 1 Export and Interarray Cable Installation Emissions

																						Total Emi	ssions (Non	-Transit)				
Vessels/Equipment	No. of Engines per vessel	2.Anchored	Dimensions (ft) length x width x depth (draft)	Emission Factor Used (see EFs	Engine Fuel Rating Type (hp)	Assumed fuel rate (kg per vessel per day)	Assumed fuel density (kg/gal)	Transit Round Trips	Transit Duration (hrs/round trip)	Non-OCS Operating Days	OCS Operating Days	Non-Transit N Operating ot Hours (hrs/day)	on-Transit al Operating Hours (hrs)	Transit Average load (%)	Non-Transit Average load (%)	Transit Fuel Usage Gallons (per vessel)	Non-Transit Fuel Usage Gallons (per vessel)	VOC tons	NO _x tons	CO tons	PM ₁₀ tons	PM _{2.5} tons	SO ₂ tons	HAPs tons	CO ₂ tons	CH₄ tons	N ₂ O tons	CO ₂ e tons
Helicopter - Twin-Engine Heavy		N/A		worksheet)																								
Maria Carta	2			454	4 400 1.15 .1	N/A	N/A		0.		,			4000/	20/	0.440												
-Main Engines Export Cable Lay Vessel		1	388 x 105 x 26 (18)	164	1,400 Jet fuel	N/F	N/A	ь	0 0.:	0	(0	0	100%	0%	9,442	U	0	0	0	0	0	U	0	U	U	0	
-Stern thrusters	2	_		2	2,640 Diesel	15,000	3.18		2 129	20	212	24	5,568	53%	53%	50,708	1,094,340	6.35	124.39	63.47	7.86	7.62	0.08	0.67	8,758.42	1.14	0.25	8,862.6
-Main Generators	4			1	536 Diesel				2 129	20	212	24	5,568		53%			1.39	50.53	25.78	1.33	1.29	0.03	0.14	3,557.73	0.46	0.10	3,600.0
-Emergency Generator Tender Support Vessel	1	1	243 x 56 x 26 (21)	1	94 Diesel				0 (0	(0	0	0%	0%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
-Main Generators	2	_	243 X 30 X 20 (21)	3.20	2,466 Diesel	15,000	3.18		2	9 0	212	2 24	5,088	45%	45%	3,538	1,000,000	1.77	56.02	46.60	1.30	1.27	0.06	0.17	6,431.09	0.84	0.19	6,507.6
-Main Generators	2			3.20	1,850 Diesel				2 !	0	212	2 24	5,088		45%			1.33	42.01	34.95	0.98	0.95	0.05	0.13	4,823.32	0.63	0.14	4,880.7
-Emergency Generator	1	2	412 100 22 (11)	3.07	382 Diesel				0 (0	(0	0	0%	0%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Cable Lay Barge -Main Generators	3	2	413 x 108 x 22 (11)	2	1,408 Diesel	9,000	3.18		2	9 0	212	24	5,088	55%	55%	2,123	600,000	4.89	95.91	48.93	6.06	5.88	0.06	0.52	6,752.65	0.88	0.20	6,832.9
-Flushing System Pump Engines	2			2	1,206 Diesel	3,000	5.10		0	0	(24	0	55%	55%		000,000	0	0	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0,732.03	0.00	0.20	0,032.3
-Emergency Generator	1			1	168 Diesel				0 (0	(0	0	0%	0%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Heavy Lift Vessel - Cable Spool Transport -Main Engines	4	1	715 x 184 x 41 (32)	3	9,651 Diesel	50,000	3.18		2		212	24	5,088	37%	37%	11,792	3,333,333	29.87	788.44	65.70	11.07	10.74	23.70	2.64	38,590.46	0.24	1.85	39,148.2
-iviaiii Engines	4			3	9,631 Diesei	30,000	5.10		2	, ,	212	24	3,000	3/70	3770	11,/92	3,333,333	29.07	700.44	03.70	11.07	10.74	23.70	2.04	36,390.40	0.24	1.05	39,146.2
Cable Lay Barge (NY state waters only)		2	413 x 108 x 22 (11)																									
-Main Generators	3			2	1,408 Diesel	9,000	3.18		2	66	(24	1,584	55%	55%	708	186,792	1.52	29.86	15.23	1.89	1.83	0.02	0.16	2,102.24	0.27	0.06	2,127.2
-Flushing System Pump Engines -Emergency Generator	2			2	1,206 Diesel 168 Diesel													0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Inter-Array Cable Lay Vessel	-	1	313 x 71 x 29 (24)	_	100 Diesei													Ü		Ü			·	Ü	Ū			
-Main Generators	4			2	2,606 Diesel	15,000	3.18		3 129	30	106	5 24	3,264	37%	37%	76,061	641,509	5.23	102.54	52.32	6.48	6.28	0.07	0.56	7,219.81	0.94	0.21	7,305.7
Installation Comment Vessel 2			242 56 26 (24)																									
Installation Support Vessel 2 -Main Generators	2	1	243 x 56 x 26 (21)	2	2,466 Diesel	15,000	3.18		2	9 0	106	24	2,544	45%	45%	3,538	500,000	2.33	45.67	23.30	2.89	2.80	0.03	0.25	3,215.55	0.42	0.09	3,253.8
-Main Generators	2			2	1,850 Diesel	-5,555			2	9 0	106		2,544		45%			1.75	34.25				0.02	0.19				
-Emergency Generator	1			1	382 Diesel				0 (0	(0	0	0%	0%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Fall Pipe Vessel - Scour protection -Main Generators	3	1	520 x 118 x 44 (31)	3	6,032 Diesel	50,000	3.18		0		140	24	3,360	72%	72%	31,447	2,201,258	17.97	474.35	39.53	6.66	6.46	14.26	1.59	23,217.03	0.14	1.11	23,552.6
-Aux. Generator	1			2	1,609 Diesel	30,000	3.16		8	5 0	140	24	3,360		72%		2,201,238	1.60	31.30				0.02	0.17				
-Emergency Generator	1			1	660 Diesel				0 (0	(0	0	0%	0%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	·
Pre-Sweep Dredger/Tug Combination	-	N/A	480 x 92 x 36 (30)		7 024 8:	45.000	3.40							270/	470/	4.700	20.202	0.45	4.00	0.24	0.00	0.05	0.43	4 275 02	400.07	4 245 02	0.005.00	202.0
_ Tugboat Main Engines _ Tugboat Harbor Generator	2			3 1	7,831 Diesel 979 Diesel	15,000	3.18		0	0		24	144	27%	17% 0%	1,769	28,302	0.15	4.09	0.34	0.06	0.06	0.12	1.37E-02	199.97	1.24E-03	9.60E-03	202.8
_ Tugboat Emergency Generator	1			1	737 Diesel				0	0	(0	0	0%	0%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
_ Dredger Pump Engines	2			3	5,000 Diesel				0 (0	6	5 24	144	0%	17%			0.10	2.61	0.22	0.04	0.04	0.08	8.73E-03	127.68	7.90E-04	6.13E-03	129.5
_ Dredger Harbor Generator	1	N1/A	404 440 35 (40)	2	1,220 Diesel				0 (0	(0	0	0%	0%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Pre-Trenching Barge -Main Generators	4	N/A	401 x 110 x 25 (18)	2	1,332 Diesel	20,000	3.18		1 1	5 0		5 24	120	98%	89%	3,931	31,447	0.23	4.57	2.33	0.29	0.28	3.05E-03	0.02	321.56	0.04	0.01	325.3
-Crane Engine	1			1	536 Diesel	,,,,,			0	0		5 24	120		89%		,	1.27E-02	0.46			1.17E-02	3.07E-04	1.27E-03	32.35	4.22E-03	9.38E-04	
-Emergency Generator	1			1	361 Diesel				0 (0	(0	0	0%	0%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Pre-Trenching Tug 1 _ Main Engines	2	N/A	98 x 31 x 10 (8)	2	1,260 Diesel	2,500	3.18		1 1			24	120	22%	22%	491	3,931	0.03	0.53	0.27	0.03	0.03	3.56E-04	2.89E-03	37.55	4.90E-03	1.09E-03	38.0
-Aux. Generator	1			1	449 Diesel	2,500	3.10		1 1			24	120		22%		3,331	2.62E-03	0.10						6.69			
-Emergency Generator	1			1	87 Diesel				0 (0	(0	0	0%	0%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Pre-Trenching Tug 2	2	N/A	98 x 31 x 10 (8)	2	1,260 Diesel	2,500	3.18		1 1		,	24	120	220/	22%	491	3,931	0.03	0.53	0.27	0.03	0.03	3.56E-04	2.89E-03	37.55	4.90E-03	1.09E-03	38.0
_ Main Engines -Aux. Generator	2 1			1	449 Diesel	2,500	3.18		1 1	1	-	5 24	120 120		22%		3,931	2.62E-03	0.53 0.10						6.69			
-Emergency Generator	1			1	87 Diesel				0	0		0	0	0%	0%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Pre-Lay Grapnel Run Vessel		N/A	150 x 36 x 10						_																			
_ Main Engines -Aux. Generator	2			1	750 Diesel 133 Diesel	4,000	3.18		2	0	9	24	216 216	64% 64%	50% 50%		11,321	0.04 3.17E-03	1.30 0.12				8.66E-04 7.68E-05	3.59E-03 3.18E-04	91.40 8.10			
-Aux. Generator -Bow Thruster Engine	1			1	325 Diesel				0	0	-	24	216		50%			7.75E-03	0.12				1.88E-04	7.78E-04	19.80			
-Aux. Engine	1			1	133 Diesel				0	0	Ç	24	216	0%	50%			3.17E-03	0.12				7.68E-05	3.18E-04	8.10			
Safety Vessel 1	2	N/A	65 x 17 x 5		660 21		,						254	05-1	05-1		100.00-	0.70	25.65	42.00	0.00	2.5-	0.00	2.2-	1 000 50		2.5-	1 000 0
-Main Engines -Main Generators	2			1	660 Diesel 27 Diesel	5,000	3.18		3	9 0	106 106		2,544 2,544	95% 95%	95% 95%		166,667	0.71 0.03	25.60 1.04	13.06 0.53	0.67 0.03		0.02 6.94E-04	0.07 2.88E-03	1,802.52 73.22	0.24 9.55E-03		
Safety Vessel 2		N/A	65 x 17 x 5	-	27 Diesei						100	24	2,544	2376	55/6			0.03	1.04	0.55	0.03	0.03	0.542 04	2.001 03	73.22	J.JJE-03	2.121.03	,4.0
-Main Engines	2			1	660 Diesel	5,000	3.18		3	9 0	106		2,544	95%	95%	1,769	166,667	0.71	25.60		0.67	0.65	0.02	0.07	1,802.52	0.24		
-Main Generators	2	1	I	1	27 Diesel		1		3	9 0	106	5 24	2,544	95%	95%	l	1	0.03	1.04	0.53	0.03	0.03	6.94E-04	2.88E-03	73.22	9.55E-03	2.12E-03	74.0 115,44

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EW 1 Cable Installation

- Notes:

 1. Emission calculations provided in this assessment are based on development of up to 147 wind turbine locations.
- 2. Emissions for the route preparation vessels (pre-lay grapnel run, pre-sweep dredging, and pre-trenching) are based on the total EW 1 cable length of 156 nm (116 nm for interarray cables and 40 nm for export cable).

 3. Emissions for the fall pipe vessel assume scour protection will be required for 10% of the total EW 1 cable length of 156 nm (116 nm for interarray cables and 40 nm for export cable route).

 4. Transit emissions are based on an assumed vessel speed of 6 knots for tugs and barges (and 10 knots for all other vessel types), and the following one-way travel distances:

- Charleston-area port to center of OCS lease area: 643 nm (23 nm in SC state waters, 590 nm in non-OCS federal waters, and 30 nm within OCS radius) South Brooklyn Marine Terminal to center of OCS lease area: 43.5 nm
 Overseas port to center of OCS lease area: 30.0 nm (only includes portion of transit within 25 nm of the OCS lease area)

- 5. The number of transits for each vessel are based on the following assumptions
 1 round trip to/from port for pre-sweep dregding and pre-trenching vessels.
 2 round trips to/from Charleston, SC for export cable lay vessel
- 3 round trips to/from Charleston, SC for interarray cable lay vessel
- 2 round trips to/from port for cable lay support vessels and pre-lay grapnel run vessel.

 8 round trips to/from overseas port for the fall pipe vessel (based on volume required to install scour protection for 10% of total cable length).
- Monthly round trips to/from port for safety vessels.

 6. Helicopter transits to the export cable lay vessel assume two round trips per week, with a duration of 30 minutes per round trip based on travel from JFK Int'l Airport.
- One-way distance estimated to average 14 mi along the EW 1 export cable route (varies from 10 to 24 mi, with total mileage distributions of 30% in Kings County, 27% in Queens County, 9% in Nassau County, and 34% inside OCS radius).
- 7. The specific vessels for each operation have not been finalized at this time; however, the vessels identified for each installation activity are typical sizes for performing this effort.

 9. Default emission factors for marine vessel engines are from ICF International report to the US EPA "Current Methodologies in Preparing Mobile Source Port-Related Emissions Inventories", April 2009.
- 10. For vessels known to be subject to EPA Tier 3 or Tier 4, the appropriate emission standards from 40 CFR 1042 may be used for NOx, CO, HC, and PM, based on the engine's power rating, displacement, and model year.

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2) - AIR EMISSION CALCULATIONS Table K-1-9. EW 1 Export and Interarray Cable Installation Emissions

																						Total E	missions (T	ransit)				
Vessels/Equipment E	No. of Engines er vessel	2.Anchored	Dimensions (ft) length x width x depth (draft)	Emission Factor Used (see EFs worksheet)	Engine Fuel Rating Type (hp)	Assumed fuel rate (kg per vessel per day)	Assumed fuel density (kg/gal)	Transit Round Trips	Transit Duration (hrs/round trip)	Non-OCS Operating Days	OCS Operating Days	Hours H	perating	Transit Average load (%)	Non-Transit Average load (%)	Transit Fuel Usage Gallons (per vessel)	Non-Transit Fuel Usage Gallons (per vessel)	VOC tons	NO _x tons	CO tons	PM ₁₀ tons	PM _{2.5} tons	SO ₂ tons	HAPs tons	CO ₂ tons	CH ₄ tons	N ₂ O tons	CO₂e tons
Helicopter - Twin-Engine Heavy		N/A																										
-Main Engines	2			164	1,400 Jet fuel	N/A	N/A	60	0.5	0	(0	0	100%	0%	9,442	0	0.04	0.52	1.23E-02	1.20E-02	1.20E-02	0.03	1.04E-03	99.61	2.85E-03	3.30E-03	100.6
Export Cable Lay Vessel		1	388 x 105 x 26 (18)		,		,			_																		
-Stern thrusters	2			2	2,640 Diesel	15,000	3.18	2	2 129	20	212	24	5,568	53%	53%	50,708	1,094,340	0.29	5.76	2.94	0.36	0.35	3.85E-03	0.03	405.83	0.05	1.18E-02	410.6
-Main Generators	4			1	536 Diesel			2	2 129	20	212	2 24	5,568	53%	53%			0.06	2.34	1.19	0.06	0.06	1.56E-03	6.48E-03	164.85	0.02	4.78E-03	166.8
-Emergency Generator	1			1	94 Diesel			(0 0	0	(0	0	0%	0%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(0	
Tender Support Vessel	2	1	243 x 56 x 26 (21)	2.20	2.455 2:1	45.000	2.40				241		5 000	450/	450/	2.520	4 000 000	6 265 02	0.20	0.46	4.625.02	4 405 00	2 4 6 5 0 4	6 045 04	22.75	2.075.02	6 505 04	22.0
-Main Generators -Main Generators	2			3.20 3.20	2,466 Diesel 1,850 Diesel	15,000	3.18		2 9	0	212 212		5,088 5,088	45% 45%	45% 45%	3,538	1,000,000	6.26E-03 4.70E-03	0.20 0.15	0.16 0.12					22.75 17.06			23.0 17.2
-Emergency Generator	1			3.20	382 Diesel				0 0	0	21	0 0	0,000	0%	0%			4.701-03	0.13	0.12	3.401-03	3.30L-03	1.021-04	4.502-04	17.00	2.231-03	1.332-04	17.2
Cable Lay Barge	-	2	413 x 108 x 22 (11)	5.07	502 516361					Ü	,			0,0	0,0			ŭ								· ·		
-Main Generators	3			2	1,408 Diesel	9,000	3.18	2	2 9	0	212	24	5,088	55%	55%	2,123	600,000	0.02	0.34	0.17	0.02	0.02	2.26E-04	1.84E-03	23.89	3.12E-03	6.92E-04	24.1
-Flushing System Pump Engines	2			2	1,206 Diesel			(0 0	0	(24	0	55%	55%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(0	
-Emergency Generator	1			1	168 Diesel			(0 0	0	(0	0	0%	0%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0) (0	
Heavy Lift Vessel - Cable Spool Transport		1	715 x 184 x 41 (32)	_						_																		
-Main Engines	4			3	9,651 Diesel	50,000	3.18		2 9	0	212	2 24	5,088	37%	37%	11,792	3,333,333	0.11	2.79	0.23	0.04	0.04	0.08	9.33E-03	136.52	8.45E-04	6.55E-03	138.5
Cable Lay Barge (NY state waters only)		2	413 x 108 x 22 (11)	+ -			+										 										+ +	
Cable Lay Barge (NY state waters only) -Main Generators	3	2	413 X 106 X 22 (11)	2	1,408 Diesel	9,000	3.18		2 3	66		24	1,584	55%	55%	708	186,792	5.77E-03	0.11	0.06	7.15E-03	6.93E-03	7.55E-05	6.13E-04	7.96	1.04E-03	2.31E-04	8.0
-Flushing System Pump Engines	2			2	1,206 Diesel	3,000	3.10	•	٦ ،	00	'	[1,504	33/0	3370	700	100,732	0.772-03	0.11	0.00	0.136-03	0.331-03	05-155. ،	0.131-04	7.90	1.041-03	0 2.311-04	0.0
-Emergency Generator	1			1	168 Diesel													0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	
Inter-Array Cable Lay Vessel		1	313 x 71 x 29 (24)																									
-Main Generators	4			2	2,606 Diesel	15,000	3.18	3	3 129	30	100	5 24	3,264	37%	37%	76,061	641,509	0.62	12.16	6.20	0.77	0.75	8.11E-03	0.07	856.03	0.11	0.02	866.2
Installation Support Vessel 2		1	243 x 56 x 26 (21)	_						_																		
-Main Generators	2			2 2	2,466 Diesel	15,000	3.18	2	2 9	0	100		2,544	45%	45%	3,538	500,000	0.02	0.32						22.75			23.0
-Main Generators	2			2	1,850 Diesel 382 Diesel				9	0	100	24	2,544	45% 0%	45% 0%			1.24E-02	0.24	0.12	0.02	1.49E-02	1.62E-04	1.31E-03	17.06	2.23E-03	4.95E-04	17.2
-Emergency Generator Fall Pipe Vessel - Scour protection	1	1	520 x 118 x 44 (31)	1	302 Diesei				0	U	•	, 0	U	0%	0%			U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U		, 0	
-Main Generators	3	-	320 x 110 x 44 (31)	3	6,032 Diesel	50,000	3.18	8	8 6	0	140	24	3,360	72%	72%	31,447	2,201,258	0.26	6.78	0.56	0.10	0.09	0.20	0.02	331.67	2.05E-03	0.02	336.4
-Aux. Generator	1			2	1,609 Diesel	33,555			8 6	0	140		3,360	72%	72%	,	_,,	0.02										
-Emergency Generator	1			1	660 Diesel			(0 0	0	(0	0	0%	0%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(0	
Pre-Sweep Dredger/Tug Combination		N/A	480 x 92 x 36 (30)																									
_ Tugboat Main Engines	2			3	7,831 Diesel	15,000	3.18	1	1 9	0		5 24	144	27%	17%	1,769	28,302	0.02	0.42	0.03	5.87E-03	5.70E-03	1.26E-02	1.40E-03	20.48	1.27E-04	9.83E-04	20.7
_ Tugboat Harbor Generator	1			1	979 Diesel			(0 0	0		0	0	0%	0%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	
_ Tugboat Emergency Generator	1			1 3	737 Diesel 5,000 Diesel			(0	0		0	0 144	0% 0%	0%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
_ Dredger Pump Engines _ Dredger Harbor Generator	2			2	1,220 Diesel			(0	0	,	24	144	0%	17% 0%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Pre-Trenching Barge	1	N/A	401 x 110 x 25 (18)		1,220 Diesei				0	0	,	, 0	U	078	078			Ü	0	U	- 0	U			0		, 0	
-Main Generators	4	14/15	401 × 110 × 25 (10)	2	1,332 Diesel	20,000	3.18	1	1 15	0		24	120	98%	89%	3,931	31,447	0.03	0.63	0.32	0.04	0.04	4.19E-04	3.40E-03	44.24	5.77E-03	1.28E-03	44.7
-Crane Engine	1			1	536 Diesel	,,,,,		(0 0	0		24	120	0%	89%		,	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(0	
-Emergency Generator	1			1	361 Diesel			(0 0	0	(0	0	0%	0%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(0	
Pre-Trenching Tug 1		N/A	98 x 31 x 10 (8)																									
_ Main Engines	2			2	1,260 Diesel	2,500	3.18	1	1 15	0	!	24	120	22%	22%	491	3,931	3.40E-03	0.07	0.03					4.69			4.7
-Aux. Generator	1			1	449 Diesel			1	1 15	0		5 24	120	22%	22%			3.27E-04	1.19E-02	6.06E-03	3.13E-04	3.03E-04	7.93E-06	3.29E-05	0.84	1.09E-04	2.42E-05	0.8
-Emergency Generator Pre-Trenching Tug 2	1	N/A	00 v 21 v 10 /0\	1	87 Diesel		+	(U 0	0	(0	0	0%	0%		1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(0	
Pre-Trenching Tug 2	2	IN/A	98 x 31 x 10 (8)	2	1,260 Diesel	2,500	3.18		1 15	0		24	120	22%	22%	491	3,931	3.40E-03	0.07	0.03	4.21E-03	4.09E-03	4.45E-05	3.61E-04	4.69	6.12E-04	1.36E-04	4.7
-Aux. Generator	1			1	449 Diesel	2,500	5.10	-	1 15	0		24	120	22%	22%		3,331	3.27E-04										
-Emergency Generator	1			1	87 Diesel				0 0	0		0	0	0%	0%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.04	2.052.04	0	5.0
Pre-Lay Grapnel Run Vessel		N/A	150 x 36 x 10																				-					
_ Main Engines	2			1	750 Diesel	4,000	3.18	2	2 9	0	9	24	216	64%	50%	943	11,321	3.82E-03	0.14	0.07					9.75			9.8
-Aux. Generator	1			1	133 Diesel			2	2 9	0	9	24	216	64%	50%			3.38E-04	1.23E-02	6.27E-03	3.23E-04	3.14E-04	8.19E-06	3.40E-05	0.86	1.13E-04	2.51E-05	0.8
-Bow Thruster Engine	1			1	325 Diesel			(0	0	9	24	216	0%	50%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(0	
-Aux. Engine	1	N1/4	CF 17 F	1	133 Diesel			(0 0	0	9	24	216	0%	50%		1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(0	
Safety Vessel 1	,	N/A	65 x 17 x 5	1	660 Diocal	F 000	2.40			_	10	34	2 5 4 4	05%	95%	1 700	166,667	7.49E-03	0.27	0.14	7 155 03	6.94E-03	1 015 04	7 515 04	10.13	2.50E-03	5.55E-04	19.3
-Main Engines -Main Generators	2			1	660 Diesel 27 Diesel	5,000	3.18	3	3 9	0	106 106		2,544 2,544	95% 95%	95%	1,769	100,00/	7.49E-03 3.04E-04					1.81E-04 7.36E-06		19.13 0.78			19.3
Safety Vessel 2	-	N/A	65 x 17 x 5	1	Z/ Diesel			,	3	0	100	27	2,544	3376	55/6			3.072 04	1.101-02	5.052.05	2.311-04	2.021 04	7.502-00	3.032-03	0.76	1.011-04	2.232 03	0.7
-Main Engines	2	.,,,,		1	660 Diesel	5,000	3.18		3 9	0	106	24	2,544	95%	95%	1,769	166,667	7.49E-03	0.27	0.14	7.15E-03	6.94E-03	1.81E-04	7.51E-04	19.13	2.50E-03	5.55E-04	19.3
-Main Generators	2			1	27 Diesel	2,000	2.20		3 9	0	100		2,544	95%	95%	_,. 03		3.04E-04	1.10E-02						0.78			0.7
														- 1	TOTALS	200 510	9,969,497	1.54							2,264			

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EW 1 Cable Installation

- Notes:

 1. Emission calculations provided in this assessment are based on development of up to 147 wind turbine locations.
- 2. Emissions for the route preparation vessels (pre-lay grapnel run, pre-sweep dredging, and pre-trenching) are based on the total EW 1 cable length of 156 nm (116 nm for interarray cables and 40 nm for export cable).

 3. Emissions for the fall pipe vessel assume scour protection will be required for 10% of the total EW 1 cable length of 156 nm (116 nm for interarray cables and 40 nm for export cable route).

 4. Transit emissions are based on an assumed vessel speed of 6 knots for tugs and barges (and 10 knots for all other vessel types), and the following one-way travel distances:
- Charleston-area port to center of OCS lease area: 643 nm (23 nm in SC state waters, 590 nm in non-OCS federal waters, and 30 nm within OCS radius)
- South Brooklyn Marine Terminal to center of OCS lease area: 43.5 nm
 Overseas port to center of OCS lease area: 30.0 nm (only includes portion of transit within 25 nm of the OCS lease area)
- 5. The number of transits for each vessel are based on the following assumptions:
 1 round trip to/from port for pre-sweep dregding and pre-trenching vessels.
 2 round trips to/from Charleston, SC for export cable lay vessel
- 3 round trips to/from Charleston, SC for interarray cable lay vessel
- 2 round trips to/from port for cable lay support vessels and pre-lay grapnel run vessel.

 8 round trips to/from overseas port for the fall pipe vessel (based on volume required to install scour protection for 10% of total cable length).
- Monthly round trips to/from port for safety vessels.

 6. Helicopter transits to the export cable lay vessel assume two round trips per week, with a duration of 30 minutes per round trip based on travel from JFK Int'l Airport.
- One-way distance estimated to average 14 mi along the EW 1 export cable route (varies from 10 to 24 mi, with total mileage distributions of 30% in Kings County, 27% in Queens County, 9% in Nassau County, and 34% inside OCS radius).
- 7. The specific vessels for each operation have not been finalized at this time; however, the vessels identified for each installation activity are typical sizes for performing this effort.

 9. Default emission factors for marine vessel engines are from ICF International report to the US EPA "Current Methodologies in Preparing Mobile Source Port-Related Emissions Inventories", April 2009.
- 10. For vessels known to be subject to EPA Tier 3 or Tier 4, the appropriate emission standards from 40 CFR 1042 may be used for NOx, CO, HC, and PM, based on the engine's power rating, displacement, and model year.

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2) - AIR EMISSION CALCULATIONS Table K-1-10. EW 2 Export and Interarray Cable Installation Emissions

																								Total Em	nissions (Non-	Transit)				
		No. of	1. DP	Dimensions (ft)	Emission Factor	Engine	Fuel	Assumed fuel	Assumed fuel	Transit Round	Transit Duration	Non-OCS Operating	OCS Operating	Non-Transit Operating	Non-Transit Total Operating	Transit Average	Non-Transit Average	Transit I Fuel Usage	Non-Transit Fuel Usage	voc	NO _x	со	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	HAPs	CO2	CH₄	N₂O	CO₂e
Vessels/Equipm			2.Anchored	length x width x depth		Rating	Type	rate (kg per	density (kg/gal)	Trips	(hrs/round	Days	Days	Hours	Hours	load (%)	load (%)	Gallons	Gallons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
	P	er vessel	3.Spuds	(draft)	(see EFs worksheet)	(hp)		vessel per day)			trip)			(hrs/day)	(hrs)			(per vessel)	(per vessel)											
Helicopter - Twin-Engine Heavy			N/A		worksneet)																									
	-Main Engines	2			164	1.40	0 Jet fuel	N/A	N/A	38	0.1	5 (0	0	0	100%	0%	5,980	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Export Cable Lay Vessel			1	492 x 102 x 42 (29)		, .																								
	-Main Generators	6			5.02	4,62	5 Diesel	20,000	3.18	1	129	9 10	133	24	3,192	21%	22%	33,805	899,371	32.23	41.85	80.58	2.99	2.90	6.39	2.66	10,412.14	0.06	0.50	10,562.63
Installation Support Vessel 1			1	243 x 56 x 26 (21)																										
	-Main Generators	2			2		6 Diesel	15,000	3.18	2	!	9 (133	24	-,	45%	45%		627,358		57.30	29.24	3.62	3.51	0.04	0.31	4,034.60	0.53	0.12	4,082.61
	-Main Generators	2			2		0 Diesel 2 Diesel			2		9 0	133	24	3,192	45% 0%	45% 0%			2.19	42.98	21.93	2.72	2.63	0.03	0.23	3,025.95	0.39	0.09	3,061.95
Inter-Array Cable Lay Vessel	-Emergency Generator	1	1	313 x 71 x 29 (24)	1	38.	2 Diesei			0		U	U	U	U	0%	0%			0	U	U	0	U	U	U	U	0	0	U
inter-Array Cable Lay Vessel	-Main Generators	4	1	313 x / 1 x 23 (24)	2	2,600	6 Diesel	15,000	3.18	4	129	9 40	212	24	5,088	37%	44%	101,415	1,188,679	9.69	190.00	96.94	12.01	11.65	0.13	1.03	13,377.88	1.74	0.39	13,537.06
Installation Support Vessel 2			1	243 x 56 x 26 (21)																										
	-Main Generators	2			2		6 Diesel	15,000	3.18	2		9 (212	24		45%	45%	3,538	1,000,000	4.66	91.34	46.60	5.77	5.60	0.06	0.49		0.84	0.19	6,507.61
	-Main Generators	2			2		0 Diesel			2		9 (212	24	5,088	45%	45%			3.50	68.51	34.95	4.33	4.20	0.05	0.37	4,823.32	0.63	0.14	4,880.71
	-Emergency Generator	1			1	38:	2 Diesel			0	(0 (0	0	0	0%	0%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fall Pipe Vessel - Scour protection		2	1	520 x 118 x 44 (31)	2	c 02:	2 2	50.000	2.40				450	24	2.540	720/	720/	25 277	2 200 027	40.54	545.00	42.02	7.22	7.04	45.40	4.70	25 207 07	0.46	4.24	25 574 20
	-Main Generators -Aux. Generator	3			3 2		2 Diesel 9 Diesel	50,000	3.18	9		6 (152 152	24 24	-7	72% 72%	72% 72%		2,389,937	19.51 1.73	515.00 33.99	42.92 17.34	7.23 2.15	7.01 2.08		1.72 0.18		0.16 0.31	1.21 0.07	25,571.39 2,421.42
	-Emergency Generator	1			1		0 Diesel			0			152	0	3,046	0%	0%			1.73	33.99	17.34	2.13	2.08	0.02	0.10	2,392.94	0.51	0.07	2,421.42
Pre-Sweep Dredger/Tug Combination			N/A	480 x 92 x 36 (30)	_	00	o biesei				,					0,0	070				- J		, ,		,		Ů	- J		
	_ Tugboat Main Engines	2	,		3	7,83	1 Diesel	15,000	3.18	1		9 (7	24	168	27%	17%	1,769	33,019	0.18	4.77	0.40	0.07	0.06	0.14	0.02	233.30	1.44E-03	1.12E-02	236.67
_ Tu	ugboat Harbor Generator	1			1		9 Diesel			0		0 (0	0	0	0%	0%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	oat Emergency Generator	1			1		7 Diesel			0		0 0	0	0	0	0%	0%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	_ Dredger Pump Engines	2			3		0 Diesel			0		0	7	24	168	0%	17%			0.12	3.04	0.25	0.04	0.04	0.09	1.02E-02	148.96	9.22E-04	7.15E-03	151.11
	redger Harbor Generator	1	21/2	404 440 25 (40)	2	1,220	0 Diesel			0		0 (0	0	0	0%	0%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pre-Trenching Barge	-Main Generators	4	N/A	401 x 110 x 25 (18)	2	1 22	2 Diesel	20,000	3.18	1	1!		-	24	120	98%	89%	3,931	31,447	0.23	4.57	2.33	0.29	0.28	3.05E-03	0.02	321.56	0.04	9.32E-03	325.39
	-Crane Engine	1			1		6 Diesel	20,000	5.10	0	1:		5	24		0%	89%		31,447	1.27E-02	0.46	0.23	1.21E-02	1.17E-02		1.27E-03			9.32E-03 9.38E-04	32.74
	-Emergency Generator	1			1		1 Diesel			0		0 0	0	0	0	0%	0%			0	0.10	0.23	0	0.17.2.02	0.072 01	0	0	0	0.502.01	0
Pre-Trenching Tug 1			N/A	98 x 31 x 10 (8)																		_								
	_ Main Engines	2			2	1,260	0 Diesel	2,500	3.18	1	15	5 (5	24	120	22%	22%		3,931		0.53	0.27	0.03	0.03	3.56E-04	2.89E-03	37.55	4.90E-03	1.09E-03	38.00
	-Aux. Generator	1			1		9 Diesel			1	15	5 (5	24	120	22%	22%			2.62E-03	0.10	0.05	2.50E-03	2.43E-03	6.34E-05	2.63E-04	6.69	8.73E-04	1.94E-04	6.77
	-Emergency Generator	1			1	8	7 Diesel			0		0 (0	0	0	0%	0%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pre-Trenching Tug 2	Main Frances	2	N/A	98 x 31 x 10 (8)	2	1 20	0 Diesel	2,500	3.18		41	_	-	24	120	220/	22%	491	3,931	0.03	0.53	0.27	0.03	0.03	3.56E-04	2.89E-03	27.55	4.90E-03	1.09E-03	20.00
	_ Main Engines -Aux. Generator	1			1		9 Diesel	2,500	3.18	1	11	5 (5	24	120 120	22% 22%	22%		3,931	2.62E-03	0.53	0.27 0.05	2.50E-03	2.43E-03		2.63E-04	37.55 6.69		1.09E-03 1.94E-04	38.00 6.77
	-Emergency Generator	1			1		7 Diesel			0	1.	0	0	0	0	0%	0%			2.021-03	0.10	0.03	2.302-03	2.431-03	0.342-03	2.031-04	0.03	0.732-04	1.541-04	0.77
Pre-Lay Grapnel Run Vessel			N/A	150 x 36 x 10						-			-	-	-							-	_			-		_		
	_ Main Engines	2			1	75	0 Diesel	4,000	3.18	2		9 (10	24	240	64%	50%	943	12,579	0.04	1.44	0.74	0.04	0.04	9.62E-04	3.99E-03	101.55	1.32E-02	2.94E-03	102.76
	-Aux. Generator	1			1		3 Diesel			2	!	9 (10	24	240	64%	50%			3.52E-03	0.13	0.07	3.37E-03	3.27E-03	8.53E-05	3.54E-04	9.00	1.17E-03	2.61E-04	9.11
	-Bow Thruster Engine	1			1		5 Diesel			0	(0	10	24	240	0%	50%			8.61E-03	0.31	0.16	8.23E-03	7.98E-03		8.64E-04	22.00		6.38E-04	22.26
	-Aux. Engine	1			1	13:	3 Diesel			0	1	0 (10	24	240	0%	50%			3.52E-03	0.13	0.07	3.37E-03	3.27E-03	8.53E-05	3.54E-04	9.00	1.17E-03	2.61E-04	9.11
Safety Vessel 1	Main Enginer	2	N/A	65 x 17 x 5	1		ODiocal	E 000	3.40	,		,	242	24	E 000	050/	050/	4 127	222 222	1 41	E1 20	26.42	1 35	1 21	0.03	0.14	2 605 02	0.47	0.10	3,647.93
	-Main Engines -Main Generators	2			1 1		0 Diesel 7 Diesel	5,000	3.18	7		9 0	212 212	24	5,088 5,088	95% 95%	95% 95%		333,333	1.41 0.06	51.20 2.08	26.12 1.06	1.35 0.05	1.31 0.05	1.39E-03	0.14 5.75E-03	3,605.03 146.44	0.47 0.02	0.10 4.24E-03	3,647.93 148.18
Safety Vessel 2	-iviaiii General015		N/A	65 x 17 x 5	1		, DIESEI			, '			212	24	3,000	3370	3370			0.06	2.00	1.00	0.03	0.05	1.331-03	J./JL-03	140.44	0.02	4.241-03	140.10
	-Main Engines	2	,		1	66	0 Diesel	5,000	3.18	7		9 (212	24	5,088	95%	95%	4,127	333,333	1.41	51.20	26.12	1.35	1.31	0.03	0.14	3,605.03	0.47	0.10	3,647.93
	-Main Generators	2			1		7 Diesel	3,700		7		9	212	24		95%	95%		,	0.06	2.08	1.06	0.05	0.05		5.75E-03	146.44	0.02	4.24E-03	148.18
					. "			*	•								TOTALS	199,534	6,856,918	80.03	1,163.64	429.75	44.15	42.82	22.51	7.37	78,174.15	5.72	2.95	79,196.28

- 1. Emission calculations provided in this assessment are based on development of up to 147 wind turbine locations.
 2. Operating days for export cable vessels are scaled down from the EW 1 (Gowanus) cable route (40 nm), proportionate to the EW 2 (Oceanside) export cable length (26 nm).
- 3. Operating days for route preparation vessels (pre-lay grapnel run, pre-sweep dredging, and pre-trenching) are scaled up from the total EW 1 cable length (156 nm), proportionate to the total EW 2 cable length of 170 nm (144 nm for interarray cables and 26 nm for export cable).
- 4. Operating days for the fall pipe vessel assume scour protection will be required for 10% of the total EW 2 cable length of 170 nm, and are scaled up from the total EW 1 cable length of 156 nm.
 5. Transit emissions are based on an assumed vessel speed of 6 knots for tugs and barges (and 10 knots for all other vessel types), and the following one-way travel distances:
- Charleston-area port to center of OCS lease area: 643 nm (23 nm in SC state waters, 590 nm in non-OCS federal waters, and 30 nm within OCS radius)
- South Brooklyn Marine Terminal to center of OCS lease area: 43.5 nm

 Overseas port to center of OCS lease area: 30.0 nm (only includes portion of transit within 25 nm of the OCS lease area)
- 6. The number of transits for each vessel are based on the following assumption
- 1 round trip to/from port for pre-sweep dregding and pre-trenching vessels.

 1 round trip to/from Charleston, SC for export cable lay vessel
- $4\ round\ trips\ to/from\ Charleston,\ SC\ for\ interarray\ cable\ lay\ vessel$
- 2 round trips to/from port for cable lay support vessels and pre-lay grapnel run vessel.
- 9 round trips to/from overseas port for the fall pipe vessel (based on volume required to install scour protection for 10% of total cable length). Monthly round trips to/from port for safety vessels.

 7. Helicopter transits to the export cable lay vessel assume two round trips per week, with a duration of 30 minutes per round trip based on travel from JFK Int'l Airport.
- One-way distance estimated to average 20 mi along the EW 2 export cable route (varies from 8 to 32 mi, with total mileage distributions of 6% in Queens County, 41% in Nassau County, and 53% inside OCS radius).
- 8. The specific vessels for each operation have not been finalized at this time; however, the vessels identifed for each installation activity are typical sizes for performing this effort.

 9. Default emission factors for marine vessel engines are from ICF International report to the US EPA "Current Methodologies in Preparing Mobile Source Port-Related Emissions Inventories", April 2009.
- 10. For vessels known to be subject to EPA Tier 3 or Tier 4, the appropriate emission standards from 40 CFR 1042 may be used for NOx, CO, HC, and PM, based on the engine's power rating, displacement, and model year.
- 11. HAP emission factors for commercial marine vessels were determined using the methodology identified by US EPA for the latest (2017) National Emissions Inventory (NEI); i.e., they are calculated as percentages of the PMor VOC emissions from the CMVs.

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2) - AIR EMISSION CALCULATIONS Table K-1-10. EW 2 Export and Interarray Cable Installation Emissions

																								Total	Emissions (Tra	ansit)				
Vessels/Equipm		No. of Engines per vessel	1. DP 2.Anchored	Dimensions (ft) length x width x depth (draft)	Emission Factor Used (see EFs	Engine Rating	Fuel Type	Assumed fuel rate (kg per	Assumed fuel density (kg/gal)	Transit Round Trips	Transit Duration (hrs/round	Non-OCS Operating Days	OCS Operating Days	Non-Transit Operating Hours (hrs/day)	Non-Transit Total Operating Hours (hrs)	Transit Average load (%)	Non-Transit Average load (%)	Fuel Usage Gallons	Non-Transit Fuel Usage Gallons	VOC tons	NO _x tons	CO tons	PM ₁₀ tons	PM _{2.5} tons	SO ₂ tons	HAPs tons	CO ₂ tons	CH ₄ tons	N₂O tons	CO ₂ e tons
	1	Jei vessei	5.5puus	(urait)	worksheet)	(hp)		vessel per day)			trip)			(IIIS/Uay)	(1113)			(per vessel)	(per vessel)											
Helicopter - Twin-Engine Heavy			N/A																											
	-Main Engines	2			164	1 40	0 Jet fuel	N/A	N/A	38	0.1		0	0	0	100%	0%	5,980	0	0.03	0.33	7.79E-03	7.60E-03	7.60E-03	0.02	6.57E-04	63.08	1.81E-03	2.09E-03	63.75
Export Cable Lay Vessel			1	492 x 102 x 42 (29)				.,,	.,,									5,000							0.00					
	-Main Generators	6			5.02	4,62	5 Diesel	20,000	3.18	1	129	10	133	24	3,192	21%	22%	33,805	899,371	1.21	1.57	3.03	0.11	0.11	0.24	0.10	391.37	2.42E-03	0.02	397.02
Installation Support Vessel 1			1	243 x 56 x 26 (21)																										
	-Main Generators	2			2		6 Diesel	15,000	3.18	2		9 0	133	24	-,	45%	45%		627,358		0.32	0.16	0.02	0.02		1.75E-03	22.75	2.97E-03	6.59E-04	23.02
	-Main Generators	2			2		0 Diesel 2 Diesel			2		9	133	24	3,192	45% 0%	45% 0%			1.24E-02	0.24	0.12	0.02	1.49E-02	1.62E-04	1.31E-03	17.06	2.23E-03	4.95E-04	17.27
Inter-Array Cable Lay Vessel	-Emergency Generator	1	1	313 x 71 x 29 (24)	1	38.	Z Diesei			U	,	, ,	U	U	U	0%	0%			U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	·
inter Array cable Edy Vesser	-Main Generators	4	_	313 x / 1 x 23 (24)	2	2,600	6 Diesel	15,000	3.18	4	129	40	212	24	5,088	37%	44%	101,415	1,188,679	0.83	16.21	8.27	1.02	0.99	1.08E-02	0.09	1,141.37	0.15	0.03	1,154.95
Installation Support Vessel 2			1	243 x 56 x 26 (21)																										
	-Main Generators	2			2		6 Diesel	15,000	3.18	2		9 0	212			45%	45%		1,000,000		0.32	0.16		0.02		1.75E-03	22.75	2.97E-03	6.59E-04	23.02
	-Main Generators	2			2		0 Diesel			2	!	9 0	212	24	5,088	45%	45%			1.24E-02	0.24	0.12	0.02	1.49E-02	1.62E-04	1.31E-03	17.06	2.23E-03	4.95E-04	17.27
S. II Di V I . C	-Emergency Generator	1		520 440 44 (24)	1	38.	2 Diesel			0	() (0	0	0	0%	0%	5		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C
Fall Pipe Vessel - Scour protection	-Main Generators	3	1	520 x 118 x 44 (31)	3	6.03	2 Diesel	50,000	3.18	a		5 (152	24	3,648	72%	72%	35,377	2,389,937	0.29	7.62	0.64	0.11	0.10	0.23	0.03	373.13	2.31E-03	0.02	378.52
	-Aux. Generator	1			2		9 Diesel	30,000	5.10	9		5 6	152			72%	72%		2,303,337	0.03	0.50	0.26		0.03		2.73E-03	35.42	4.62E-03	1.03E-03	35.84
	-Emergency Generator	1			1		0 Diesel			0			0	0	0	0%	0%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C
Pre-Sweep Dredger/Tug Combination	on		N/A	480 x 92 x 36 (30)																										
	_ Tugboat Main Engines	2			3		1 Diesel	15,000	3.18	1	9	9 0	7	24	168	27%	17%		33,019	0.02	0.42	0.03	5.87E-03	5.70E-03	1.26E-02	1.40E-03	20.48	1.27E-04	9.83E-04	20.77
	ugboat Harbor Generator	1			1		9 Diesel			0			0	0	0	0%	0%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C
_ Tugbo	oat Emergency Generator	1			3		7 Diesel 0 Diesel			0			0	24	168	0% 0%	0% 17%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
n	Dredger Pump Engines Dredger Harbor Generator	1			3		0 Diesel			0			,	24	108	0%	17%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Pre-Trenching Barge	reager riarbor deficiator		N/A	401 x 110 x 25 (18)		1,22	Diesei				,				Ü	070	070	1			Ü		Ü			U		- U	·	
0.101	-Main Generators	4	,		2	1,333	2 Diesel	20,000	3.18	1	1	5 0	5	24	120	98%	89%	3,931	31,447	0.03	0.63	0.32	0.04	0.04	4.19E-04	3.40E-03	44.24	5.77E-03	1.28E-03	44.77
	-Crane Engine	1			1		6 Diesel			0		0	5	24	120	0%	89%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C
	-Emergency Generator	1			1	36	1 Diesel			0	- 1) (0	0	0	0%	0%	5		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C
Pre-Trenching Tug 1	****	-	N/A	98 x 31 x 10 (8)	2	4.26	0.00	2.500	2.40				_	2.0	420	220/	220/		2.024	2 405 02	0.07	0.00	4 245 02	4 005 00	4 455 05	2 645 04	4.50	6 425 04	4 265 04	
	_ Main Engines -Aux. Generator	1			2		0 Diesel 9 Diesel	2,500	3.18	1	1:		5	24 24	120 120	22% 22%	22% 22%		3,931	3.40E-03 3.27E-04	0.07 1.19E-02	0.03 6.06E-03	4.21E-03 3.13E-04	4.09E-03 3.03E-04		3.61E-04 3.29E-05	4.69 0.84	6.12E-04 1.09E-04	1.36E-04 2.42E-05	4.75 0.85
	-Emergency Generator	1			1		7 Diesel			0	1:		0	24	120	0%	0%			3.271-04	0	0.001-03	3.131-04	3.031-04	7.932-00	3.236-03	0.84	1.032-04	2.421-03	0.83
Pre-Trenching Tug 2			N/A	98 x 31 x 10 (8)						-	,		-		-												-	_		
	_ Main Engines	2		• •	2		0 Diesel	2,500	3.18	1	1	5 (5	24		22%	22%		3,931	3.40E-03	0.07	0.03	4.21E-03	4.09E-03	4.45E-05	3.61E-04	4.69	6.12E-04	1.36E-04	4.75
	-Aux. Generator	1			1		9 Diesel			1	1	5 0	5	24	120	22%	22%			3.27E-04	1.19E-02	6.06E-03	3.13E-04	3.03E-04	7.93E-06	3.29E-05	0.84	1.09E-04	2.42E-05	0.85
	-Emergency Generator	1			1	8	7 Diesel			0	() (0	0	0	0%	0%	5		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C
Pre-Lay Grapnel Run Vessel	Main Engines	2	N/A	150 x 36 x 10	1	75	O Diocol	4.000	2.10	,	١.		10	24	340	6.49/	E00/	043	12 570	2 025 02	0.14	0.07	2 655 02	3 5 4 5 0 3	0.245.05	2 025 04	0.75	1 275 02	2 025 04	0.07
	_ Main Engines -Aux. Generator	1			1		0 Diesel 3 Diesel	4,000	3.18	2		9 (10 10	24	240 240	64% 64%	50% 50%		12,579	3.82E-03 3.38E-04	0.14 1.23E-02	0.07 6.27E-03	3.65E-03 3.23E-04	3.54E-03 3.14E-04		3.83E-04 3.40E-05	9.75 0.86	1.27E-03 1.13E-04	2.83E-04 2.51E-05	9.87 0.88
	-Bow Thruster Engine	1			1		5 Diesel			0			10	24		0%	50%			0.302.04	0	0.272.03	0.232	0.142.04	0.152.00	0.402.00	0.80	0	2.512.05	0.86
	-Aux. Engine	1			1		3 Diesel			0			10	24		0%	50%			o	0	0	0	0	o	0	0	o	Ö	Č
Safety Vessel 1			N/A	65 x 17 x 5																										
	-Main Engines	2			1		0 Diesel	5,000	3.18	7	!	9 0	212	24	5,088	95%	95%		333,333	0.02	0.63	0.32	0.02	0.02	4.23E-04	1.75E-03	44.64	5.82E-03	1.29E-03	45.17
Cofee Manual 2	-Main Generators	2	21/2	C5 47 5	1	2	7 Diesel			7	!	9 (212	24	5,088	95%	95%			7.10E-04	0.03	1.31E-02	6.78E-04	6.58E-04	1.72E-05	7.12E-05	1.81	2.37E-04	5.26E-05	1.83
Safety Vessel 2	Main Family	2	N/A	65 x 17 x 5	_		O Diose!	F 000	3.40	_			242		F 000	0501	0501	4 4 2 7	222 222	0.00	0.00	0.22	0.00	0.00	4 225 04	1 755 00	44.64	E 03E 03	1 205 02	45.17
	-Main Engines -Main Generators	2			1		0 Diesel 7 Diesel	5,000	3.18	7		9 (212 212	24 24	-,	95% 95%	95% 95%		333,333	0.02 7.10E-04	0.63 0.03	0.32 1.31E-02	0.02 6.78E-04	0.02 6.58E-04	4.23E-04 1.72E-05	1.75E-03 7.12E-05	44.64 1.81	5.82E-03 2.37E-04	1.29E-03 5.26E-05	45.17 1.83
	Wall Generators		1				, Joiesei		l .			-1	212	24	3,000	5576	TOTALS		6,856,918			13.96		1.40		0.23		0.19	0.08	

- 1. Emission calculations provided in this assessment are based on development of up to 147 wind turbine locations.
 2. Operating days for export cable vessels are scaled down from the EW 1 (Gowanus) cable route (40 nm), proportionate to the EW 2 (Oceanside) export cable length (26 nm).
- 3. Operating days for route preparation vessels (pre-lay grapnel run, pre-sweep dredging, and pre-trenching) are scaled up from the total EW 1 cable length (156 nm), proportionate to the total EW 2 cable length of 170 nm (144 nm for interarray cables and 26 nm for export cable).
- 4. Operating days for the fall pipe vessel assume scour protection will be required for 10% of the total EW 2 cable length of 170 nm, and are scaled up from the total EW 1 cable length of 156 nm.
 5. Transit emissions are based on an assumed vessel speed of 6 knots for tugs and barges (and 10 knots for all other vessel types), and the following one-way travel distances:
- Charleston-area port to center of OCS lease area: 643 nm (23 nm in SC state waters, 590 nm in non-OCS federal waters, and 30 nm within OCS radius)
- South Brooklyn Marine Terminal to center of OCS lease area: 43.5 nm

 Overseas port to center of OCS lease area: 30.0 nm (only includes portion of transit within 25 nm of the OCS lease area)
- 6. The number of transits for each vessel are based on the following assumption
- 1 round trip to/from port for pre-sweep dregding and pre-trenching vessels.

 1 round trip to/from Charleston, SC for export cable lay vessel
- 4 round trips to/from Charleston, SC for interarray cable lay vessel 2 round trips to/from port for cable lay support vessels and pre-lay grapnel run vessel.
- 9 round trips to/from overseas port for the fall pipe vessel (based on volume required to install scour protection for 10% of total cable length).
- Monthly round trips to/from port for safety vessels.

 7. Helicopter transits to the export cable lay vessel assume two round trips per week, with a duration of 30 minutes per round trip based on travel from JFK Int'l Airport.
- One-way distance estimated to average 20 mi along the EW 2 export cable route (varies from 8 to 32 mi, with total mileage distributions of 6% in Queens County, 41% in Nassau County, and 53% inside OCS radius).
- 8. The specific vessels for each operation have not been finalized at this time; however, the vessels identifed for each installation activity are typical sizes for performing this effort.

 9. Default emission factors for marine vessel engines are from ICF International report to the US EPA "Current Methodologies in Preparing Mobile Source Port-Related Emissions Inventories", April 2009.
- 10. For vessels known to be subject to EPA Tier 3 or Tier 4, the appropriate emission standards from 40 CFR 1042 may be used for NOx, CO, HC, and PM, based on the engine's power rating, displacement, and model year.
- 11. HAP emission factors for commercial marine vessels were determined using the methodology identified by US EPA for the latest (2017) National Emissions Inventory (NEI); i.e., they are calculated as percentages of the PMor VOC emissions from the CMVs.

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2) - AIR EMISSION CALCULATIONS Table K-1-11. EW 1 and EW 2 Export Cable Landfall Marine Construction Emissions

LANDFALL MARINE INSTALLATION EQUIPMENT FOR EW	1 (GOWANUS)																				Total Em	issions (Non-	Transit)				
	1 (6011711105)		Emission				Transit	Transit	Non-OCS	ocs	Non-Transit	Non-Transit	Transit	Non-Transit	Transit	Non-Transit											
	No. of 1. DP	Dimensions (ft)	Factor	Engine Fuel	Assumed fuel	Assumed fuel	Round	Duration	Operating	Operating	Operating	otal Operating	Average	Average	Fuel Usage	Fuel Usage	voc	NOx	co	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	HAPs	CO2	CH ₄	N ₂ O	CO₂e
Vessels/Equipment	Engines 2.Anchore	d length x width x depth	Used	Rating Type	rate (kg per	density (kg/gal)	Trips	(hrs/round	Days	Days	Hours	Hours	load (%)	load (%)	Gallons	Gallons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
	per vessel 3.Spuds	(draft)	(see EFs	(hp)	vessel per day	, , , ,		trip)		.,.	(hrs/day)	(hrs)	,	,	(per vessel)	(per vessel)											
Channel Area Dredger/Tug Combination	N/A	480 x 92 x 36 (30)	worksheet)																								
- Tugboat Main Engines		400 X 32 X 30 (30)	2	7,831 Diesel	15,00	3.18	1	2		122	2/	2,928	27%	17%	590	0 575,472	3.15	83.07	6.92	1.17	1.13	2.50	0.28	4,066.14	0.03	0.20	4,124.
Tugboat Harbor Generator			1	979 Diesel	13,00	3.10	0	0		122	2-	2,320	2770 0%	0%	33.	373,472	0.15	05.07	0.32	1.17	1.13	2.50	0.20	4,000.14	0.03	0.20	7,124.
_ Tugboat Financial Generator			1	737 Diesel			0	0		0			0%	0%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
_ Dredger Pump Engines			3	5,000 Diesel			0	0		122	2/	2,928	0%	17%			2.01	53.04	4.42	0.74	0.72	1.59	0.18	2,596.18	0.02	0.12	2,633.
_ Dredger Harbor Generator	1		2	1,220 Diesel			0	0		0		0	0%	0%			0	0	2	0.7.	0.72	0	0.10	2,330.10	0.02	0.12	2,033.
Pier Area Dredger/Tug Combination	N/A	480 x 92 x 36 (30)	-	1,220 516561			-		,	Ŭ	`		0,0	0,0					Ü	, i		-					
_ Tugboat Main Engines	2	, ,	3	7,831 Diesel	15,00	3.18	1	3	3 0	62	24	1,488	27%	17%	590	0 292,453	1.60	42.22	3.52	0.59	0.57	1.27	0.14	2,066.40	1.28E-02	0.10	2,096.
_ Tugboat Harbor Generator	1		1	979 Diesel	•		0	0	0	0	(0	0%	0%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	1
_ Tugboat Emergency Generator	1		1	737 Diesel			0	0	0	0	(0	0%	0%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
_ Dredger Pump Engines			3	5,000 Diesel			0	0	0	62	24	1,488	0%	17%			1.02	26.96	2.25	0.38	0.37	0.81	0.09	1,319.37	8.17E-03	0.06	1,338.
_ Dredger Harbor Generator	1		2	1,220 Diesel			0	0	0	0	(0	0%	0%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Tug for O&M Base Pilings	N/A	98 x 31 x 10 (8)																						-			
-Main Engines	2		2	1,260 Diesel	1,50	3.18	0	0	0	90	4	360	0%	79%		0 42,453	0.29	5.76	2.94	0.36	0.35	3.84E-03	0.03	405.52	0.05	1.18E-02	410.
-Aux. Generator	1		1	449 Diesel			0	0	0	90	4	360	0%	79%			0.03	1.03	0.52	0.03	0.03	6.85E-04	2.84E-03	72.26	9.43E-03	2.09E-03	73.
-Emergency Generator	2		1	87 Diesel			0	0	0	0	(0	0%	0%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
O&M Base Piling Barge	2	400 x 105 x 25																									
-Station-keeping Engine	1		1	200 Diesel	1,00	3.18	0	0	0	180	12	2,160	0%	56%		0 28,302	0.05	1.94	0.99	0.05	0.05	1.29E-03	5.36E-03	136.51	0.02	3.96E-03	
- Piling Rig Engine	1		1	800 Diesel			0	0	0	90	8	720	0%	56%		0	0.07	2.59	1.32	0.07	0.07	1.72E-03	7.15E-03	182.01	0.02	5.28E-03	184.
Tug for Cable Landfall and Bulkhead	N/A	98 x 31 x 10 (8)																									
-Main Engines	2		2	1,260 Diesel	1,50	3.18	0	0	0	240	4	960	0%	79%		0 113,208	0.78	15.36	7.84	0.97	0.94	1.02E-02	0.08	1,081.39	0.14	0.03	1,094.
-Aux. Generator	1		1	449 Diesel			0	0	0	240	4	960	0%	79%		1	0.08	2.74	1.40	0.07	0.07	1.83E-03	7.57E-03	192.69	0.03	5.59E-03	194.
-Emergency Generator	2		1	87 Diesel			0	0	0	0	(0	0%	0%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Cable Landfall and Bulkhead Barge	2	400 x 105 x 25																									
-Station-keeping Engine	1		1	200 Diesel	1,00	3.18	0	0	0	210	5	1,050	0%	84%		0 66,038	0.04	1.43	0.73	0.04	0.04	9.52E-04	3.94E-03	100.43	1.31E-02	2.91E-03	
- Piling Rig Engine	1		1	800 Diesel			0	0	0	210	8	1,680	0%	84%		0	0.25	9.13	4.66	0.24	0.23	6.09E-03	0.03	642.78	0.08	0.02	650.

NDFALL MARINE INSTALLATIO	ON EQUIPMENT FOR EW 2 (OCEANSII	DE)																					Total Em	ssions (Nor	n-Transit)				
			,		Emission					Transit	Transit	Non-OCS	ocs	Non-Transit	Non-Transit	Transit	Non-Transit	Transit	Non-Transit											
	1	No. of	1. DP	Dimensions (ft)	Factor	Engine	Fuel	Assumed fuel	Assumed fuel	Round	Duration	Operating	Operating	Operating	otal Operatin	Average	Average	Fuel Usage	Fuel Usage	voc	NO _x	со	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	HAPs	CO ₂	CH ₄	N ₂ O	CO₂e
Vessels/Equip	oment E	ngines	2.Anchored	length x width x depth	Used	Rating	Type	rate (kg per	density (kg/gal)	Trips	(hrs/round	Days	Days	Hours	Hours	load (%)	load (%)	Gallons	Gallons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
	pe	r vessel	3.Spuds	(draft)	(see EFs	(hp)		vessel per day)			trip)			(hrs/day)	(hrs)			(per vessel)	(per vessel)											
					worksheet)																									
ug for Cofferdam Barge			N/A 9	8 x 31 x 10 (8)																										
	-Main Engines	2			2	1,260	Diesel	5,000	3.18		4 9	0	120	24	2,880	44%	44%	2,358	188,679	1.31	25.60	13.06	1.62	1.57	0.02	0.14	1,802.32	0.24	0.05	1,823.76
	-Aux. Generator	1			1	449	Diesel				4 9	0	120	24	2,880	44%	44%	5		0.13	4.56	2.33	0.12	0.12	3.04E-03	1.26E-02	321.16	0.04	9.31E-03	324.98
	-Emergency Generator	2			1	87	Diesel				0	0	C	0	0	0%	0%	5		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C
offerdam Barge			2 4	00 x 105 x 25																										
	-Station-keeping Engine	1			1	200	Diesel	2,000	3.18		1 9	0	120	24	2,880	0%	52%	0	75,472	0.07	2.41	1.23	0.06	0.06	1.61E-03	6.67E-03	169.88	0.02	4.92E-03	171.90
	- Piling Rig Engine	1			1	800	Diesel				1 9	0	120	24	2,880	0%	52%	0		0.27	9.65	4.92	0.25	0.25	6.44E-03	0.03	679.51	0.09	0.02	687.60
											•	•	•		то	TALS FOR EW 2	(OCEANSIDE)	2.358	264,151	1.76	42.22	21.54	2.06	1.99	0.03	0.18	2.973	0.39	0.09	3.008

- 1. Non-transit activity durations were estimated based on the number of days of operation provided by the project.
- 2. Transit emissions are based on an assumed vessel speed of 6 knots for tugs and barges (and 10 knots for all other vessel types), and the following one-way travel distances:

 Overseas port to South Brooklyn Marine Terminal: 13.5 nm (only includes portion of transit within the state seaward boundary)
- South Brooklyn Marine Terminal to EW 2 (Oceanside) landfall site: 27 nm (Kings: 7.8 nm; Queens: 3 nm; Nassau: 16.2 nm)

- South Brooklyn Marine Terminal to EW 2 (Oceanside) landfall site: 27 nm (Kings: 7.8 nm; Queens: 3 nm; Nassau: 16.2 nm)

 3. The number of transits for each vessel are based on the following assumptions:
 One round trip to/from overseas port for the dredger.
 Monthly round trips to/from SBMT for the cofferdam barge tug.
 One round trip to/from SBMT for the cofferdam barge.

 4. The specific vessels for each operation have not been finalized at this time; however, the vessels identified for each installation activity are typical sizes for performing this effort.

 5. Default emission factors for marine vessel engines are from ICF International report to the US EPA "Current Methodologies in Preparing Mobile Source Port-Related Emissions Inventories", April 2009.

 6. For vessels known to be subject to EPA Tier 3 or Tier 4, the appropriate emission standards from 40 CFR 1042 may be used for NOx, CO, HC, and PM, based on the engine's power rating, displacement, and model year.

 7. HAP emission factors for commercial marine vessels were determined using the methodology identified by US EPA for the latest (2017) National Emissions Inventory (NEI); i.e., they are calculated as percentages of the PMor VOC emissions from the CMVs.

 The HAP emissions for nonroad engines were estimated based on EPA's AP-42 Volume 1, Chapters 3.3 and 3.4 for small and large diesel engines. (see HAP emission factor summary pages)
- 8. Average load factors for vessel engines were estimated based on typical daily fuel use rates provided by the project.
- 9. ${\rm CO_2e}$ emission rates use the following carbon equivalence factors: 25 for CH₂, and 298 for N₂O.

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2) - AIR EMISSION CALCULATIONS Table K-1-11. EW 1 and EW 2 Export Cable Landfall Marine Construction Emissions

LANDFALL MARINE INSTALLATION EQUIPMENT FOR EV	N 1 (GOWANUS)																				Total	Emissions (Tra	nsit)				
ENDIALE MARINE HOTALEATION EQUI MENT TOKE	i (dowaltos)		Emission				Transit	Transit	Non-OCS	ocs	Non-Transit	Non-Transit	Transit	Non-Transit	Transit	Non-Transit											T
	No. of 1. DP	Dimensions (ft)	Factor	Engine Fuel	Assumed fuel	Assumed fuel	Round	Duration	Operating	Operating	Operating	otal Operating	Average	Average	Fuel Usage	Fuel Usage	voc	NO _x	co	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	HAPs	CO ₂	CH ₄	N ₂ O	CO₂e
Vessels/Equipment	Engines 2.Anchore	d length x width x depth	Used	Rating Type		density (kg/gal)	Trips	(hrs/round	Days	Days	Hours	Hours	load (%)	load (%)	Gallons	Gallons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
	per vessel 3.Spuds	(draft)	(see EFs	(hp)	vessel per day			trip)	.,.		(hrs/day)	(hrs)	,		(per vessel)												
Character Daylor (T. Carlein)	21/2	400 03 36 (20)	worksheet)																								
Channel Area Dredger/Tug Combination	N/A	480 x 92 x 36 (30)						_																			
_ Tugboat Main Engine			3	7,831 Diesel	15,00	3.18	1	3	C	122	24	2,928	27%			0 575,472	5.28E-03	0.14	1.16E-02	1.96E-03	1.90E-03	4.19E-03	4.67E-04	6.83	4.23E-05	3.28E-04	1 6.
_ Tugboat Harbor Generato			1	979 Diesel			0	0	C	0	1	0	0%	6 09			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
_ Tugboat Emergency Generato			1	737 Diesel			0	0	C	0		0	0%	6 09			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
_ Dredger Pump Engine			3	5,000 Diesel			0	0	C	122	24	2,928	0%	179	6		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
_ Dredger Harbor Generato			2	1,220 Diesel			0	0	C	0	(0	0%	6 09	ó		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
Pier Area Dredger/Tug Combination	N/A	480 x 92 x 36 (30)																									
_ Tugboat Main Engine			3	7,831 Diesel	15,00	3.18	1	3	C	62	24	1,488	27%	179	59	0 292,453	5.28E-03	0.14	1.16E-02	1.96E-03	1.90E-03	4.19E-03	4.67E-04	6.83	4.23E-05	3.28E-04	6.
. Tugboat Harbor Generato	or 1		1	979 Diesel			0	0	C	0		0	0%	6 09	6		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	,
_ Tugboat Emergency Generato	or 1		1	737 Diesel			0	0	C	0		0	0%	6 09	6		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	,
_ Dredger Pump Engine	es 2		3	5,000 Diesel			0	0	C	62	24	1,488	0%	179	5		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ار
_ Dredger Harbor Generato	or 1		2	1,220 Diesel			0	0	C	0		0	0%	09	5		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ار
Tug for O&M Base Pilings	N/A	98 x 31 x 10 (8)																									
-Main Engine		, ,	2	1,260 Diesel	1,50	3.18	0	0	C	90		360	0%	79%	6	0 42,453	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ار
-Aux. Generato			1	449 Diesel	,		0	0	0	90		360	0%	79%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	,
-Emergency Generato			1	87 Diesel			0	0	0	0		0	0%	09			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	,
O&M Base Piling Barge	2	400 x 105 x 25							-	-									-						-		+
-Station-keeping Engin	ie 1		1	200 Diesel	1,00	00 3.18	n	n	n	180	1	2,160	0%	56%	5	0 28,302	n	n	n	n	n	n	0	n	n	n	,
- Piling Rig Engin			1	800 Diesel	2,00	5.10	0	0	0	90	1	720	0%	56%		0 20,002	0	0	0	o o	0	0	0	0	0	0	,
Tug for Cable Landfall and Bulkhead		98 x 31 x 10 (8)	1 1	220 516361			·	Ĭ	_	- 50		, , , , ,	0,0	30,		-	<u> </u>		Ĭ	Ĭ		1		ŭ			
-Main Engine		30 7 31 7 10 (0)	2	1,260 Diesel	1,50	00 3.18	0	0		240		960	0%	79%		0 113,208	0	0		ا ا	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
-Aux, Generato			1	449 Diesel	1,30	3.16	0	0		240		960	0%	79%		113,208	0	0	"		0	0	0	0	0	0	,
-Aux. Generato			1	87 Diesel			0	0		240		960	0%	09			0	0			0	0	0	0	0	0	,
Cable Landfall and Bulkhead Barge	JI 4	400 x 105 x 25	1	67 Diesei			U	U		, 0		, 0	070	. 07	9	+	U	U		U	U	U	U	U	U	U	+
	1 2	400 X 103 X 25	1	200 Diesel	1,00	00 3.18				210	l .	1,050	00/	849	.]	0 66,038	0	0			0	0	0	0	0	0	,
-Station-keeping Engin			1	800 Diesel	1,00	3.18	0	0		210	1	1,050	0%	847		0 00,038	0	0			0	0	0	0	0	0	,
- Piling Rig Engin	ie 1		1	800 Diesel			0	0	1 0	J 210		1,680	0%	849	0	υĮ	1.06E-02	0	0.02	3.92E-03	Ü	0	U	0	8.45E-05	6.55E-04	13.

ANDFALL MARINE INSTALLATION EQUIPMENT FOR EW	2 (OCEANS	IDE)																					Total E	missions (Tr	ransit)				
	•			Emission					Transit	Transit	Non-OCS	ocs	Non-Transit	Non-Transit	Transit	Non-Transit	Transit	Non-Transit										•	
	No. of	1. DP	Dimensions (ft)	Factor	Engine	Fuel	Assumed fuel	Assumed fuel	Round	Duration	Operating	Operating	Operating To	otal Operatin	Average	Average	Fuel Usage	Fuel Usage	voc	NO _x	co	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	HAPs	CO ₂	CH₄	N ₂ O	CO₂e
Vessels/Equipment	Engines	2.Anchored	length x width x depth	Used	Rating	Туре	rate (kg per	density (kg/gal)	Trips	(hrs/round	Days	Days	Hours	Hours	load (%)	load (%)	Gallons	Gallons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
	per vessel	3.Spuds	(draft)	(see EFs	(hp)		vessel per day)			trip)			(hrs/day)	(hrs)			(per vessel)	(per vessel)										Į.	
				worksheet)																								Į.	
Tug for Cofferdam Barge		N/A	98 x 31 x 10 (8)																										
-Main Engines	2			2	1,260 Dies	el	5,000	3.18	4	9	0	120	24	2,880	44%	44%	2,358	188,679	1.63E-02	0.32	0.16	2.02E-02	1.96E-02	2.13E-04	1.73E-03	22.53	2.94E-03	6.53E-04	22.80
-Aux. Generator	1			1	449 Dies	el			4	9	0	120	24	2,880	44%	44%			1.57E-03	0.06	0.03	1.50E-03	1.46E-03	3.80E-05	1.58E-04	4.01	5.24E-04	1.16E-04	4.06
-Emergency Generator	2			1	87 Dies	el			0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cofferdam Barge		2	400 x 105 x 25																										
-Station-keeping Engine	1			1	200 Dies	el	2,000	3.18	1	9	0	120	24	2,880	0%	52%	0	75,472	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	e e
- Piling Rig Engine				1	800 Dies	el			1	9	0	120	24	2,880	0%	52%	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
														TO	TALS FOR FW 2	(OCEANSIDE)	2 358	264 151	1.79F-02	0.38	0.19	2.17F-02	2.11F-02	2.52F-04	1.89F-03	26.54	3.46F-03	7.69F-04	26.86

- 1. Non-transit activity durations were estimated based on the number of days of operation provided by the project.
- 2. Transit emissions are based on an assumed vessel speed of 6 knots for tugs and barges (and 10 knots for all other vessel types), and the following one-way travel distances:

 Overseas port to South Brooklyn Marine Terminal: 13.5 nm (only includes portion of transit within the state seaward boundary)
- South Brooklyn Marine Terminal to EW 2 (Oceanside) landfall site: 27 nm (Kings: 7.8 nm; Queens: 3 nm; Nassau: 16.2 nm)

- South Brooklyn Marine Terminal to EW 2 (Oceanside) landfall site: 27 nm (Kings: 7.8 nm; Queens: 3 nm; Nassau: 16.2 nm)

 3. The number of transits for each vessel are based on the following assumptions:
 One round trip to/from overseas port for the dredger.
 Monthly round trips to/from SBMT for the cofferdam barge tug.
 One round trip to/from SBMT for the cofferdam barge tug.
 One round trip to/from SBMT for the cofferdam barge.

 4. The specific vessels for each operation have not been finalized at this time; however, the vessels identifed for each installation activity are typical sizes for performing this effort.

 5. Default emission factors for marine vessel engines are from ICF International report to the US EPA "Current Methodologies in Preparing Mobile Source Port-Related Emissions Inventories", April 2009.

 6. For vessels known to be subject to EPA Tier 3 or Tier 4, the appropriate emission standards from 40 CFR 1042 may be used for NOx, CO, HC, and PM, based on the engine's power rating, displacement, and model year.
- The HAP emissions for nonroad engines were based on EPA's AP-42 Volume 1, Chapters 3.3 and 3.4 for small and large diesel engines. (see HAP emissions factors summary pages)
- 8. Average load factors for vessel engines were estimated based on typical daily fuel use rates provided by the project.
- 9. ${\rm CO_2e}$ emission rates use the following carbon equivalence factors: 25 for CH₂, and 298 for N₂O.

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2) - AIR EMISSION CALCULATIONS Table K-1-12. EW 1 Wind Turbine Installation Emissions

																							Total Em	ssions (Non-	Transit)				
				Emission					Transit	Transit	Non-OCS	ocs	Non-Transit	Non-Transit	Transit	Non-Transit	Transit	Non-Transit											
	No. of	. DP	Dimensions (ft)	Factor	Engine	Fuel	Assumed fuel	Assumed fuel	Round	Duration	Operating	Operating	Operating	otal Operating	Average	Average	Fuel Usage	Fuel Usage	voc	NO _x	co	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	HAPs	CO2	CH ₄	N ₂ O	CO₂e
Vessels/Equipment	Engines 2	.Anchored	length x width x depth	Used	Rating	Type	rate (kg per	density (kg/gal)	Trips	(hrs/round	Days	Days	Hours	Hours	load (%)	load (%)	Gallons	Gallons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
, q. y	-	.Spuds	(draft)	(see EFs	(hp)	,,	vessel per day)	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		trip)		.,	(hrs/day)	(hrs)		,	(per vessel)	(per vessel)											ı
			, , ,	worksheet)			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,						, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, ,			u ,	.,											I.
Helicopter - Twin-Engine Heavy		N/A																											
-Main Engine	s 2			164	1,400	ot fuel	N/A	N/A		50 0.5			0	0	100%	0%	9.442	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	l 0
Main Installation Vessel	5 Z	3	484 x 138 x 36	104	1,400)	etiuei	IN/A	IN/A		0	,	'	, ,	Ü	100%	0/8	3,442	U	U	0	0	0	0	Ü	0	0	0	U	
-Main Engine	6	3	404 X 130 X 30	3	6.394 [Diesel	45,000	3.18		1 6		21:	24	5.064	33%	33%	3,538	2,985,849	26.75	706.25	58.85	9.91	9.62	21.23	2.36	34,567.58	0.21	1.66	35,067.20
WTG Supply Vessel (transit from Europe)	, ,	1	568 x 138 x 39 (18)	3	0,334 1	JIC3CI	43,000	5.10		-	,	, 21.	2-7	3,004	3370	3370	3,330	2,303,043	20.75	700.23	30.03	5.51	5.02	21.25	2.50	34,307.30	0.21	1.00	33,007.20
-Main Generator	. 2	-	308 X 138 X 33 (18)	3	2,880	Diesel	50,000	3.18	1	10		7/	24	1,680	98%	98%	112,028	1,100,629	3.91	103.19	8.60	1.45	1.41	3.10	0.35	5,050.55	0.03	0.24	5,123.55
-Main Generator	2			3	3,840		30,000	3.10	1	10		7	24	1,680	98%	98%		1,100,023	5.21	137.58	11.47			4.14	0.46	6,734.07	0.03	0.24	6,831.40
-Aux. Generato	s 2			2	994 [1	10		7	24	1,680	98%	98%			0.67	137.38	6.75		0.81	8.82E-03	0.40	930.82	0.12	0.03	941.89
-Emergency Generato	1			2	601					19		()	24	1,080	0%	0%			0.07	13.22	0.73	0.84	0.81	0.821-03	0.07	930.82	0.12	0.03	J41.89
WTG Installation Generator	1 1			2	0011	JIE3EI				,	,	'	, ,	Ü	078	0/8			U	0	0	0	0	Ü	0	0	0	U	
W 10 Ilistaliation delierator	1	N/A	N/A	2	1,609	Diesel	6,190	3.18		0 0		2	24	528	0%	100%	0	42,824	0.26	5.11	2.61	0.32	0.31	3.41E-03	0.03	359.54	0.05	1.04E-02	363.82
WTG Commissioning Generators																													i
-	3	N/A	N/A	257	201	Diesel	2,112	3.18		0		5	24	1,368	0%	100%	0	37,857	0.13	0.27	2.37	1.36E-02	1.32E-02	1.02E-03	9.98E-03	110.61	4.49E-03	8.97E-04	110.99
Tug 1 for WTG Blades/Nacelles (from SBMT)		N/A	146 x 46 x 25 (21)																										
-Main Engine	s 2			2	5,440 [Diesel	10,000	3.18	2	29 15	5	21:	. 24	5,064	24%	24%	56,997	663,522	5.41	106.06	54.11	6.70	6.50	0.07	0.57	7,467.55	0.97	0.22	7,556.40
-Harbor Generato	r 1			1	456					0 ()) (0	0	0%	0%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	. 0
-Emergency Generato	r 1			1	168	Diesel				0 ()	(0	0	0%	0%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	. 0
Tug 2 for WTG Blades/Nacelles (from SBMT)		N/A	146 x 46 x 25 (21)																										l .
-Main Engine				2	5,440		10,000	3.18	2	29 15	5	21:	. 24	5,064	24%	24%	56,997	663,522	5.41	106.06	54.11	6.70	6.50	0.07	0.57	7,467.55	0.97	0.22	7,556.40
-Harbor Generato	r 1			1	456					0 ()	0	0	0	0%	0%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	. 0
-Emergency Generato	r 1			1	168 [Diesel				0 ()	(0	0	0%	0%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cargo Barge 1 (WTG Blades/Nacelles/Towers from SBMT)		N/A	400 x 105 x 25																										l .
							0	N/A	2	29 15	5	21:	. 24	5,064	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A											
Cargo Barge 2 (WTG Blades/Nacelles/Towers from SBMT)		N/A	400 x 105 x 25																										l .
							0	N/A	2	29 15	5	21:	. 24	5,064	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A											
Tug 3 for WTG Towers (from Albany)		N/A	127 x 36 x 19 (17)																										l .
-Main Engine				2	3,600 [10,000	3.18	1	19 57	7	21:		5,064	35%	35%		663,522	5.27		52.72			0.07	0.56	7,275.55	0.95		7,362.12
-Aux. Engine	s 2			1	95 [Diesel			1	19 57	7	21:	. 24	5,064	35%	35%			0.08	2.73	1.39	0.07	0.07	1.82E-03	7.54E-03	191.99	0.03	5.57E-03	194.28
Tug 4 for WTG Towers (from Albany)		N/A	127 x 36 x 19 (17)																										II.
-Main Engine				2	3,600 [10,000	3.18	1	19 57		21:		5,064	35%	35%	141,903	663,522	5.27	103.33	52.72		6.33	0.07	0.56	7,275.55	0.95	0.21	7,362.12
-Aux. Engine	s 2			1	95 [Diesel			1	19 57	7	21:	. 24	5,064	35%	35%			0.08	2.73	1.39	0.07	0.07	1.82E-03	7.54E-03	191.99	0.03	5.57E-03	194.28
Cargo Barge 3 (WTG Towers from Albany)		N/A	400 x 105 x 25								.			5.00															I.
							0	N/A	1	19 57	′	21:	. 24	5,064	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A											
																TOTALS	522,807	6,821,247	58.45	1,389.86	307.09	41.07	39.84	28.76	5.56	77,623.36	4.36	3.13	78,664.45

- 1. Emission calculations provided in this assessment are based on development of up to 57 wind turbine locations for EW 1.

 2. Transit emissions are based on an assumed vessel speed of 6 knots for tugs and barges (and 10 knots for all other vessel types), and the following one-way travel distances:

 Overseas port to local staging area at SBMT: 13.5 nm in NY/NJ state waters
- South Brooklyn Marine Terminal to center of OCS lease area: 43.5 nm (Kings: 7.8 nm; Queens: 3 nm; Monmouth: 2.7 nm; OCS radius: 30 nm) Port of Albany to South Brooklyn Marine Terminal: 128.3 nm
- Overseas port to center of OCS lease area: 30.0 nm (only includes portion of transit within 25 nm of the OCS lease area)
- 3. The number of transits for each vessel are based on the following assumptions: 1 round trip to/from overseas port for the main installation vessel.
- 19 round trips from overseas port to local staging area at SBMT for the turbine supply vessel, based on assumed capacity to transport components for three positions per trip (for 57 total positions).
- 29 round trips to/from SBMT for each WTG component tug (for 57 total positions).
 19 round trips to/from Port of Albany for each WTG tower tug (for 57 total positions).
- 4. Helicopter transit emissions assume two round trips per week, with a duration of 30 minutes per round trip, based on travel from JFK Int'l Airport (30 mi one-way distance, 1.5 mi over Queens County, 8.5 mi over Nassau County, and 20 mi inside OCS radius).

 5. The specific vessels for each operation have not been finalized at this time; however, the vessels identified for each installation activity are typical sizes for performing this effort.
- 6. Default emission factors for marine vessel engines are from ICF International report to the US EPA "Current Methodologies in Preparing Mobile Source Port-Related Emissions Inventories", April 2009.
- 7. For vessels known to be subject to EPA Tier 3 or Tier 4, the appropriate emission standards from 40 CFR 1042 may be used for NOx, CO, HC, and PM, based on the engine's power rating, displacement, and model year.
- 7. For vessels known to be subject to EPA Tier 3 or Tier 4, the appropriate emission standards from 40 CFR 1042 may be used for NOx, CO, HC, and PM, based on the engine's power rating, displacement, and model year.

 8. HAP emission factors for commercial marine vessels were determined using the methodology identified by US EPA for the latest (2017) National Emissions Inventory (NEI); i.e., they are calculated as percentages of the PMor VOC emissions from the CMVs.

 The HAP emissions for nonroad engines were based on EPA's AP-42 Volume 1, Chapters 3.3 and 3.4 for small and large diesel engines. (see HAP emission factor summary pages)

 9. WTG installation generator could be a vessel engine connected directly to WTG tower; emissions based on Category 2 marine engine.

 10. WTG commissioning generator will be portable generator lifted onto WTG platform; emissions based on nonroad factors in Table 1 of 40 CFR 1039.101, AP-42 Table 3.3-2 (HAPs), and 40 CFR 98 (GHGs).

 11. Average load factors for vessel engines were estimated based on typical daily fuel use rates provided by the project.

 12. CO₂e emission rates use the following carbon equivalence factors: 25 for CH₂, and 298 for N₂O.

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2) - AIR EMISSION CALCULATIONS Table K-1-12. EW 1 Wind Turbine Installation Emissions

																								Total E	missions (Tr	ansit)				
					Emission					Transit	Transit	Non-OCS	ocs	Non-Transit	Non-Transit	Transit	Non-Transit	Transit	Non-Transit											
		No. of	1. DP	Dimensions (ft)	Factor	Engine	Fuel	Assumed fuel	Assumed fuel	Round	Duration	Operating	Operating	Operating To	tal Operating	Average	Average	Fuel Usage	Fuel Usage	voc	NO _x	co	PM ₁₀	PM _{2,5}	SO ₂	HAPs	CO2	CH ₄	N ₂ O	CO ₂ e
Vessels/Equipment		Engines	2.Anchored	length x width x depth	Used	Rating	Type	rate (kg per	density (kg/gal)	Trips	(hrs/round	Days	Days	Hours	Hours	load (%)	load (%)	Gallons	Gallons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
		per vesse		(draft)	(see EFs	(hp)	,,	vessel per day)	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	•	trip)	. ,	.,.	(hrs/day)	(hrs)			(per vessel)	(per vessel)											1
		•		, ,	worksheet)										, ,			. ,	" '											1
Helicopter - Twin-Engine Heavy			N/A																											
	-Main Engines	2			164	1,400	at fual	N/A	N/A	6	0.5	,			0	100%	0%	9,442	0	0.04	0.52	1.23E-02	1.20E-02	1.20E-02	0.03	1.04E-03	99.61	2.85E-03	3.30E-03	100.66
Main Installation Vessel	-iviaiii Liigiiles		3	484 x 138 x 36	104	1,400	etidei	IN/A	IN/A		0.2	,	'	, 0	U	100%	070	3,442	Ü	0.04	0.32	1.23L-02	1.201-02	1.201-02	0.03	1.041-03	33.01	2.83L-03	3.30L-03	100.00
Ivialii iiistaliatioii vessei	-Main Engines	6	3	404 X 138 X 30	3	6.394	Diocal	45,000	3.18		1 6	,	21	24	5,064	33%	33%	3,538	2,985,849	0.03	0.84	0.07	1.17E-02	1.14E-02	0.03	2.80E-03	40.96	2.54E-04	1.97E-03	41.55
WTG Supply Vessel (transit from Europe)	Widin Engines		1	568 x 138 x 39 (18)	,	0,554	JICJCI	45,000	5.10		1	,		27	3,004	3370	3370	3,330	2,505,045	0.03	0.04	0.07	1.17 02	1.146 02	0.05	2.001 03	40.50	2.542 04	1.572 05	71.55
wild supply vessel (transit from Europe)	-Main Generators	2	1	308 X 138 X 39 (18)	3	2,880	Nasal	50,000	3.18	1	0 0	,	7.	24	1,680	98%	98%	112,028	1,100,629	0.40	10.50	0.88	0.15	0.14	0.32	0.04	514.07	3.18E-03	0.02	521.50
	-Main Generators	2			3	3,840		30,000	3.10	1	9		7	24	1,680	98%			1,100,023	0.40				0.14	0.42	0.04	685.43	4.24E-03		695.34
	-Aux. Generator	1			2	994				1	9 0		7	24	1,680	98%	98%			0.07	1.35	0.69		0.08	8.98E-04	7.29E-03	94.74	1.24E-02	2.75E-03	
-Fr	nergency Generator	1			2	601				-	0 0		1	27	1,000	0%	0%			0.07	1.55	0.03	0.03	0.00	0.502 04	7.232 03	34.74	1.240 02	2.732.03	1 33.07
WTG Installation Generator	neigency denerator				-	001	JICJCI					,		,	Ü	070	070			·	Ü	Ü		Ü	Ü	Ü		Ü		
WTG Installation Generator		1	N/A	N/A	2	1,609	Diesel	6,190	3.18		0 0	(2:	24	528	0%	100%	0	42,824	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(
WTG Commissioning Generators																														
		3	N/A	N/A	257	201	Diesel	2,112	3.18		0 0	(5	24	1,368	0%	100%	0	37,857	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(
Tug 1 for WTG Blades/Nacelles (from SBMT)			N/A	146 x 46 x 25 (21)																										
	-Main Engines	2			2	5,440	Diesel	10,000	3.18	2	9 15	(21:	. 24	5,064	24%	24%	56,997	663,522	0.46	9.11	4.65	0.58	0.56	6.08E-03	0.05	641.47	0.08	0.02	649.10
	-Harbor Generator	1			1	456					0 0	(1	0	0	0%	0%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	١
	nergency Generator	1			1	168	Diesel				0 (()	0	0	0%	0%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Tug 2 for WTG Blades/Nacelles (from SBMT)			N/A	146 x 46 x 25 (21)																										1
	-Main Engines	2			2	5,440		10,000	3.18	2	9 15	(21	. 24	5,064	24%			663,522	0.46	9.11	4.65	0.58	0.56	6.08E-03	0.05	641.47	0.08	0.02	649.10
	-Harbor Generator	1			1	456					0 0	(1	0	0	0%				0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	۱ (
	nergency Generator	1			1	168	Diesel				0 (()	0	0	0%	0%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Cargo Barge 1 (WTG Blades/Nacelles/Towers	from SBMT)		N/A	400 x 105 x 25																										I.
								0	N/A	2	9 15	(21:	. 24	5,064	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A											
Cargo Barge 2 (WTG Blades/Nacelles/Towers	from SBMT)		N/A	400 x 105 x 25				_																						1
								0	N/A	2	9 15	(21	. 24	5,064	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A											
Tug 3 for WTG Towers (from Albany)		_	N/A	127 x 36 x 19 (17)	_						_																			
	-Main Engines	2			2	3,600		10,000	3.18	1	.9 5,		21		5,064	35%			663,522	1.13				1.35	0.01	0.12	1,555.97	0.20		1,574.48
To a few MTC Terrore (feets Albert)	-Aux. Engines	2	N/C	127 26 10 (17)	1	95	Diesel			1	.9 57	-	21:	. 24	5,064	35%	35%			0.02	0.58	0.30	0.02	1.49E-02	3.89E-04	1.61E-03	41.06	5.36E-03	1.19E-03	41.55
Tug 4 for WTG Towers (from Albany)			N/A	127 x 36 x 19 (17)	_	2 500		40.000	2.40				24	24	5.054	250/	250/	444.000	662 522	4.43	22.40	44.20	4.40	4.25	0.04	0.40	4 555 07	0.20	0.05	4.534.40
	-Main Engines	2			2	3,600	Diesel Diesel	10,000	3.18	1	.9 57	1	21:		5,064 5,064	35% 35%	35% 35%		663,522	1.13 0.02		11.28 0.30		1.35 1.49E-02	0.01 3.89E-04	0.12 1.61E-03	1,555.97 41.06	0.20 5.36E-03	0.05 1.19E-03	1,574.48
Cargo Barge 3 (WTG Towers from Albany)	-Aux. Engines		NI/A	400 x 105 x 25	1	95 1	nesei			1	.5 5/	—	21	. 24	5,004	35%	35%			0.02	0.58	0.30	0.02	1.49E-02	3.89E-04	1.016-03	41.06	5.30E-03	1.19E-03	41.55
cargo barge 3 (WTG Towers from Albany)			N/A	400 X 105 X 25				0	N/A	1	0 5-		21	24	5.064	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A											I.
				1	1			U	N/A	1	.5	1	1 21.	. 24	3,004	IN/A	TOTALS	522,807	,,,	4.29	90.80	35.25	4.43	4.29	0.84	0.43	5,911.80	0.61		5,985.18

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- 1. Emission calculations provided in this assessment are based on development of up to 57 wind turbine locations for EW 1.

 2. Transit emissions are based on an assumed vessel speed of 6 knots for tugs and barges (and 10 knots for all other vessel types), and the following one-way travel distances:

 Overseas port to local staging area at SBMT: 13.5 nm in NY/NJ state waters
- South Brooklyn Marine Terminal to center of OCS lease area: 43.5 nm (Kings: 7.8 nm; Queens: 3 nm; Monmouth: 2.7 nm; OCS radius: 30 nm) Port of Albany to South Brooklyn Marine Terminal: 128.3 nm
- Overseas port to center of OCS lease area: 30.0 nm (only includes portion of transit within 25 nm of the OCS lease area)
- The number of transits for each vessel are based on the following assumptions:
 1 round trip to/from overseas port for the main installation vessel.
- 19 round trips from overseas port to local staging area at SBMT for the turbine supply vessel, based on assumed capacity to transport components for three positions per trip (for 57 total positions).
- 29 round trips to/from SBMT for each WTG component tug (for 57 total positions).
 19 round trips to/from Port of Albany for each WTG tower tug (for 57 total positions).
- 4. Helicopter transit emissions assume two round trips per week, with a duration of 30 minutes per round trip, based on travel from JFK Int'l Airport (30 mi one-way distance, 1.5 mi over Queens County, 8.5 mi over Nassau County, and 20 mi inside OCS radius).

 5. The specific vessels for each operation have not been finalized at this time; however, the vessels identified for each installation activity are typical sizes for performing this effort. 6. Default emission factors for marine vessel engines are from ICF International report to the US EPA "Current Methodologies in Preparing Mobile Source Port-Related Emissions Inventories", April 2009.
- 7. For vessels known to be subject to EPA Tier 3 or Tier 4, the appropriate emission standards from 40 CFR 1042 may be used for NOx, CO, HC, and PM, based on the engine's power rating, displacement, and model year.
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 8. HAP emission factors for commercial marine vessels were determined using the methodology identified by US EPA for the latest (2017) National Emissions Inventory (NEI); i.e., they are calculated as percentages of the PMor VOC emissions from the CMVs.

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 9. WTG installation generator could be a vessel engine connected directly to WTG tower; emissions based on Category 2 marine engine.

 10. WTG commissioning generator will be portable generator lifted onto WTG platform; emissions based on nonroad factors in Table 1 of 40 CFR 1039.101, AP-42 Table 3.3-2 (HAPs), and 40 CFR 98 (GHGs).

 11. Average load factors for vessel engines were estimated based on typical daily fuel use rates provided by the project.

 12. CO₂e emission rates use the following carbon equivalence factors: 25 for CH₂, and 298 for N₂O.

EW 1 WTG Installation

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2) - AIR EMISSION CALCULATIONS Table K-1-13. EW 2 Wind Turbine Installation Emissions

																							Total Em	issions (Non	-Transit)				
				Emission					Transit	Transit	Non-OCS	ocs	Non-Transit	Non-Transit	Transit	Non-Transit	Transit	Non-Transit											
	No. of	1. DP	Dimensions (ft)	Factor	Engine	Fuel	Assumed fuel	Assumed fuel	Round	Duration	Operating	Operating	Operating To	otal Operating	Average	Average	Fuel Usage	Fuel Usage	voc	NO _x	co	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	HAPs	CO ₂	CH ₄	N ₂ O	CO ₂ e
Vessels/Equipment	Engines	2.Anchored	length x width x depth	Used	Rating	Type	rate (kg per	density (kg/gal)	Trips	(hrs/round	Days	Days	Hours	Hours	load (%)	load (%)	Gallons	Gallons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
	per vessel	3.Spuds	(draft)	(see EFs	(hp)		vessel per day)	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	•	trip)			(hrs/day)	(hrs)	. ,		(per vessel)	(per vessel)											
	·	1	, ,	worksheet)						.,			,	` '			. ,												
Helicopter - Twin-Engine Heavy		N/A																											
-Main Engines	2			164	1,400	Jet fuel	N/A	N/A	10	0.5	C	(0	0	100%	0%	16,052	0	0	0	0	C	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Main Installation Vessel		3	484 x 138 x 36																										
-Main Engines	6			3	6,394	Diesel	45,000	3.18		1 6	C	357	24	8,568	33%	33%	3,538	5,051,887	45.26	1194.93	99.58	16.77	16.27	35.92	4.00	58,486.38	0.36	2.81	59,331.7
WTG Supply Vessel (transit from Europe)		1	568 x 138 x 39 (18)																										
-Main Generators	2			3	2,880		50,000	3.18	3	9	(119		2,856	98%	98%		1,871,069	6.64						0.59	8,585.94	0.05	0.41	8,710.0
-Main Generators	2			3	3,840				31	9	C	119	24	2,856	98%				8.86		19.49				0.78	11,447.92	0.07	0.55	11,613.3
-Aux. Generator	1			2		Diesel			3	9	C	119	24	2,856	98%	98%			1.15	22.47	11.47	1.42	1.38	1.50E-02	0.12	1,582.39	0.21	0.05	1,601.2
-Emergency Generator	1			2	601	Diesel				0	C	(0	0	0%	0%			0	0	0	C	0	0	0	0	0	0	
WTG Installation Generator																													
	1	N/A	N/A	2	1,609	Diesel	6,190	3.18		0	C	34	24	816	0%	100%	0	66,182	0.40	7.89	4.03	0.50	0.48	5.27E-03	0.04	555.65	0.07	0.02	562.2
WTG Commissioning Generators																	_												
	3	N/A	N/A	257	201	Diesel	2,112	3.18) (C	90	24	2,160	0%	100%	0	59,774	0.20	0.43	3.75	0.02	0.02	1.61E-03	0.02	174.64	7.08E-03	1.42E-03	175.2
Tug 1 for WTG Blades/Nacelles (from SBMT)	_	N/A	146 x 46 x 25 (21)	_					_		_																		
-Main Engines				2	5,440		10,000	3.18	4.	15		357	24	8,568	24%	24%	88,443	1,122,642	9.16	179.45	91.56	11.34	11.00	0.12	0.97	12,634.67	1.65	0.37	12,785.0
-Harbor Generator				1		Diesel				0			0	0	0%	0%			0	0	0	C	0	0	0	0	0	Ü	J
-Emergency Generator	1	21/2	446 46 25 (24)	1	168	Diesel				0	((0	0	0%	0%			0	0	0	C	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Tug 2 for WTG Blades/Nacelles (from SBMT)	_	N/A	146 x 46 x 25 (21)	_					_		_																		
-Main Engines	2			2	5,440		10,000	3.18	4.	15		357	24	8,568	24%			1,122,642	9.16	179.45	91.56	11.34	11.00	0.12	0.97	12,634.67	1.65	0.37	12,785.0
-Harbor Generator	1			1		Diesel Diesel							0	0	0%				0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	U	J
-Emergency Generator	1 1	21/2	100 105 25	1	168	Diesel) (C	(0	0	0%	0%			0	0	0	C	0	0	0	0	0		+
Cargo Barge 1 (WTG Blades/Nacelles/Towers from SBMT)		N/A	400 x 105 x 25				0	N/A		15		357	24	8,568	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A											
Cargo Barge 2 (WTG Blades/Nacelles/Towers from SBMT)		N/A	400 x 105 x 25				U	N/A	4.) 15		35	24	8,508	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A											
Cargo Barge 2 (WTG Blades/Nacelles/Towers ITOHT 3BIVIT)		IN/A	400 X 103 X 23				0	N/A	4	1.5		357	24	8,568	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A											
Tug 3 for WTG Towers (from Albany)		N/A	127 x 36 x 19 (17)	+	1		U	N/A	4.	, 15		357	24	8,508	IN/A	N/A	IN/A	IN/A											
-Main Engines		IN/A	127 X 30 X 19 (17)	2	3,600	Diocol	10,000	3.18	2	57		357	24	8,568	35%	35%	224,057	1,122,642	8.92	174.84	89.20	11.05	10.72	0.12	0.95	12,309.82	1.61	0.36	12,456.2
-Aux. Engines				1		Diesel	10,000	3.16	31	57		357		8,568	35%			1,122,042	0.13		2.35				1.28E-02		0.04		
Tug 4 for WTG Towers (from Albany)	2	N/A	127 x 36 x 19 (17)	1	95	Diesei			31	5/		337	24	8,308	3370	3370			0.13	4.01	2.33	0.12	0.12	3.06E-03	1.200-02	324.04	0.04	3.4ZE-U3	320.7
-Main Engines	2	18/75	12, 430 4 13 (17)	2	3,600	Diesel	10,000	3.18	21	57		357	24	8,568	35%	35%	224,057	1,122,642	8.92	174.84	89.20	11.05	10.72	0.12	0.95	12,309.82	1.61	0.36	12,456.2
-Aux. Engines		1		1		Diesel	10,000	3.10	31	57		357		8,568	35%			1,122,042	0.13		2.35			3.08E-03	1.28E-02	324.84	0.04		
-Aux. Engines Cargo Barge 3 (WTG Towers from Albany)	4	N/A	400 x 105 x 25	1	95	וכזכו			31	3/		357	24	0,300	3370	35%			0.13	4.01	2.33	0.12	0.12	3.001-03	1.201-02	324.04	0.04	J.442L-03	320.1
cargo parge 5 (4410 10 mers front Albany)		18/75	700 A 103 A 23				n	N/A	31	57		357	24	8,568	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A											
	l	1	1	1	1		0	IN/A	3	, 3,		331	24	0,500	IN/A	TOTALS	IN/A	11/7		2,352.83	519.15	69.47	67.39	48.72		131,371.59	7.36		133,133.8

- 1. Emission calculations provided in this assessment are based on development of up to 90 wind turbine locations for EW 2.

 2. Transit emissions are based on an assumed vessel speed of 6 knots for tugs and barges (and 10 knots for all other vessel types), and the following one-way travel distances:

 Overseas port to local staging area at SBMT: 13.5 nm in NY/NJ state waters
- South Brooklyn Marine Terminal to center of OCS lease area: 43.5 nm (Kings: 7.8 nm; Queens: 3 nm; Monmouth: 2.7 nm; OCS radius: 30 nm) Port of Albany to South Brooklyn Marine Terminal: 128.3 nm
- Overseas port to center of OCS lease area: 30.0 nm (only includes portion of transit within 25 nm of the OCS lease area)
- The number of transits for each vessel are based on the following assumptions:
 1 round trip to/from overseas port for the main installation vessel.
- 30 round trips from overseas port to local staging area at SBMT for the turbine supply vessel, based on assumed capacity to transport components for three positions per trip (for 90 total positions).
- 45 round trips to/from SBMT for each WTG component tug (45 barge trips total for 90 total positions). 30 round trips to/from Port of Albany for each WTG tower tug (for 90 total positions).
- 4. Helicopter transit emissions assume two round trips per week, with a duration of 30 minutes per round trip, based on travel from JFK Int'l Airport (30 mi one-way distance, 1.5 mi over Queens County, 8.5 mi over Nassau County, and 20 mi inside OCS radius).

 5. The specific vessels for each operation have not been finalized at this time; however, the vessels identified for each installation activity are typical sizes for performing this effort.
- 6. Default emission factors for marine vessel engines are from ICF International report to the US EPA "Current Methodologies in Preparing Mobile Source Port-Related Emissions Inventories", April 2009.
- 7. For vessels known to be subject to EPA Tier 3 or Tier 4, the appropriate emission standards from 40 CFR 1042 may be used for NOx, CO, HC, and PM, based on the engine's power rating, displacement, and model year.
- 7. For vessels known to be subject to EPA Tier 3 or Tier 4, the appropriate emission standards from 40 CFR 1042 may be used for NOx, CO, HC, and PM, based on the engine's power rating, displacement, and model year.

 8. HAP emission factors for commercial marine vessels were determined using the methodology identified by US EPA for the latest (2017) National Emissions Inventory (NEI); i.e., they are calculated as percentages of the PMor VOC emissions from the CMVs.

 The HAP emissions for nonroad engines were based on EPA's AP-42 Volume 1, Chapters 3.3 and 3.4 for small and large diesel engines. (see HAP emission factor summary pages)

 9. WTG installation generator could be a vessel engine connected directly to WTG tower; emissions based on Category 2 marine engine.

 10. WTG commissioning generator will be portable generator lifted onto WTG platform; emissions based on nonroad factors in Table 1 of 40 CFR 1039.101, AP-42 Table 3.3-2 (HAPs), and 40 CFR 98 (GHGs).

 11. Average load factors for vessel engines were estimated based on typical daily fuel use rates provided by the project.

 12. CO₂e emission rates use the following carbon equivalence factors: 25 for CH₂, and 298 for N₂O.

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2) - AIR EMISSION CALCULATIONS Table K-1-13. EW 2 Wind Turbine Installation Emissions

																							Total I	missions (Tr	ansit)				
				Emission					Transit	Transit	Non-OCS	ocs	Non-Transit	Non-Transit	Transit	Non-Transit	Transit	Non-Transit											
	No. of	1. DP	Dimensions (ft)	Factor	Engine	Fuel	Assumed fuel	Assumed fuel	Round	Duration	Operating		Operating To	otal Operating	Average	Average	Fuel Usage	Fuel Usage	voc	NO _x	co	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	HAPs	CO2	CH ₄	N ₂ O	CO₂e
Vessels/Equipment	Engines	2.Anchored	length x width x depth	Used	Rating	Type	rate (kg per	density (kg/gal)	Trips	(hrs/round	Days	Days	Hours	Hours	load (%)	load (%)	Gallons	Gallons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
	per vessel		(draft)	(see EFs	(hp)	.,,,,	vessel per day)	, (, 8)		trip)	,-	,-	(hrs/day)	(hrs)	,		(per vessel)	(per vessel)											1
	F -0. 10000.		(4)	worksheet)	()								(,,	()			(,, ,	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,											1
Helicopter - Twin-Engine Heavy		N/A																											
-Main Engine	ac 2			164	1.400 J	let fuel	N/A	N/A	10	0.5				0	100%	0%	16,052	0	0.07	0.88	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.05	1.76E-03	169.33	4.85E-03	5.61E-03	171.12
Main Installation Vessel	-3 -2	3	484 x 138 x 36	104	1,400 3	ictiuci	IN/A	14/74	10	0.5	`	,	,		10070	070	10,032		0.07	0.00	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.05	1.702 03	105.55	4.032 03	5.012 05	171.12
-Main Engine	6		404 X 130 X 30	3	6.394	Diacal	45,000	3.18		1 6		357	24	8,568	33%	33%	3,538	5,051,887	0.03	0.84	0.07	1.17E-02	1.14E-02	0.03	2.80E-03	40.96	2.54E-04	1.97E-03	41.55
WTG Supply Vessel (transit from Europe)	-3 0	1	568 x 138 x 39 (18)	,	0,334 [Diesei	45,000	5.10		1	1	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	2-7	0,500	3370	3370	3,330	3,031,007	0.03	0.04	0.07	1.171 02	1.146 02	0.05	2.001 03	40.50	2.542 04	1.572 05	41.55
-Main Generato	rs 2	-	300 x 130 x 33 (10)	3	2,880	Diesel	50,000	3.18	2	10	, ا	119	24	2,856	98%	98%	176,887	1,871,069	0.63	16.58	1.38	0.23	0.23	0.50	0.06	811.70	5.03E-03	0.04	823.43
-Main Generato				3	3,840		30,000	5.10	2	10		119		2,856	98%			1,071,003	0.84		1.84			0.66	0.07	1,082.26	6.70E-03		1,097.90
-Aux. Generate				2	994				2	10		119		2,856	98%	98%			0.11	2.12	1.04		0.13	1.42E-03	1.15E-02	149.60	0.702 03	4.34E-03	151.38
-Emergency Generate				2	601					0) 11	27	2,030	0%	0%			0.11	2.12	1.00	0.15	0.13	1.422 05	1.132 02	145.00	0.02	4.542.05	151.50
WTG Installation Generator	JI 1				001	Diesei				0	1	,	,		070	070			·			,	Ü	Ů	Ü	Ü	0		
WTG Installation Generator	1	N/A	N/A	2	1,609	Diesel	6,190	3.18		0 0		34	24	816	0%	100%	0	66,182	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	c
WTG Commissioning Generators																													
	3	N/A	N/A	257	201	Diesel	2,112	3.18		0 0) (90	24	2,160	0%	100%	0	59,774	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	l C
Tug 1 for WTG Blades/Nacelles (from SBMT)		N/A	146 x 46 x 25 (21)																										
-Main Engine	es 2			2	5,440	Diesel	10,000	3.18	4	15 15	6	357	24	8,568	24%	24%	88,443	1,122,642	0.72	14.14	7.21	0.89	0.87	9.43E-03	0.08	995.38	0.13	0.03	1,007.22
-Harbor Generate	or 1			1	456					0 0) () (0	0	0%	0%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	l C
-Emergency Generate	or 1			1	168	Diesel				0 0	() (0	0	0%	0%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C
Tug 2 for WTG Blades/Nacelles (from SBMT)		N/A	146 x 46 x 25 (21)																										1
-Main Engine				2	5,440		10,000	3.18	4	15 15	6	357	24	8,568	24%	24%	88,443	1,122,642	0.72	14.14	7.21	0.89	0.87	9.43E-03	0.08	995.38	0.13	0.03	1,007.22
-Harbor Generate	or 1			1	456					0 0) () (0	0	0%	0%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
-Emergency Generate	or 1			1	168	Diesel				0 0	() (0	0	0%	0%			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Cargo Barge 1 (WTG Blades/Nacelles/Towers from SBMT)		N/A	400 x 105 x 25																										1
							0	N/A	4	15 15	6	357	24	8,568	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A											
Cargo Barge 2 (WTG Blades/Nacelles/Towers from SBMT)		N/A	400 x 105 x 25																										1
							0	N/A	4	15 15		357	24	8,568	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A											
Tug 3 for WTG Towers (from Albany)		N/A	127 x 36 x 19 (17)																										1
-Main Engine				2	3,600		10,000	3.18	3	57	'	357		8,568	35%			1,122,642	1.78					0.02	0.19	2,456.79			
-Aux. Engine	es 2			1	95 [Diesel			3	57	' (357	24	8,568	35%	35%			0.03	0.92	0.47	0.02	0.02	6.14E-04	2.55E-03	64.83	8.46E-03	1.88E-03	65.60
Tug 4 for WTG Towers (from Albany)		N/A	127 x 36 x 19 (17)																										I .
-Main Engine				2	3,600		10,000	3.18	3	57		357		8,568	35%	35%	224,057	1,122,642	1.78					0.02	0.19	2,456.79	0.32	0.07	2,486.02
-Aux. Engine	es 2			1	95 [Diesel			3	57	'	357	24	8,568	35%	35%			0.03	0.92	0.47	0.02	0.02	6.14E-04	2.55E-03	64.83	8.46E-03	1.88E-03	65.60
Cargo Barge 3 (WTG Towers from Albany)		N/A	400 x 105 x 25																										I .
							0	N/A	3	57	ή (357	24	8,568	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A										_	
																TOTALS	821.476	11,539,478	6.73	142.44	55.37	6.95	6.75	1.31	0.68	9,287.85	0.95	0.31	9,403.08

- 1. Emission calculations provided in this assessment are based on development of up to 90 wind turbine locations for EW 2.

 2. Transit emissions are based on an assumed vessel speed of 6 knots for tugs and barges (and 10 knots for all other vessel types), and the following one-way travel distances:

 Overseas port to local staging area at SBMT: 13.5 nm in NY/NJ state waters
- South Brooklyn Marine Terminal to center of OCS lease area: 43.5 nm (Kings: 7.8 nm; Queens: 3 nm; Monmouth: 2.7 nm; OCS radius: 30 nm) Port of Albany to South Brooklyn Marine Terminal: 128.3 nm
- Overseas port to center of OCS lease area: 30.0 nm (only includes portion of transit within 25 nm of the OCS lease area)
- The number of transits for each vessel are based on the following assumptions:
 1 round trip to/from overseas port for the main installation vessel.
- 30 round trips from overseas port to local staging area at SBMT for the turbine supply vessel, based on assumed capacity to transport components for three positions per trip (for 90 total positions).
- 45 round trips to/from SBMT for each WTG component tug (45 barge trips total for 90 total positions). 30 round trips to/from Port of Albany for each WTG tower tug (for 90 total positions).
- 4. Helicopter transit emissions assume two round trips per week, with a duration of 30 minutes per round trip, based on travel from JFK Int'l Airport (30 mi one-way distance, 1.5 mi over Queens County, 8.5 mi over Nassau County, and 20 mi inside OCS radius).

 5. The specific vessels for each operation have not been finalized at this time; however, the vessels identified for each installation activity are typical sizes for performing this effort.
- 6. Default emission factors for marine vessel engines are from ICF International report to the US EPA "Current Methodologies in Preparing Mobile Source Port-Related Emissions Inventories", April 2009.
- 7. For vessels known to be subject to EPA Tier 3 or Tier 4, the appropriate emission standards from 40 CFR 1042 may be used for NOx, CO, HC, and PM, based on the engine's power rating, displacement, and model year.
- 7. For vessels known to be subject to EPA Tier 3 or Tier 4, the appropriate emission standards from 40 CFR 1042 may be used for NOx, CO, HC, and PM, based on the engine's power rating, displacement, and model year.

 8. HAP emission factors for commercial marine vessels were determined using the methodology identified by US EPA for the latest (2017) National Emissions Inventory (NEI); i.e., they are calculated as percentages of the PMor VOC emissions from the CMVs.

 The HAP emissions for nonroad engines were based on EPA's AP-42 Volume 1, Chapters 3.3 and 3.4 for small and large diesel engines. (see HAP emission factor summary pages)

 9. WTG installation generator could be a vessel engine connected directly to WTG tower; emissions based on Category 2 marine engine.

 10. WTG commissioning generator will be portable generator lifted onto WTG platform; emissions based on nonroad factors in Table 1 of 40 CFR 1039.101, AP-42 Table 3.3-2 (HAPs), and 40 CFR 98 (GHGs).

 11. Average load factors for vessel engines were estimated based on typical daily fuel use rates provided by the project.

 12. CO₂e emission rates use the following carbon equivalence factors: 25 for CH₂, and 298 for N₂O.

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2) - AIR EMISSION CALCULATIONS Table K-1-14. EW 1 Commissioning Emissions

																								Total Em	ssions (No	n-Transit)				
Vessels/Equipme		No. of Engines per vessel	1. DP 2.Anchored 3.Spuds	Dimensions (ft) length x width x depth (draft)	Emission Factor Used (see EFs worksheet)	Engine Rating (hp)	Fuel Type	Assumed fuel rate (kg per vessel per day)	Assumed fuel density (kg/gal)	Transit Round Trips	Transit Duration (hrs/round trip)	Non-OCS Operating Days	OCS Operating Days		Non-Transit otal Operatin Hours (hrs)		load (%)	Transit Fuel Usage Gallons (per vessel)	Non-Transit Fuel Usage Gallons (per vessel)	VOC tons	NO _x tons	CO tons	PM ₁₀ tons	PM _{2.5} tons	SO ₂ tons	HAPs tons	CO ₂ tons	CH ₄ tons	N₂O tons	CO _z e tons
Service Operations Vessel 1	-Main Generators	4	1 2	275 x 58 x 21	2	2212	Diesel	4,000	3.18	7	9	O	219	24	5,256	12%	12%	3,302	275,472	2.25	44.03	22.47	2.78	2.70	0.03	0.24	3,100.27	0.40	0.09	3,137.16
Service Operations Vessel 2	-Main Generators	4	1 2	275 x 58 x 21	2	2212	Diesel	4,000	3.18	Í	. 9	C	30	24	720	12%	12%	472	37,736	0.31	6.03	3.08	0.38	0.37	4.02E-03	0.03	424.69	0.06	1.23E-02	429.75
Crew Transfer Vessel 1	-Main Engines -Main Generators	2 2	N/A 6	65 x 17 x 5	1 1		Diesel Diesel	3,000	3.18	31	. 9	0	219	24	5,256 5,256	38% 38%	38% 38%	10,967	206,604	0.89		16.41 0.44	0.85 0.02		0.02 5.75E-04		2,264.49 60.71	0.30 7.92E-03		2,291.44 61.43
Crew Transfer Vessel 2	-Main Engines -Main Generators	2 2	N/A 6	65 x 17 x 5	1 1		Diesel Diesel	3,000	3.18	2	1 9	0	30	24	720 720		38% 38%	1,415	28,302	0.12 3.25E-03	4.41 0.12	2.25 0.06	_		2.94E-03 7.88E-05	1.22E-02 3.27E-04	310.20 8.32		8.99E-03	313.90 8.42
Inter-array Cable Pulling Engine (at e		1	N/A	N/A	254	20	Diesel	70	3.18	(0	C	119	24	2,856	0%	99.4%	C	2,619	0.04	0.31	0.31	0.02	0.02	7.04E-05	6.90E-04	7.65	3.10E-04	6.21E-05	7.68
Inter-array Cable Pulling Engine (at C		1	N/A	N/A	254	20	Diesel	70	3.18	(0	О		24	96	0%	99.4%	О	88	1.47E-03	1.04E-02	1.04E-02	6.31E-04	6.12E-04	2.37E-06	2.32E-05	0.26	1.04E-05	2.09E-06	0.26
Export Cable Fulling Engine (at 033)		1	N/A	N/A	255	34	Diesel	117	3.18	(0	C	1	24	96	0%	99.7% TOTALS	16,156	147 550,968	1.53E-03 3.64	1.09E-02 87.94	1.32E-02 45.03			3.96E-06 0.0 6	3.88E-05 0.38	0.43 6,177.03	1.74E-05 0.80		0.43 6,250.4 6

- Notes:

 1. Emission calculations provided in this assessment are based on development of up to 57 wind turbine locations for EW 1.

 2. Transit emissions are based on an assumed vessel speed of 10 knots, and the following one-way travel distances:
- South Brooklyn Marine Terminal to center of OCS lease area: 43.5 nm (Kings: 7.8 nm; Queens: 3 nm; Monmouth: 2.7 nm; OCS radius: 30 nm) 3. The number of transits for each vessel are based on the following assumptions:
- Monthly round trips to/from port for the service operations vessels.
- Weekly round trips to/from port for the crew transfer vessels.

 4. The specific vessels for each operation have not been finalized at this time; however, the vessels identifed for each installation activity are typical sizes for performing this effort.
- 5. Default emission factors for marine vessel engines are from ICF International report to the US EPA "Current Methodologies in Preparing Mobile Source Port-Related Emissions Inventories", April 2009.
 6. For vessels known to be subject to EPA Tier 3 or Tier 4, the appropriate emission standards from 40 CFR 1042 may be used for NOX, CO, HC, and PM, based on the engine's power rating, displacement, and model year.
- 6. For vessels known to be subject to EPA lier 4, the appropriate emission standards from 40 CFR 1042 may be used for NOx, CO, HC, and PM, based on the engine's power rating, displacement, and model year.

 7. HAP emission factors for commercial marina vessels were determined using the methodology identified by US EPA for the latest (2017) National Emissions Inventory (NEI); i.e., they are calculated as percentages of the PMor VOC emissions from the CMVs.

 The HAP emissions for nonroad engines were based on EPA's AP-42 Volume 1, Chapters 3.3 and 3.4 for small and large diesel engines. (see HAP emission factor summary pages)

 8. Inter-array cable pulling engine (at each WTG) will be a portable generator lifted onto WTG platform; emissions based on nonroad factors in Table 1 of 40 CFR 1039.101, AP-42 Table 3.3-2 (HAPs), and 40 CFR 98 (GHGs).

 9. Inter-array cable pulling engine (at OSS) will be a portable generator lifted onto OSS platform; emissions based on nonroad factors in Table 1 of 40 CFR 1039.101, AP-42 Table 3.3-2 (HAPs), and 40 CFR 98 (GHGs).

 10. Export cable pulling engine (at OSS) will be a portable generator lifted onto OSS platform; emissions based on nonroad factors in Table 1 of 40 CFR 1039.101, AP-42 Table 3.3-2 (HAPs), and 40 CFR 98 (GHGs).

- 11. Average load factors for vessel engines were estimated based on typical daily fuel use rates provided by the project.
- 12. $\rm CO_2e$ emission rates use the following carbon equivalence factors: 25 for CH₂, and 298 for $\rm N_2O$.

Empire COP emissions 05-02-22.xlsx

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2) - AIR EMISSION CALCULATIONS Table K-1-14. EW 1 Commissioning Emissions

																								Total I	Emissions (1	ransit)				
Vessels/Equipme		No. of Engines per vessel	1. DP 2.Anchored 3.Spuds	Dimensions (ft) length x width x depth (draft)	Emission Factor Used (see EFs worksheet)	Engine Rating (hp)	Fuel Type	Assumed fuel rate (kg per vessel per day)	Assumed fuel density (kg/gal)	Transit Round Trips	Transit Duration (hrs/round trip)	Non-OCS Operating Days	OCS Operating Days	Non-Transit Operating Hours (hrs/day)	Non-Transit otal Operatin Hours (hrs)		Non-Transit Average load (%)	Transit Fuel Usage Gallons (per vessel)	Non-Transit Fuel Usage Gallons (per vessel)	VOC tons	NO _x tons	CO tons	PM ₁₀ tons	PM _{2.5} tons	SO ₂ tons	HAPs tons	CO ₂ tons	CH₄ tons	N₂O tons	CO₂e tons
Service Operations Vessel 1	-Main Generators	4	1 2	275 x 58 x 21	2	2212	Diesel	4,000	3.18	:	7 9) (219	24	5,256	12%	12%	3,302	275,472	0.03	0.53	0.27	0.03	0.03	3.52E-04	2.86E-03	37.16	4.85E-03	1.08E-03	37.60
Service Operations Vessel 2	-Main Generators	4	1 2	275 x 58 x 21	2	2212	Diesel	4,000	3.18	:	. 9	0	30	24	720	12%	12%	472	37,736	3.85E-03	0.08	0.04	4.76E-03	4.62E-03	5.03E-05	4.09E-04	5.31	6.92E-04	1.54E-04	5.37
Crew Transfer Vessel 1	-Main Engines -Main Generators	2 2	N/A 6	55 x 17 x 5	1 1		Diesel Diesel	3,000	3.18	3:	1 9) (219	24	5,256 5,256		38% 38%	10,967	206,604	0.05 1.26E-03	1.71 0.05	0.87 0.02			1.14E-03 3.05E-05		120.20 3.22			
Crew Transfer Vessel 2	-Main Engines -Main Generators	2 2	N/A 6	55 x 17 x 5	1 1		Diesel Diesel	3,000	3.18	4	1 9	0	30	24	720 720		38% 38%	1,415	28,302	6.07E-03 1.63E-04		0.11 3.01E-03	5.80E-03 1.55E-04		1.47E-04 3.94E-06	6.09E-04 1.63E-05	15.51 0.42			15.69
Inter-array Cable Pulling Engine (at e		1	N/A	N/A	254	20	Diesel	70	3.18	(0) (119	9 24	2,856	5 0%	99.4%	C	2,619	0	0	0	C	0	(0	0	C	0	
Inter-array Cable Pulling Engine (at C Export Cable Pulling Engine (at OSS)		1	N/A	N/A	254	20	Diesel	70	3.18	(0	0 0	, ,	1 24	96	5 0%	99.4%	0	88	0	0	0	С	0	(0	0	C	0	<u> </u>
(at 000)	'	1	N/A	N/A	255	34	Diesel	117	3.18	(0) (,	1 24	96	5 0%	99.7% TOTALS	16,156	147 550,968	0.09	0 2.58	0 1.32	0.09	0.09	1.72E-03	0 8.74E-03	0 181.82	0.02	0 5.27E-03	183.9

- Notes:

 1. Emission calculations provided in this assessment are based on development of up to 57 wind turbine locations for EW 1.

 2. Transit emissions are based on an assumed vessel speed of 10 knots, and the following one-way travel distances:
- South Brooklyn Marine Terminal to center of OCS lease area: 43.5 nm (Kings: 7.8 nm; Queens: 3 nm; Monmouth: 2.7 nm; OCS radius: 30 nm) 3. The number of transits for each vessel are based on the following assumptions:
- Monthly round trips to/from port for the service operations vessels.
- Weekly round trips to/from port for the crew transfer vessels.

 4. The specific vessels for each operation have not been finalized at this time; however, the vessels identifed for each installation activity are typical sizes for performing this effort.
- 5. Default emission factors for marine vessel engines are from ICF International report to the US EPA "Current Methodologies in Preparing Mobile Source Port-Related Emissions Inventories", April 2009.
 6. For vessels known to be subject to EPA Tier 3 or Tier 4, the appropriate emission standards from 40 CFR 1042 may be used for NOX, CO, HC, and PM, based on the engine's power rating, displacement, and model year.
- 6. For vessels known to be subject to EPA lier 4, the appropriate emission standards from 40 CFR 1042 may be used for NOx, CO, HC, and PM, based on the engine's power rating, displacement, and model year.

 7. HAP emission factors for commercial marine vessels were determined using the methodology identified by US EPA for the latest (2017) National Emissions Inventory (NEI); i.e., they are calculated as percentages of the PMor VOC emissions from the CMVs.

 The HAP emissions for nonroad engines were based on EPA's AP-42 Volume 1, Chapters 3.3 and 3.4 for small and large diesel engines. (see HAP emission factor summary pages)

 8. Inter-array cable pulling engine (at each WTG) will be a portable generator lifted onto WTG platform; emissions based on nonroad factors in Table 1 of 40 CFR 1039.101, AP-42 Table 3.3-2 (HAPs), and 40 CFR 98 (GHGs).

 9. Inter-array cable pulling engine (at OSS) will be a portable generator lifted onto OSS platform; emissions based on nonroad factors in Table 1 of 40 CFR 1039.101, AP-42 Table 3.3-2 (HAPs), and 40 CFR 98 (GHGs).

 10. Export cable pulling engine (at OSS) will be a portable generator lifted onto OSS platform; emissions based on nonroad factors in Table 1 of 40 CFR 1039.101, AP-42 Table 3.3-2 (HAPs), and 40 CFR 98 (GHGs).

- 11. Average load factors for vessel engines were estimated based on typical daily fuel use rates provided by the project.
- 12. $\rm CO_2e$ emission rates use the following carbon equivalence factors: 25 for CH₂, and 298 for $\rm N_2O$.

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2) - AIR EMISSION CALCULATIONS Table K-1-15. EW 2 Commissioning Emissions

																								Total Emi	ssions (Nor	n-Transit)				
Vessels/Equipme			1. DP 2.Anchored 3.Spuds	Dimensions (ft) length x width x depth (draft)	Emission Factor Used (see EFs worksheet)	Engine Rating (hp)	Fuel Type	Assumed fuel rate (kg per vessel per day)	Assumed fuel density (kg/gal)	Transit Round Trips	Transit Duration (hrs/round trip)	Non-OCS Operating Days	OCS Operating Days	Non-Transit Operating Hours (hrs/day)	Non-Transit otal Operatin Hours (hrs)		Non-Transit Average load (%)	Transit Fuel Usage Gallons (per vessel)	Non-Transit Fuel Usage Gallons (per vessel)	VOC tons	NO _x tons	CO tons	PM ₁₀ tons	PM _{2.5} tons	SO ₂ tons	HAPs tons	CO ₂ tons	CH ₄ tons	N₂O tons	CO₂e tons
Service Operations Vessel 1	-Main Generators	4	1 2	275 x 58 x 21	2	2212	Diesel	4,000	3.18	14	4 9	0	438	3 24	10,512	12%	12%	6,604	550,943	4.49	88.07	44.93	5.56	5.40	0.06	0.48	6,200.54	0.81	0.18	6,274.3
Service Operations Vessel 2	-Main Generators	4	1 2	275 x 58 x 21	2	2212	Diesel	4,000	3.18	2	2 9	0	60	24	1,440	12%	12%	943	75,472	0.62	12.06	6.15	0.76	0.74	8.05E-03	0.07	849.39	0.11	0.02	859.5
Crew Transfer Vessel 1	-Main Engines -Main Generators	2 2	N/A	65 x 17 x 5	1 1		Diesel Diesel	3,000	3.18	62	2 9	0	438 438	3 24 3 24	10,512 10.512		38% 38%	21,934	413,208	1.77 0.05	64.32 1.72	32.82 0.88			0.04 1.15E-03	0.18 4.77E-03	4,528.99 121.42	0.59		4,582.8 122.8
Crew Transfer Vessel 2	-Main Engines -Main Generators	2 2	N/A 6	65 x 17 x 5	1 1	1000	Diesel Diesel	3,000	3.18	8	8 9	0	60	24	1,440 1.440		38% 38%	2,830	56,604	0.24 6.51E-03	8.81 0.24	4.50 0.12		0.23	5.88E-03 1.58E-04			0.08 2.17E-03	0.02	627.7
nter-array Cable Pulling Engine (at	each WTG)	1	N/A	N/A	254	20	Diesel	70	3.18	(0 0	0	188	3 24	4,512	0%	99.4%	0	4,138	0.07	0.49	0.49	0.03	0.03	1.11E-04	1.09E-03	12.09	4.90E-04	9.81E-05	12.13
nter-array Cable Pulling Engine (at	·	1	N/A	N/A	254	20	Diesel	70	3.18	(0 0	0	4	4 24	96	0%	99.4%	0	88	1.47E-03	1.04E-02	1.04E-02	6.31E-04	6.12E-04	2.37E-06	2.32E-05	0.26	1.04E-05	2.09E-06	0.2
export Cable Pulling Engine (at OSS))	1	N/A	N/A	255	34	Diesel	117	3.18	(0 0	0	4	4 24	96	0%	99.7% TOTALS	0 32,311	147 1,100,600	1.53E-03 7.25		1.32E-02 89.91	7.91E-05 8.33		3.96E-06 0.12		0.43 12,350.16	1.74E-05 1.61		0.43 12,497.0 0

- Notes:

 1. Emission calculations provided in this assessment are based on development of up to 90 wind turbine locations for EW 2.

 2. Transit emissions are based on an assumed vessel speed of 10 knots, and the following one-way travel distances:
- South Brooklyn Marine Terminal to center of OCS lease area: 43.5 nm (Kings: 7.8 nm; Queens: 3 nm; Monmouth: 2.7 nm; OCS radius: 30 nm) 3. The number of transits for each vessel are based on the following assumptions:
- Monthly round trips to/from port for the service operations vessels.
- Weekly round trips to/from port for the crew transfer vessels.

 4. The specific vessels for each operation have not been finalized at this time; however, the vessels identifed for each installation activity are typical sizes for performing this effort.
- 5. Default emission factors for marine vessel engines are from ICF International report to the US EPA "Current Methodologies in Preparing Mobile Source Port-Related Emissions Inventories", April 2009.
 6. For vessels known to be subject to EPA Tier 3 or Tier 4, the appropriate emission standards from 40 CFR 1042 may be used for NOX, CO, HC, and PM, based on the engine's power rating, displacement, and model year.
- 6. For vessels known to be subject to EPA lier 4, the appropriate emission standards from 40 CFR 1042 may be used for NOx, CO, HC, and PM, based on the engine's power rating, displacement, and model year.

 7. HAP emission factors for commercial marine vessels were determined using the methodology identified by US EPA for the latest (2017) National Emissions Inventory (NEI); i.e., they are calculated as percentages of the PMor VOC emissions from the CMVs.

 The HAP emissions for nonroad engines were based on EPA's AP-42 Volume 1, Chapters 3.3 and 3.4 for small and large diesel engines. (see HAP emission factor summary pages)

 8. Inter-array cable pulling engine (at each WTG) will be a portable generator lifted onto WTG platform; emissions based on nonroad factors in Table 1 of 40 CFR 1039.101, AP-42 Table 3.3-2 (HAPs), and 40 CFR 98 (GHGs).

 9. Inter-array cable pulling engine (at OSS) will be a portable generator lifted onto OSS platform; emissions based on nonroad factors in Table 1 of 40 CFR 1039.101, AP-42 Table 3.3-2 (HAPs), and 40 CFR 98 (GHGs).

 10. Export cable pulling engine (at OSS) will be a portable generator lifted onto OSS platform; emissions based on nonroad factors in Table 1 of 40 CFR 1039.101, AP-42 Table 3.3-2 (HAPs), and 40 CFR 98 (GHGs).

- 11. Average load factors for vessel engines were estimated based on typical daily fuel use rates provided by the project.
- 12. $\rm CO_2e$ emission rates use the following carbon equivalence factors: 25 for CH₂, and 298 for $\rm N_2O$.

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2) - AIR EMISSION CALCULATIONS Table K-1-15. EW 2 Commissioning Emissions

																								Total E	missions (T	ransit)				
Vessels/Equipme		No. of Engines per vessel	1. DP 2.Anchored 3.Spuds	Dimensions (ft) length x width x depth (draft)	Emission Factor Used (see EFs worksheet)	Engine Rating (hp)	Fuel Type	Assumed fuel rate (kg per vessel per day)	Assumed fuel density (kg/gal)	Transit Round Trips	Transit Duration (hrs/round trip)	Non-OCS Operating Days	OCS Operating Days	Non-Transit Operating Hours (hrs/day)	Non-Transit otal Operatin Hours (hrs)		Non-Transit Average load (%)	Transit Fuel Usage Gallons (per vessel)	Non-Transit Fuel Usage Gallons (per vessel)	VOC tons	NO _x tons	CO tons	PM ₁₀ tons	PM _{2.5} tons	SO ₂ tons	HAPs tons	CO ₂ tons	CH ₄ tons	N ₂ O tons	CO₂e tons
Service Operations Vessel 1	-Main Generators	4	1 2	275 x 58 x 21	2	2212	2 Diesel	4,000	3.18	14	1 9) (438	3 24	10,512	12%	12%	6,604	550,943	0.05	1.06	0.54	0.07	0.06	7.04E-04	5.72E-03	74.32	9.69E-03	2.15E-03	75.21
Service Operations Vessel 2	-Main Generators	4	1 2	275 x 58 x 21	2	2212	2 Diesel	4,000	3.18	:	2 9) (60	24	1,440	12%	12%	943	75,472	7.69E-03	0.15	0.08	9.53E-03	9.24E-03	1.01E-04	8.17E-04	10.62	1.38E-03	3.08E-04	10.74
Crew Transfer Vessel 1	-Main Engines -Main Generators	2 2	N/A 6	65 x 17 x 5	1 1		Diesel Diesel	3,000	3.18	62	2 9) () 438) 438	3 24 3 24	10,512 10.512		38% 38%	21,934	413,208	0.09 2.52E-03	3.41 0.09	1.74 0.05			2.28E-03 6.11E-05		240.41 6.45	0.03 8.41E-04	1	243.27 6.52
Crew Transfer Vessel 2	-Main Engines -Main Generators	2 2	N/A 6	65 x 17 x 5	1 1		Diesel Diesel	3,000	3.18		3 9	9 0	60	24	1,440 1,440		38% 38%	2,830	56,604	1.21E-02 3.25E-04		0.22 6.03E-03			2.94E-04 7.88E-06	1.22E-03 3.27E-05	31.02 0.83	4.05E-03 1.08E-04	8.99E-04	31.39 0.84
Inter-array Cable Pulling Engine (at	·	1	N/A	N/A	254	20	Diesel	70	3.18	(0) (188	3 24	4,512	2 0%	99.4%	C	4,138	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(
Inter-array Cable Pulling Engine (at OSC)		1	N/A	N/A	254	20	Diesel	70	3.18	(0) () 4	1 24	96	5 0%	99.4%	C	88	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(
Export Cable Pulling Engine (at OSS))	1	N/A	N/A	255	34	Diesel	117	3.18	(0) () 4	1 24	96	0%	99.7% TOTALS	32,311	147 1,100,600	0 0.17	0 5.16	0 2.64	0.18	0 0.18	3.45E-03	0.02	0 363.64	0.05	0 1.05E-02	367.9

- Notes:

 1. Emission calculations provided in this assessment are based on development of up to 90 wind turbine locations for EW 2.

 2. Transit emissions are based on an assumed vessel speed of 10 knots, and the following one-way travel distances:
- South Brooklyn Marine Terminal to center of OCS lease area: 43.5 nm (Kings: 7.8 nm; Queens: 3 nm; Monmouth: 2.7 nm; OCS radius: 30 nm) 3. The number of transits for each vessel are based on the following assumptions:
- Monthly round trips to/from port for the service operations vessels.
- Weekly round trips to/from port for the crew transfer vessels.

 4. The specific vessels for each operation have not been finalized at this time; however, the vessels identifed for each installation activity are typical sizes for performing this effort.
- 5. Default emission factors for marine vessel engines are from ICF International report to the US EPA "Current Methodologies in Preparing Mobile Source Port-Related Emissions Inventories", April 2009.
 6. For vessels known to be subject to EPA Tier 3 or Tier 4, the appropriate emission standards from 40 CFR 1042 may be used for NOX, CO, HC, and PM, based on the engine's power rating, displacement, and model year.
- 6. For vessels known to be subject to EPA lier 4, the appropriate emission standards from 40 CFR 1042 may be used for NOx, CO, HC, and PM, based on the engine's power rating, displacement, and model year.

 7. HAP emission factors for commercial marine vessels were determined using the methodology identified by US EPA for the latest (2017) National Emissions Inventory (NEI); i.e., they are calculated as percentages of the PMor VOC emissions from the CMVs.

 The HAP emissions for nonroad engines were based on EPA's AP-42 Volume 1, Chapters 3.3 and 3.4 for small and large diesel engines. (see HAP emission factor summary pages)

 8. Inter-array cable pulling engine (at each WTG) will be a portable generator lifted onto WTG platform; emissions based on nonroad factors in Table 1 of 40 CFR 1039.101, AP-42 Table 3.3-2 (HAPs), and 40 CFR 98 (GHGs).

 9. Inter-array cable pulling engine (at OSS) will be a portable generator lifted onto OSS platform; emissions based on nonroad factors in Table 1 of 40 CFR 1039.101, AP-42 Table 3.3-2 (HAPs), and 40 CFR 98 (GHGs).

 10. Export cable pulling engine (at OSS) will be a portable generator lifted onto OSS platform; emissions based on nonroad factors in Table 1 of 40 CFR 1039.101, AP-42 Table 3.3-2 (HAPs), and 40 CFR 98 (GHGs).

- 11. Average load factors for vessel engines were estimated based on typical daily fuel use rates provided by the project.
- 12. $\rm CO_2e$ emission rates use the following carbon equivalence factors: 25 for CH₂, and 298 for $\rm N_2O$.

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2) - AIR EMISSION CALCULATIONS Table K-1-16. EW 1 Substation, O+M Base, and Onshore Cable Route - Construction Emissions

								Fuel Use						Emissions	S				
Construction Equipment	Source Category	HP per unit	Fuel Type	Emiss. Factor ID	hrs per day	Load Factor	Total Equip. Months	gal	VOC tons	NO _x tons	CO tons	PM ₁₀ tons	PM _{2.5} tons	SO ₂ tons	HAP Tons	CO ₂	CH₄ tons	N ₂ O tons	CO ₂ e tons
Land-based Nonroad Equip.																			
SUBSTATION																			
Large Bulldozer	2270002069	800	diesel	96	8	59%	9	27,962	0.17	2.16	0.47	0.06	0.06	2.16E-03	0.04	421.85	1.31E-02	1.07E-02	425.38
All-Terrain Forklift	2270002057	150	diesel	94	8	59%	30	17,480	0.09	0.44	0.18	0.04	0.04	1.36E-03	0.02	263.71	7.03E-03	6.72E-03	265.88
Front End Loader	2270002060	200	diesel	95	8	59%	15	11,654	0.05	0.21	0.07	9.57E-03	9.28E-03	8.73E-04	1.28E-02	175.82	4.42E-03	4.48E-03	3 177.26
Medium Crane	2270002045	400	diesel	93	8	43%	12	13,442	0.07	0.54	0.15	0.02	0.02	1.09E-03	0.02	202.79	5.21E-03	5.16E-03	3 204.46
Medium Aerial Lift	2270003010	20	diesel	99	8	21%	48	1,713	0.05	0.20	0.19	0.03	0.03	1.74E-04	1.12E-02	25.85	1.60E-03	6.58E-04	4 26.08
Medium Excavator	2270002036	200	diesel	92	8	59%	12	9,324	0.04	0.10	0.04	3.66E-03	3.55E-03	6.82E-04	9.85E-03	140.66	3.42E-03	3.58E-03	3 141.81
Piling Rig	2270002033	200	diesel	91	8	43%	3	1,680	1.19E-02	0.12	0.03	5.72E-03	5.55E-03	1.44E-04	2.86E-03	25.34	6.63E-04	6.45E-04	1 25.55
Generator	2270006005	150	diesel	100	8	43%	5	2,099	0.02	0.16	0.04	9.30E-03	9.03E-03	1.84E-04	4.00E-03	31.67	8.72E-04	8.06E-04	1 31.93
ONSHORE CABLE																			1
Onshore Cable Route HDD Drill Rig	2270002033	200	diesel	91	8	43%	3	1,680	1.19E-02	0.12	0.03	5.72E-03	5.55E-03	1.44E-04	2.86E-03	25.34	6.63E-04	6.45E-04	4 25.55
Onshore Cable Route Compressor	2270006015	150	diesel	102	8	43%	3	1,260	6.41E-03	0.04	1.09E-02	2.49E-03	2.42E-03	1.00E-04	1.54E-03	19.01	5.17E-04	4.84E-04	1 19.17
Onshore Cable Route Excavator	2270002036	200	diesel	92	8	59%	6	4,662	0.02	0.05	0.02	1.83E-03	1.77E-03	3.41E-04	4.92E-03	70.33	1.71E-03	1.79E-03	
Onshore Cable Route Tractor	2270002075		diesel	97	8	59%	3	5.244	0.02	0.16	0.06		8.58E-03				2.00E-03		
O&M BASE								-,							****				
250T Shore Crane	2270002045	400	diesel	93	8	43%	5	5,601	0.03	0.22	0.06	9.31E-03	9.03E-03	4.56E-04	6.66E-03	84.50	2.17E-03	2.15E-03	85.19
5T Forklift	2270002057		diesel	94	6	59%	6	2.010		0.05	0.02						8.08E-04		
All-Terrain Forklift	2270002057		diesel	94	8	59%	10	5.827	0.03	0.15	0.06		1.21E-02				2.34E-03		
Front End Loader	2270002060	200	diesel	95	8	59%	10	7.769	0.04	0.14	0.05	6.38E-03		5.82E-04	8.53E-03	117.21	2.95E-03	2.98E-03	
Medium Crane	2270002045		diesel	93	8	43%	10	11,202	0.06	0.45	0.12	0.02	0.02				4.34E-03		
Medium Aerial Lift	2270003010		diesel	99	8	21%	10	357		0.04	0.04			3.63E-05			3.34E-04		
Medium Excavator	2270002036		diesel	92	8	59%	10	7.770	0.03	0.08	0.03	3.05E-03	2.95E-03			117.22		2.98E-03	
Piling Rig	2270002033		diesel	91	8	43%	1	560		0.04	9.16E-03		1.85E-03				2.21E-04		
CABLE LANDFALL AND BULKHEAD						14.13	-				*****				****				T
250T Shore Crane	2270002045	400	diesel	93	8	43%	7	7.841	0.04	0.31	0.08	1.30E-02	1.26E-02	6.38E-04	9.32E-03	118 30	3.04E-03	3.01E-03	119.27
Large excavator	2270002036		diesel	92	12	59%	8	16.316	0.07	0.17	0.06		6.20E-03		0.02		5.98E-03		
Medium Bulldozer	2270002069		diesel	96	6	59%	8	9.088	0.05	0.70	0.15	0.02	0.02			137.10			
5T Forklift	2270002057		diesel	94	6	59%	6	2.010		0.05	0.02					30.33			
Onroad Vehicles																	*****		
Semi-Truck		-	diesel	131	-	-	9	1.878	4.77E-03	0.04	0.02	1.36E-03	1.25E-03	1.77E-04	6.17E-04	21 14	2.02E-03	8.13E-05	5 21.21
Work Truck			diesel	133		-	15	1.391	7.19E-03	0.02	0.06		8.05E-04			15.65			
Refuse Truck			diesel	132		-	9	2.387	2.28E-03	0.02	1.18E-02		8.98E-04			26.87			
Dump Truck	+		diesel	131		-	68	14.191	0.04	0.03	0.13		9.45E-03			159.71	0.02		
Concrete Truck	+		diesel	131			9	1.878		0.04	0.13		1.25E-03				2.02E-03		
Worker Commute	+		4.5501	101		H		1,070		0.04	0.02		202.00	, 04	3.17 L 04	21.17	2.022 00	3.10L-00	
Light Commercial Truck	+	 	diesel	134		-	60	4.274	1.21E-02	0.05	0.10	1.35E-03	1.25F_03	4.02E-04	2 17F-03	48 10	9.68E-03	2.97E-04	48.43
Passenger Truck	1	-	gasoline	135	÷	-	36	2.020		8.27E-03		3.92E-04	3.46E-04			19.55			
i assoriger truck			gasonite	100	-		Total	202,569	1.01	7.14	2.47	0.31	0.30			2,945.48			7 2,968.62

Notes:

- 1. Equipment assumptions based on information provided $\underline{\text{by the project.}}$
- 2. Calculations assume equipment is used 5 days/wk i.e. 21 days/month.
- 3. Calculations conservatively assume that onroad vehicles travel approximately 4. Calculations conservatively assume workers average daily round trip commute is approximately 40 miles per day, since emission factors from the MOVES2014 model for onroad vehicles are based on miles traveled.
- 5. Nonroad emission factors for criteria pollutants and GHG were estimated using EPA's MOVES2014b emission model for an assumed construction year of 2022.
- 6. Nonroad emission factors for HAPs were estimated using ERG, "Documentation for Aircraft, Commercial Marine Vessel, Locomotive, and Other Nonroad Components of the National Emissions Inventory," Volume 1 Methodology, October 7, 2003.
- 7. Onroad vehicle emission factors (lb/VMT) for VOC, NOx, CO, PM10, SO2, HAP and CO2e, were estimated using the MOVES2014b emission model for an assumed construction year of 2022.
- 8. Footprint for onshore substation is assumed to be 11.5 acres.
- 9. Length of onshore transmission cable is assumed to be 4.2 miles.

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2) - AIR EMISSION CALCULATIONS

Table K-1-17. EW 2 Substation and Onshore Cable Route (HDD Option) - Construction Emissions

								Fuel Use						Emissions	3				
Construction Equipment	Source Category	HP per unit	Fuel Type	Emiss. Factor ID	hrs per day	Load Factor	Total Equip. Months	gal	VOC tons	NO _x tons	CO tons	PM ₁₀ tons	PM _{2.5} tons	SO ₂ tons	HAP Tons	CO ₂	CH₄ tons	N₂O tons	CO₂e tons
Land-based Nonroad Equip.																			
SUBSTATION																			
Large Bulldozer	2270002069	800	diesel	116	8	59%	18	55,925	0.34	4.31	0.94	0.12	0.11	4.32E-03	0.08	843.70	0.03	0.02	850.76
All-Terrain Forklift	2270002057	150	diesel	114	8	59%	30	17,480	0.09	0.44	0.18	0.04	0.04	1.36E-03	0.02	263.71	7.03E-03	6.72E-03	265.88
Front End Loader	2270002060	200	diesel	115	8	59%	30	23,308	0.11	0.42	0.14	0.02	0.02	1.75E-03	0.03	351.63	8.84E-03	8.95E-03	354.52
Medium Crane	2270002045	400	diesel	113	8	43%	12	13,442	0.07	0.54	0.15	0.02	0.02	1.09E-03	0.02	202.79	5.21E-03	5.16E-03	204.46
Medium Aerial Lift	2270003010	20	diesel	119	8	21%	48	1,713	0.05	0.20	0.19	0.03	0.03	1.74E-04	1.12E-02	25.85	1.60E-03	6.58E-04	26.08
Medium Excavator	2270002036	200	diesel	112	8	59%	36	27,971	0.12	0.29	0.11	1.10E-02	1.06E-02	2.05E-03	0.03	421.98	1.03E-02	1.07E-02	425.43
Piling Rig	2270002033	200	diesel	111	8	43%	3	1,680	1.19E-02	0.12	0.03	5.72E-03	5.55E-03	1.44E-04	2.86E-03	25.34	6.63E-04	6.45E-04	25.55
Generator	2270006005	150	diesel	120	8	43%	15	6,297	0.05	0.47	0.13	0.03	0.03	5.51E-04	1.20E-02	95.00	2.62E-03	2.42E-03	95.79
ONSHORE CABLE (HDD OPTION)																			
Landfall/Onshore HDD Drill Rig	2270002033	200	diesel	111	8	43%	10	5,599	0.04	0.38	0.09	0.02	0.02	4.81E-04	9.54E-03	84.46	2.21E-03	2.15E-03	85.16
Landfall/Onshore HDD Compressor	2270006015	150	diesel	122	8	43%	10	4,201	0.02	0.13	0.04	8.31E-03	8.07E-03	3.34E-04	5.14E-03	63.37	1.72E-03	1.61E-03	63.90
Landfall/Onshore HDD Shaker	2270002081	100	diesel	118	8	59%	10	3.884	0.02	0.12	0.05	1.07E-02	1.03E-02	3.08E-04	4.76E-03	58.60	1.60E-03	1.49E-03	59.08
Landfall/Onshore HDD Excavator	2270002036	200	diesel	112	8	59%	10	7.770	0.03	0.08	0.03	3.05E-03	2.95E-03	5.69E-04	8.21E-03	117.22	2.85E-03	2.98E-03	118.18
Landfall/Onshore HDD Tractor	2270002075	450	diesel	117	8	59%	10	17,481	0.08	0.52	0.21	0.03	0.03	1.38E-03	0.02	263.72	6.67E-03	6.72E-03	265.89
Onshore Cable Route Excavator	2270002036	200	diesel	112	8	59%	36	27.971	0.12	0.29	0.11	1.10E-02	1.06E-02	2.05E-03	0.03	421.98	1.03E-02	1.07E-02	425.43
Onroad Vehicles								,											
Semi-Truck		-	diesel	141	-	-	24	3.180	1.10E-02	0.08	0.04	3.15E-03	2.90E-03	3.01E-04	1.31E-03	35.79	3.74E-03	1.23E-04	35.92
Work Truck		-	diesel	143	-	-	24	1.802	0.02	0.05	0.16	2.02E-03	1.86E-03	1.73E-04	2.14E-03	20.28	4.97E-03	9.36E-05	20.43
Refuse Truck		-	diesel	142	-	-	24	4.913	9.46E-03	0.15	0.05	6.39E-03	5.88E-03	4.68E-04	9.76E-04			1.01E-04	55.39
Dump Truck		-	diesel	141	_	_	60	7.950	0.03	0.19	0.10		7.24E-03					3.07E-04	89.79
Concrete Truck		-	diesel	141	-	-	12	1.590		0.04	0.02		1.45E-03			17.89		6.13E-05	17.96
Worker Commute								,											
Light Commercial Truck		-	diesel	144	-	-	60	3.112	1.48E-02	0.05	0.10	1.32E-03	1.21E-03	2.94E-04	2.18E-03	35.02	8.12E-03	1.68E-04	35.13
Passenger Truck		-	gasoline		-	-	36		9.69E-03						8.97E-04			4.26E-04	14.28
	1		5				Total	238,728		8.88	3.00		0.36			3,507.24	0.12		3,535.02

Notes

- 1. Equipment assumptions based on information provided by the project.
- 2. Calculations assume equipment is used 5 days/wk i.e. 21 days/month.
- 3. Calculations conservatively assume that onroad vehicles travel approximately 50 miles per day, since emission factors from the MOVES2014 model for onroad vehicles are based on miles traveled.
- 4.Calculations conservatively assume workers average daily round trip commute is approximately 40 miles per day, since emission factors from the MOVES2014 model for onroad vehicles are based on miles traveled.
- 5. Nonroad emission factors for criteria pollutants and GHG were estimated using EPA's MOVES2014b emission model for an assumed construction year of 2022.
- 6. Nonroad emission factors for HAPs were estimated using ERG, "Documentation for Aircraft, Commercial Marine Vessel, Locomotive, and Other Nonroad Components of the National Emissions Inventory," Volume 1 Methodology, October 7, 2003.
- 7. Onroad vehicle emission factors (lb/VMT) for VOC, NOx, CO, PM10, SO2, HAP and CO2e, were estimated using the MOVES2014b emission model for an assumed construction year of 2022.
- 8. Footprint for onshore substation is assumed to be 11.5 acres.
- 9. Length of onshore transmission cable is assumed to be 3.8 miles.

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2) - AIR EMISSION CALCULATIONS Table K-1-18. EW 2 Substation and Onshore Cable Route (Direct Pipe Option) - Construction Emissions

								Fuel Use						Emissions	3				
Construction Equipment	Source Category	HP per unit	Fuel Type	Emiss. Factor ID	hrs per day	Load Factor	Total Equip. Months	gal	VOC tons	NO _x tons	CO tons	PM ₁₀ tons	PM _{2.5} tons	SO ₂ tons	HAP Tons	CO ₂	CH₄ tons	N₂O tons	CO₂e tons
Land-based Nonroad Equip.																			
SUBSTATION																			
Large Bulldozer	2270002069	800	diesel	116	8	59%	18	55,925	0.34	4.31	0.94	0.12	0.11	4.32E-03	0.08	843.70	0.03	0.02	850.76
All-Terrain Forklift	2270002057	150	diesel	114	8	59%	30	17,480	0.09	0.44	0.18	0.04	0.04	1.36E-03	0.02	263.71	7.03E-03	6.72E-03	265.88
Front End Loader	2270002060	200	diesel	115	8	59%	30	23,308	0.11	0.42	0.14	0.02	0.02	1.75E-03	0.03	351.63	8.84E-03	8.95E-03	354.52
Medium Crane	2270002045	400	diesel	113	8	43%	12	13,442	0.07	0.54	0.15	0.02	0.02	1.09E-03	0.02	202.79	5.21E-03	5.16E-03	204.46
Medium Aerial Lift	2270003010	20	diesel	119	8	21%	48	1,713	0.05	0.20	0.19	0.03	0.03	1.74E-04	1.12E-02	25.85	1.60E-03	6.58E-04	26.08
Medium Excavator	2270002036	200	diesel	112	8	59%	36	27,971	0.12	0.29	0.11	1.10E-02	1.06E-02	2.05E-03	0.03	421.98	1.03E-02	1.07E-02	425.43
Piling Rig	2270002033	200	diesel	111	8	43%	3	1,680	1.19E-02	0.12	0.03	5.72E-03	5.55E-03	1.44E-04	2.86E-03	25.34	6.63E-04	6.45E-04	25.55
Generator	2270006005	150	diesel	120	8	43%	15	6,297	0.05	0.47	0.13	0.03	0.03	5.51E-04	1.20E-02	95.00	2.62E-03	2.42E-03	95.79
ONSHORE CABLE (DIRECT PIPE OPTION	۷)																		
Power plant (control unit & pipe thruster)	2270006005	300	diesel	120	8	43%	6	5,038	0.04	0.37	0.10	0.02	0.02	4.40E-04	9.61E-03	76.00	2.09E-03	1.94E-03	76.63
Separation plant	2270006005	150	diesel	120	8	43%	6	2,519	0.02	0.19	0.05	1.12E-02	1.08E-02	2.20E-04	4.80E-03	38.00	1.05E-03	9.68E-04	38.32
Mud pumps	2270006010	600	diesel	121	8	43%	12	20,158	0.13	1.41	0.40	0.06	0.06	1.74E-03	0.03	304.11	7.24E-03	7.74E-03	306.60
Pneumatic hammer	2270006005	150	diesel	120	8	43%	6	2,519	0.02	0.19	0.05	1.12E-02	1.08E-02	2.20E-04	4.80E-03	38.00	1.05E-03	9.68E-04	38.32
Side booms	2270002075	319	diesel	117	8	59%	18	22,305	0.10	0.67	0.27	0.04	0.04	1.76E-03	0.02	336.51	8.51E-03	8.57E-03	339.27
Excavators	2270002036	131	diesel	112	8	59%	6	3,053	1.34E-02	0.03	1.17E-02	1.20E-03	1.16E-03	2.24E-04	3.23E-03	46.07	1.12E-03	1.17E-03	46.44
Large crane	2270002045	500	diesel	113	8	43%	6	8,401	0.04	0.34	0.09	1.40E-02	1.35E-02	6.84E-04	9.98E-03	126.75	3.26E-03	3.23E-03	127.79
Light towers	2270002027	24	diesel	110	8	43%	24	1,791	0.02	0.20	0.11	0.02	0.02	1.82E-04	5.51E-03	27.01	1.99E-03	6.88E-04	27.27
Welders	2270006025	50	diesel	123	8	21%	24	2,147	0.03	0.20	0.16	0.02	0.02	1.90E-04	7.55E-03	32.39	1.12E-03	8.25E-04	32.66
Onroad Vehicles																			
Semi-Truck		-	diesel	141	-	-	24	3,180	1.10E-02	0.08	0.04	3.15E-03	2.90E-03	3.01E-04	1.31E-03	35.79	3.74E-03	1.23E-04	35.92
Work Truck		-	diesel	143	-	-	24	1,802	0.02	0.05	0.16	2.02E-03	1.86E-03	1.73E-04	2.14E-03	20.28	4.97E-03	9.36E-05	20.43
Refuse Truck		-	diesel	142	-	-	24	4,913	9.46E-03	0.15	0.05	6.39E-03	5.88E-03	4.68E-04	9.76E-04	55.30	2.32E-03	1.01E-04	55.39
Dump Truck		-	diesel	141	-	-	60	7,950	0.03	0.19	0.10	7.87E-03	7.24E-03	7.53E-04	3.28E-03	89.47	9.36E-03	3.07E-04	89.79
Concrete Truck		-	diesel	141	-	-	12	1,590	5.50E-03	0.04	0.02	1.57E-03	1.45E-03	1.51E-04	6.57E-04	17.89	1.87E-03	6.13E-05	17.96
Worker Commute																			
Light Commercial Truck		-	diesel	144	-	-	60	3,112	1.48E-02	0.05	0.10	1.32E-03	1.21E-03	2.94E-04	2.18E-03	35.02	8.12E-03	1.68E-04	35.13
Passenger Truck			gasoline	145	-	-	36	1,461						2.03E-04				4.26E-04	
-		•	-				Total	239,755	1.34	10.95	3.73	0.48	0.47	0.02	0.31	3,522.73	0.12	0.08	3,550.68

- 1. Equipment assumptions based on information provided by the project.
- 2. Calculations assume equipment is used 5 days/wk i.e. 21 days/month.
- 3. Calculations conservatively assume that onroad vehicles travel approximately 50 miles per day, since emission factors from the MOVES2014 model for onroad vehicles are based on miles traveled.
- 4.Calculations conservatively assume workers average daily round trip commute is approximately
 5. Nonroad emission factors for criteria pollutants and GHG were estimated using EPA's MOVES2014b emission model for an assumed construction year of 2022.
- 6. Nonroad emission factors for HAPs were estimated using ERG, "Documentation for Aircraft, Commercial Marine Vessel, Locomotive, and Other Nonroad Components of the National Emissions Inventory," Volume 1 Methodology, October 7, 2003.
- 7. Onroad vehicle emission factors (lb/VMT) for VOC, NOx, CO, PM10, SO2, HAP and CO2e, were estimated using the MOVES2014b emission model for an assumed construction year of 2022.
- 8. Footprint for onshore substation is assumed to be 11.5 acres.
- 9. Length of onshore transmission cable is assumed to be 3.8 miles.

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2) - AIR EMISSION CALCULATIONS Table K-1-19. EW 1 Onshore Staging and Assembly at O+M Base - Construction Emissions

								Fuel Use						Emissions	1				
Construction Equipment	Source Category	HP per unit	Fuel Type	Emiss. Factor ID	hrs per day	Load Factor	Total Equip. Months	gal	VOC tons	NO _x tons	CO tons	PM ₁₀ tons	PM _{2.5} tons	SO ₂ tons	HAP Tons	CO ₂ tons	CH₄ tons	N₂O tons	CO ₂ e tons
Land-based Nonroad Equip.																			
24-Axle SPMT (Transport)	N/A	523	diesel	257	12	21%	18	24,909	0.08	0.16	1.43	8.19E-03	7.95E-03	6.14E-04	0.02	67	2.71E-03	5.42E-04	67.03
12-Axle SPMT (Transport)	N/A	241	diesel	257	12	21%	18	11,478	0.04	0.08	0.66	3.78E-03	3.66E-03	2.83E-04	8.61E-03	31	1.25E-03	2.50E-04	30.89
Main Loading Crane	2270002045	900	diesel	93	12	43%	11	41,587	0.21	1.66	0.45	0.07	0.07	3.39E-03	0.05	627.39	0.02	0.02	632.56
300T Crawler Crane	2270002045	500	diesel	93	8	43%	11	15,403	0.08	0.61	0.17	0.03	0.02	1.25E-03	0.02	232.37	5.97E-03	5.92E-03	234.28
16T Forklift	2270002057	160	diesel	94	4	59%	9	2,797	1.37E-02	0.07	0.03	5.99E-03	5.81E-03	2.18E-04	3.30E-03	42.19	1.12E-03	1.07E-03	42.54
5T Forklift	2270002057	115	diesel	94	4	59%	9	2,010	9.86E-03	0.05	0.02	4.30E-03	4.17E-03	1.56E-04	2.37E-03	30.33	8.08E-04	7.72E-04	30.58
20T Hydraulic Cherrypicker	2270003010	100	diesel	99	6	21%	9	1,205	0.03	0.14	0.13	0.02	0.02	1.23E-04	7.85E-03	18.17	1.13E-03	4.63E-04	18.34
Worker Commute																			
Light Commercial Truck		-	diesel	134	-	-	441	31,412	0.09	0.39	0.71	9.95E-03	9.16E-03	2.95E-03	0.02	353.53	0.07	2.18E-03	355.95
Passenger Truck		-	gasoline	135	-	-	294	16,496	0.08	0.07	1.22	3.20E-03	2.83E-03	2.29E-03	7.54E-03	159.65	4.10E-03	3.91E-03	160.92
						·	Total	147,297	0.62	3.23	4.83	0.15	0.14	1.13E-02	0.13	1,561.21	0.10	0.03	1,573.08

Notes:

- 1. Equipment assumptions based on information provided by the project.
- 2. Calculations assume equipment is used 5 days/wk i.e., 21 days/month.
- 3. Calculations conservatively assume that onroad vehicles travel approximately 50 miles per day, since emission factors from the MOVES2014 model for onroad vehicles are based on miles traveled.
- 4. Calculations conservatively assume workers average daily round trip commute is approximately 40 miles per day, since emission factors from the MOVES2014 model for onroad vehicles are based on miles traveled.
- 5. Nonroad emission factors for criteria pollutants and GHG were estimated using EPA's MOVES2014b emission model for an assumed construction year of 2022.
- 6. Nonroad emission factors for HAPs were estimated using ERG, "Documentation for Aircraft, Commercial Marine Vessel, Locomotive, and Other Nonroad Components of the National Emissions Inventory," Volume 1 Methodology, October 7, 2
- 7. SPMT power pack engines will meet EPA Tier 4 final emission standards for land-based stationary engines.

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2) - AIR EMISSION CALCULATIONS Table K-1-20. EW 2 Onshore Staging and Assembly at O+M Base - Construction Emissions

								Fuel Use						Emissions	3				
Construction Equipment	Source Category	HP per unit	Fuel Type	Emiss. Factor ID	hrs per day	Load Factor	Total Equip. Months	gal	VOC tons	NO _x tons	CO tons	PM ₁₀ tons	PM _{2.5} tons	SO₂ tons	HAP Tons	CO ₂ tons	CH₄ tons	N₂O tons	CO ₂ e tons
Land-based Nonroad Equip.																			
24-Axle SPMT (Transport)	N/A	523	diesel	257	12	21%	28	38,748	0.12	0.25	2.23	1.27E-02	1.24E-02	9.56E-04	0.03	104	4.21E-03	8.43E-04	104.26
12-Axle SPMT (Transport)	N/A	241	diesel	257	12	21%	28	17,855	0.06	0.12	1.03	5.87E-03	5.70E-03	4.40E-04	1.34E-02	48	1.94E-03	3.88E-04	48.04
Main Loading Crane	2270002045	900	diesel	93	12	43%	17	64,271	0.32	2.56	0.70	0.11	0.10	5.23E-03	0.08	969.61	0.02	0.02	977.59
300T Crawler Crane	2270002045	500	diesel	93	8	43%	17	23,804	0.12	0.95	0.26	0.04	0.04	1.94E-03	0.03	359.11	9.22E-03	9.14E-03	362.07
1300T Ring Crane	2270002045	500	diesel	93	8	43%	3	4,201	0.02	0.17	0.05	6.98E-03	6.77E-03	3.42E-04	4.99E-03	63.37	1.63E-03	1.61E-03	63.89
16T Forklift	2270002057	160	diesel	94	4	59%	14	4,351	0.02	0.11	0.05	9.31E-03	9.03E-03	3.38E-04	5.13E-03	65.63	1.75E-03	1.67E-03	66.18
5T Forklift	2270002057	115	diesel	94	4	59%	14	3,127	0.02	0.08	0.03	6.69E-03	6.49E-03	2.43E-04	3.69E-03	47.17	1.26E-03	1.20E-03	47.56
20T Hydraulic Cherrypicker	2270003010	100	diesel	99	6	21%	14	1,874	0.05	0.22	0.20	0.03	0.03	1.91E-04	1.22E-02	28.27	1.75E-03	7.20E-04	28.53
Worker Commute																			
Light Commercial Truck		-	diesel	144	-	-	504	26,139	0.12	0.39	0.84	1.11E-02	1.02E-02	2.47E-03	0.02	294.18	0.07	1.41E-03	296.31
Passenger Truck		-	gasoline	145	-	-	336	13,639	0.09	0.09	1.39	3.68E-03	3.25E-03	1.89E-03	8.37E-03	132.00	4.90E-03	3.98E-03	133.30
	•						Total	198,008	0.94	4.94	6.77	0.23	0.22	1.40E-02	0.20	2,111.14	0.12	0.05	2,127.74

Notes:

- 1. Equipment assumptions based on information provided by the project.
- 2. Calculations assume equipment is used 5 days/wk i.e., 21 days/month.
- 3. Calculations conservatively assume that onroad vehicles travel approximately 50 miles per day, since emission factors from the MOVES2014 model for onroad vehicles are based on miles traveled.
- 4. Calculations conservatively assume workers average daily round trip commute is approximately miles per day, since emission factors from the MOVES2014 model for onroad vehicles are based on miles traveled.
- 5. Nonroad emission factors for criteria pollutants and GHG were estimated using EPA's MOVES2014b emission model for an assumed construction year of 2022.
- 6. Nonroad emission factors for HAPs were estimated using ERG, "Documentation for Aircraft, Commercial Marine Vessel, Locomotive, and Other Nonroad Components of the National Emissions Inventory," Volume 1 Methodology, October 7, 2
- 7. SPMT power pack engines will meet EPA Tier 4 final emission standards for land-based stationary engines.

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2) - AIR EMISSION CALCULATIONS Table K-1-21. EW 1 and EW 2 Offshore Operations Emissions (combined for both projects)

																			Total Emissions (Non-Transit)												
Vessels/Equ		No. of Engines per vessel	2.Anchored	Dimensions (ft) d length x width x depth (draft)	Emission Factor Used (see EFs	Engine Rating (hp)	Fuel Type	Assumed fuel rate (kg per vessel per day)	Assumed fuel density (kg/gal)	Transit Round Trips	Transit Duration (hrs/round trip)	Non-OCS Operating Days	OCS Operating Days	Non-Transit Operating Hours (hrs/day)	Non-Transit otal Operatin Hours (hrs)	Transit Average load (%)	Non-Transit Average load (%)	Transit Fuel Usage Gallons (per vessel)	Non-Transit Fuel Usage Gallons (per vessel)	VOC tons	NO _x tons	CO tons	PM ₁₀ tons	PM _{2.5} tons	SO ₂ tons	HAPs tons	CO ₂ tons	CH ₄ tons	N ₂ O tons	CO₂e tons	
Service Operations Vessel (Bar	attery Power)	N/A	1	275 x 58 x 21	worksheet) N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	26	5 2.	8 () (0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0	0	0) (0	0	0	C) (
Service Operations Vessel (Die	·		1	275 x 58 x 21																											
	-Main Generators -Emergency Generator	3 1			4.02	1,400 280	Diesel Diesel	3,573	3.18	26	7.	6 0	328.5	0 24	7,884 0	22% 0%	22%	9,251	369,098	1.14	10.84	30.10	0.24	0.23	0.04	0.10	4,153.98	0.54	0.12	4,203.40	
Crew Transfer Vessel 1	Ŭ.		N/A	65 x 17 x 5																											
	-Main Engines	2			3.08	1000		4,000	3.18	120	!	9 (240.9		5,782	51%		56,604	303,019	0.91	26.04		0.53	0.51			3,321.26			.,	
	-Main Generators	2			3.03	27	Diesel			120	!	9 (240.9	9 24	5,782	51%	51%			0.02	0.58	0.65	0.04	0.04	8.44E-04	2.78E-03	89.04	1.16E-02	2.58E-03	90.1	
Crew Transfer Vessel 2			N/A	65 x 17 x 5																											
	-Main Engines	2			3.08	1000		4,000	3.18	120		9 (240.9		5,782				303,019	0.91	26.04		0.53	0.51			3,321.26				
	-Main Generators	2			3.03	27	Diesel			120	1	9 (240.9	24	5,782	51%	51%			0.02	0.58	0.65	0.04	0.04	8.44E-04	2.78E-03	89.04	1.16E-02	2.58E-03	90.1	
Crew Transfer Vessel 3			N/A	65 x 17 x 5	2.00	4000	n			400					5 700	540	5400	50.00	202.040	2.24	25.04	24.07	0.50	0.54	0.00	0.00	2 224 25	0.40		2 2 2 2 2	
	-Main Engines -Main Generators	2			3.08 3.03	1000	Diesel	4,000	3.18	120		9	240.9		5,782 5.782	51%	51%		303,019	0.91	26.04 0.58	24.07	0.53 0.04	0.51 0.04			3,321.26 89.04			. ,	
Crew Transfer Vessel 4	-iviain Generators	2	N/A	65 x 17 x 5	3.03	21	Diesei			120	1	9 (240.9	24	5,/82	51%	51%	1		0.02	0.58	0.65	0.04	0.04	8.44E-04	2.78E-03	89.04	1.16E-02	2.58E-03	90.10	
Crew Transfer Vessel 4	-Main Engines	2	IN/A	03 X 1 / X 3	3.08	1000	Diecel	4.000	3.18	120		، ا	240.9	24	5,782	51%	51%	56,604	303,019	0.91	26.04	24.07	0.53	0.51	0.03	0.08	3,321.26	0.43	0.10	3,360.7	
	-Main Generators	2			3.03		Diesel	4,000	3.10	120			240.5		5 782	51%	51%	30,004	303,019	0.31	0.58	0.65	0.04	0.04			89.04		2.58E-03		
Survey Vessel (every year)	ai deliciators		N/A	180 x 39 x 14	5.05	27	5.0501			120		'	240.5		3,702	317	3170			0.02	0.50	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.442 0-	2.702.03	05.04	1.100 02	2.502 05	50.1	
	-Main Engine	1	,,,		2	2131	Diesel	3,000	3.18	1		9 (60	24	1,440	27%	27%	354	56,604	0.34	6.57	3.35	0.42	0.40	4.38E-03	0.04	462.51	0.06	1.34E-02	468.0	
	-Main Generators	2			1		Diesel	,,,,,		1		9 (60	24	1,440	27%	27%			0.07	2.48	1.26	0.07	0.06			174.53	0.02	5.06E-03		
				•					1								TOTALS	236,020	1,637,777	5.30	126.37	133.57	2.99	2.90			18,432.21	2.40			

- 1. EW 1 and EW 2 will share marine vessels during offshore operations, and the emissions presented here are the combined total for both projects
- 2. Non-transit activity durations were estimated based on the number of days of operation provided by the project
 3. Transit emissions are based on an assumed vessel speed of 5 knots for SOV battery-only operation (and 10 knots for all other vessel activities), and the following one-way travel distances South Brooklyn Marine Terminal to center of OCS lease area: 43.5 nm (Kings: 7.8 nm; Queens: 3 nm; Monmouth: 2.7 nm; OCS radius: 30 nm Battery power operation for SOV: when within 7.0 nm of SBMT
- 4. The number of transits for each vessel are based on the following assumptions
- Bi-weekly round trips to/from port for the service operations vessel.
- 120 annual round trips to/from port for each crew transfer vessels
- One annual round trip for the survey vessel.
- 5. The specific vessels for each operation have not been finalized at this time; however, the vessels identified for each installation activity are typical sizes for performing this effort
- 6. Default emission factors for marine vessel engines are from ICF International report to the US EPA "Current Methodologies in Preparing Mobile Source Port-Related Emissions Inventories", April 2005
- 7. For vessels known to be subject to EPA Tier 3 or Tier 4, the appropriate emission standards from 40 CFR 1042 may be used for NOx, CO, HC, and PM, based on the engine's power rating, displacement, and model yea
- 8. HAP emission factors for commercial marine vessels were determined using the methodology identified by US EPA for the latest (2017) National Emissions Inventory (NEI); i.e., they are calculated as percentages of the PMs or VOC emissions from the CMVs.
- The HAP emissions for nonroad engines were based on EPA's AP-42 Volume 1, Chapters 3.3 and 3.4 for small and large diesel engines. (see HAP emission factor summary pages
- 9. Average load factors for vessel engines were estimated based on typical daily fuel use rates provided by the project
- 10. CO_2e emission rates use the following carbon equivalence factors: 25 for CH_1 , and 298 for N_2O .

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2) - AIR EMISSION CALCULATIONS Table K-1-21. EW 1 and EW 2 Offshore Operations Emissions (combined for both projects)

																							Total E	missions (T	ransit)				
Vessels/Equipment		1. DP 2.Anchored	Dimensions (ft)	Emission Factor Used	Engine Rating	Fuel Type	Assumed fuel	Assumed fuel density (kg/gal)	Transit Round Trips	Transit Duration (hrs/round	Non-OCS Operating Days	OCS Operating Days	Non-Transit Operating Hours	Non-Transit otal Operatin Hours	Transit Average load (%)	Non-Transit Average load (%)	Transit Fuel Usage Gallons	Non-Transit Fuel Usage Gallons	VOC tons	NO _x	CO	PM ₁₀ tons	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	HAPs tons	CO ₂	CH ₄	N ₂ O tons	CO ₂ e
	per vessel	3.Spuds	(draft)	(see EFs worksheet)	(hp)		vessel per day)	,,,,,,,		trip)	,		(hrs/day)	(hrs)	, ,		(per vessel)	(per vessel)											
Service Operations Vessel (Battery Power)	N/A	1	275 x 58 x 21	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	26	2.8	8 ()	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	,
Service Operations Vessel (Diesel Power)		1	275 x 58 x 21																										
-Main Generators	3			4.02	1,400	Diesel	3,573	3.18	26	7.0	6 (328.	5 24	7,884	22%	22%	9,251	369,098	0.03	0.27	0.75	6.04E-03	5.85E-03	9.87E-04	2.44E-03	104.11	1.36E-02	3.02E-03	105.3
-Emergency Generator	1				280	Diesel				(0 () (0	0	0%	0%													⊥
Crew Transfer Vessel 1		N/A	65 x 17 x 5																										
-Main Engines	2			3.08	1000		4,000	3.18	120		9 (240.9		5,782	51%		56,604	303,019	0.17	4.86	4.50	0.10	0.10		0.02	620.41		0.02	
-Main Generators	2			3.03	27	Diesel			120	1	9 (240.9	9 24	5,782	51%	51%			4.58E-03	0.11	0.12	7.23E-03	7.01E-03	1.58E-04	5.19E-04	16.63	2.17E-03	4.82E-04	16.8
Crew Transfer Vessel 2		N/A	65 x 17 x 5																										
-Main Engines	2			3.08	1000		4,000	3.18	120	9	9	240.9	24	5,782	51%	51%	56,604	303,019	0.17	4.86	4.50	0.10	0.10	5.88E-03	0.02	620.41		0.02	627.7
-Main Generators	2			3.03	27	Diesel			120	' '	9 (240.9	9 24	5,782	51%	51%			4.58E-03	0.11	0.12	7.23E-03	7.01E-03	1.58E-04	5.19E-04	16.63	2.17E-03	4.82E-04	16.8
Crew Transfer Vessel 3		N/A	65 x 17 x 5																										
-Main Engines	2			3.08	1000		4,000	3.18	120	'	9 (240.9		5,782	51%	51%	56,604	303,019	0.17	4.86	4.50	0.10	0.10		0.02	620.41		0.02	627.7
-Main Generators	2			3.03	27	Diesel			120	1	9 (240.9	24	5,782	51%	51%			4.58E-03	0.11	0.12	7.23E-03	7.01E-03	1.58E-04	5.19E-04	16.63	2.17E-03	4.82E-04	16.8
Crew Transfer Vessel 4	_	N/A	65 x 17 x 5	2.00	4000		4.000	3 18	420					F 700		5400	55.504	202.040	0.47		4.50	0.40	0.40	F 00F 00	0.00	500.44	0.00	0.00	
-Main Engines	2			3.08 3.03	1000		4,000	3.18	120 120	1		240.9		5,782 5,782	51%	51%	56,604	303,019	0.17 4.58E-03	4.86 0.11	4.50	0.10	0.10		0.02	620.41 16.63	0.08 2.17E-03	0.02 4.82E-04	
-Main Generators		N/A	100 20 14	3.03	27	Diesel			120	'	9 (240.	9 24	5,782	51%	51%			4.58E-03	0.11	0.12	7.23E-03	7.01E-03	1.58E-04	5.19E-04	16.63	2.1/E-03	4.82E-04	16.8
Survey Vessel (every year)	1	IN/A	180 x 39 x 14	,	2121	Discol	3.000	3.18		l .			34	1 440	27%	270/	354	56,604	0.00	0.04	0.03	2 505 02	2.52E-03	2 745 05	2.22E-04	2.00	3.77E-04	0.205.05	
-Main Engine -Main Generators	1			1	2131	Diesel	3,000	3.18]	1		6	24	1,440	27%	27%	354	56,604	0.00 4.27E-04	0.04	0.02 7.90E-03	2.59E-03 4.08E-04	3.96E-04	2.74E-05 1.03E-05	4.28E-05	2.89	3.77E-04 1.42E-04	8.38E-05 3.16E-05	
-Main Generators	2	l	1	1 1	402	Diesei					ا	וט וע	J 24	1,440	21%	TOTALS	236,020	1,637,777		20.22		4.06E-04	3.96E-04	0.03 0.03	4.28E-05 0.07	2,656.26	0.35	3.16E-05 0.08	

- 1. EW 1 and EW 2 will share marine vessels during offshore operations, and the emissions presented here are the combined total for both projects
- 2. Non-transit activity durations were estimated based on the number of days of operation provided by the project
 3. Transit emissions are based on an assumed vessel speed of 5 knots for SOV battery-only operation (and 10 knots for all other vessel activities), and the following one-way travel distances South Brooklyn Marine Terminal to center of OCS lease area: 43.5 nm (Kings: 7.8 nm; Queens: 3 nm; Monmouth: 2.7 nm; OCS radius: 30 nm Battery power operation for SOV: when within 7.0 nm of SBMT
- 4. The number of transits for each vessel are based on the following assumptions
- Bi-weekly round trips to/from port for the service operations vessel.
- 120 annual round trips to/from port for each crew transfer vessels
- One annual round trip for the survey vessel.
- 5. The specific vessels for each operation have not been finalized at this time; however, the vessels identified for each installation activity are typical sizes for performing this effort
- 6. Default emission factors for marine vessel engines are from ICF International report to the US EPA "Current Methodologies in Preparing Mobile Source Port-Related Emissions Inventories", April 2005
- 7. For vessels known to be subject to EPA Tier 3 or Tier 4, the appropriate emission standards from 40 CFR 1042 may be used for NOx, CO, HC, and PM, based on the engine's power rating, displacement, and model yea
- 8. HAP emission factors for commercial marine vessels were determined using the methodology identified by US EPA for the latest (2017) National Emissions Inventory (NEI); i.e., they are calculated as percentages of the PMs or VOC emissions from the CMVs.
- The HAP emissions for nonroad engines were based on EPA's AP-42 Volume 1, Chapters 3.3 and 3.4 for small and large diesel engines. (see HAP emission factor summary pages
- 9. Average load factors for vessel engines were estimated based on typical daily fuel use rates provided by the project
- 10. CO_2e emission rates use the following carbon equivalence factors: 25 for CH_1 , and 298 for N_2O .

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2) - AIR EMISSION CALCULATIONS Table K-1-22. EW 1 Offshore Maintenance Emissions

																								Total Em	issions (No	n-Transit)				
Vessels/Equipment	Eng	o. of 1 gines 2 vessel 3	2.Anchored	Dimensions (ft) length x width x depth (draft)	Emission Factor Used (see EFs worksheet)	Engine Rating (hp)	Fuel Type	Assumed fuel rate (kg per vessel per day)	Assumed fuel density (kg/gal)	Transit Round Trips	Transit Duration (hrs/round trip)	Non-OCS Operating Days	OCS Operating Days	Non-Transit Operating Hours (hrs/day)	Non-Transit otal Operatin Hours (hrs)	Transit Average load (%)	Non-Transit Average load (%)	Transit Fuel Usage Gallons (per vessel)	Non-Transit Fuel Usage Gallons (per vessel)	VOC tons	NO _x tons	CO tons	PM ₁₀ tons	PM _{2.5} tons	SO ₂ tons	HAPs tons	CO ₂ tons	CH ₄ tons	N ₂ O tons	CO₂e tons
Heavy Lift Vessel (every year)		_	3	484 x 138 x 36																										
	n Engines	6		107 06 10 (17)	3	6,394	Diesel	45,000	3.18	1	1 6) (22	2 24	528	33%	33%	3,538	311,321	2.79	73.64	6.14	1.03	1.00	2.21	0.25	3,604.20	0.02	0.17	3,656.30
	n Engines	2	N/A	127 x 36 x 19 (17)	2		Diesel	10,000	3.18	1	1 15	5 (22	2 24	528	35%	35%	1,965	69,182	0.55	10.77	5.50	0.68	0.66			758.59	0.10	0.02	767.61
	. Engines	2			1	95	Diesel			1	1 19	5 (22	2 24	528	35%	35%			7.83E-03	0.28	0.15	7.49E-03	7.26E-03	1.90E-04	7.86E-04	20.02	2.61E-03	5.80E-04	20.26
	n Engines	2	N/A	127 x 36 x 19 (17)	2	-,	Diesel	10,000	3.18	1	1 15	5 (22	2 24	528	35%	35%	1,965	69,182		10.77	5.50	0.68	0.66			758.59	0.10	0.02	767.61
	. Engines	2			1	95	Diesel			1	1 15	5 (22	2 24	528	35%	35%			7.83E-03	0.28	0.15	7.49E-03	7.26E-03	1.90E-04	7.86E-04	20.02	2.61E-03	5.80E-04	20.26
Cargo Barge (every year)			N/A	400 x 105 x 25				0	N/A	1	1 15	5 (22	2 24	528	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A											Í
Inter-Array Cable Lay Vessel (every year) -Main G	enerators	4	1	313 x 71 x 29 (24)	2	2,606	Diesel	15,000	3.18	1	1 9) (14	1 24	336	37%	37%	1,769	66,038	0.54	10.56	5.39	0.67	0.65	7.04E-03	0.06	743.22	0.10	0.02	752.06
Export Cable Lay Vessel (once per 10 yrs) -Main G	enerators	6	1	459 x 97 x 36 (24)	3	3,003	Diesel	15,000	3.18	1	1 9) (14	1 24	336	24%	24%	1,769	66,038	0.59	15.62	1.30	0.22	0.21	0.47	0.05	764.53	4.73E-03	0.04	775.58
WTG Temporary Generators (once per 10 yrs		16	N/A	N/A	257	201	Diesel	11,270	3.18	(0 () () 6	5 24	144	0%	100.0%	0	21,264	0.07	0.15	1.33	7.62E-03	7.39E-03	5.72E-04	5.60E-03	62.13	2.52E-03	5.04E-04	62.34
																	TOTALS	11,006	603,025	5.11	122.08	25.44	3.30	3.20	2.71	0.48	6,731.29	0.33	0.28	6,822.02

- $1.\ Emission\ calculations\ provided\ in\ this\ assessment\ are\ based\ on\ development\ of\ up\ to\ 57\ wind\ turbine\ locations\ for\ EW\ 1$
- 2. Transit emissions are based on an assumed vessel speed of 6 knots for tugs and barges (and 10 knots for all other vessel types), and the following one-way travel distances
- South Brooklyn Marine Terminal to center of OCS lease area: 43.5 nm (Kings: 7.8 nm; Queens: 3 nm; Monmouth: 2.7 nm; OCS radius: 30 nm
- Overseas port to center of OCS lease area: 30.0 nm (only includes portion of transit within 25 nm of the OCS lease area
- 3. The number of transits for each vessel are based on the following assumptions
- One annual round trip each for heavy lift vessel, tugs and barge, and interarray cable lay vessel
- One round trip every 10 years (estimated) for export cable lay vessel.
- 4. The specific vessels for each operation have not been finalized at this time; however, the vessels identified for each installation activity are typical sizes for performing this effort
- 5. Default emission factors for marine vessel engines are from ICF International report to the US EPA "Current Methodologies in Preparing Mobile Source Port-Related Emissions Inventories", April 2005

 6. For vessels known to be subject to EPA Tier 3 or Tier 4, the appropriate emission standards from 40 CFR 1042 may be used for NOx, CO, HC, and PM, based on the engine's power rating, displacement, and model year
- 7. HAP emission factors for commercial marine vessels were determined using the methodology identified by US EPA for the latest (2017) National Emissions Inventory (NEI); i.e., they are calculated as percentages of the PM₅ or VOC emissions from the CMVs.
- The HAP emissions for nonroad engines were based on EPA's AP-42 Volume 1, Chapters 3.3 and 3.4 for small and large diesel engines. (see HAP emission factor summary pages
- 8. Average load factors for vessel engines were estimated based on typical daily fuel use rates provided by the project
- 9. WTG temporary blackout generators will be portable generators lifted onto WTG platform; emissions based on nonroad factors in Table 1 of 40 CFR 1039.101, AP-42 Table 3.3-2 (HAPs), and 40 CFR 98 (GHGs
- 10. CO_2e emission rates use the following carbon equivalence factors: 25 for CH_1 , and 298 for N_2O .

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2) - AIR EMISSION CALCULATIONS Table K-1-22. EW 1 Offshore Maintenance Emissions

																	Total Emissions (Transit)												
Vessels/Equipment	E	No. of 1. DP ngines 2.Anchore r vessel 3.Spuds	Dimensions (ft) ed length x width x depth (draft)	Emission Factor Used (see EFs worksheet)	Engine Fuel Rating Type (hp)	Assumed fuel rate (kg per vessel per day)	Assumed fuel density (kg/gal)	Transit Round Trips	Transit Duration (hrs/round trip)	Non-OCS Operating Days	OCS Operating Days	Non-Transit Operating Hours (hrs/day)			Non-Transit Average load (%)	Fuel Usage Gallons	Non-Transit Fuel Usage Gallons (per vessel)	VOC tons	NO _x tons	CO tons	PM ₁₀ tons	PM _{2.5} tons	SO ₂ tons	HAPs tons	CO ₂ tons	CH ₄ tons	N ₂ O tons	CO₂e tons	
Heavy Lift Vessel (every year)		3	484 x 138 x 36																									-	
-Main Eng	gines	6		3	6,394 Diesel	45,000	3.18		1 6	0	22	2 24	528	33%	33%	3,538	311,321	0.03	0.84	0.07	1.17E-02	1.14E-02	0.03	2.80E-03	40.96	2.54E-04	1.97E-03	41.55	
Tug 1 (every year)		N/A	127 x 36 x 19 (17)																										
-Main Eng	-	2		2	3,600 Diesel	10,000	3.18	1	1 15	0	22	24	528	35%	35%	1,965	69,182	0.02	0.31		0.02	0.02			21.55			21.81	
-Aux. Eng	gines	2		1	95 Diesel				1 15	0	22	2 24	528	35%	35%			2.23E-04	8.08E-03	4.12E-03	2.13E-04	2.06E-04	5.39E-06	2.23E-05	0.57	7.42E-05	1.65E-05	0.58	
Tug 2 (every year)		N/A	127 x 36 x 19 (17)																										
-Main Eng	gines	2		2	3,600 Diesel	10,000	3.18	1	1 15	0	22	24	528	35%	35%	1,965	69,182	0.02	0.31	0.16	0.02	0.02	2.04E-04	1.66E-03	21.55	2.81E-03	6.25E-04	21.81	
-Aux. Eng	gines	2		1	95 Diesel			1	1 15	0	22	2 24	528	35%	35%			2.23E-04	8.08E-03	4.12E-03	2.13E-04	2.06E-04	5.39E-06	2.23E-05	0.57	7.42E-05	1.65E-05	0.58	
Cargo Barge (every year)		N/A	400 x 105 x 25			0	N/A		1 15	0	22	2 24	528	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A												
Inter-Array Cable Lay Vessel (every year)		1	313 x 71 x 29 (24)																										
-Main Genera	ators	4	, ,	2	2,606 Diesel	15,000	3.18	1	9	0	14	1 24	336	37%	37%	1,769	66,038	1.44E-02	0.28	0.14	0.02	0.02	1.89E-04	1.53E-03	19.91	2.60E-03	5.77E-04	20.14	
Export Cable Lay Vessel (once per 10 yrs)		1	459 x 97 x 36 (24)																										
-Main Genera	ators	6		3	3,003 Diesel	15,000	3.18	1	9	0	14	1 24	336	24%	24%	1,769	66,038	0.02	0.42	0.03	5.87E-03	5.70E-03	1.26E-02	1.40E-03	20.48	1.27E-04	9.83E-04	20.77	
WTG Temporary Generators (once per 10 yrs)			1.																			_			_				
		16 N/A	N/A	257	201 Diesel	11,270	3.18	(0	0	(24	144	0%	100.0%		21,264	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
															TOTALS	11.006	603.025	0.09	2.17	0.57	0.07	0.07	0.04	9.09E-03	125.58	8.75E-03	4.81E-03	127.23	

- $1.\ Emission\ calculations\ provided\ in\ this\ assessment\ are\ based\ on\ development\ of\ up\ to\ 57\ wind\ turbine\ locations\ for\ EW\ 1$
- 2. Transit emissions are based on an assumed vessel speed of 6 knots for tugs and barges (and 10 knots for all other vessel types), and the following one-way travel distances
- South Brooklyn Marine Terminal to center of OCS lease area: 43.5 nm (Kings: 7.8 nm; Queens: 3 nm; Monmouth: 2.7 nm; OCS radius: 30 nm
- Overseas port to center of OCS lease area: 30.0 nm (only includes portion of transit within 25 nm of the OCS lease area
- 3. The number of transits for each vessel are based on the following assumptions $% \left\{ 1,2,...,n\right\}$
- One annual round trip each for heavy lift vessel, tugs and barge, and interarray cable lay vessel
- One round trip every 10 years (estimated) for export cable lay vessel.
- 4. The specific vessels for each operation have not been finalized at this time; however, the vessels identified for each installation activity are typical sizes for performing this effort
- 5. Default emission factors for marine vessel engines are from ICF International report to the US EPA "Current Methodologies in Preparing Mobile Source Port-Related Emissions Inventories", April 2005

 6. For vessels known to be subject to EPA Tier 3 or Tier 4, the appropriate emission standards from 40 CFR 1042 may be used for NOx, CO, HC, and PM, based on the engine's power rating, displacement, and model year
- 7. HAP emission factors for commercial marine vessels were determined using the methodology identified by US EPA for the latest (2017) National Emissions Inventory (NEI); i.e., they are calculated as percentages of the PM₂ or VOC emissions from the CMVs.
- The HAP emissions for nonroad engines were based on EPA's AP-42 Volume 1, Chapters 3.3 and 3.4 for small and large diesel engines. (see HAP emission factor summary pages
- 8. Average load factors for vessel engines were estimated based on typical daily fuel use rates provided by the project
- 9. WTG temporary blackout generators will be portable generators lifted onto WTG platform; emissions based on nonroad factors in Table 1 of 40 CFR 1039.101, AP-42 Table 3.3-2 (HAPs), and 40 CFR 98 (GHGs
- 10. CO_2e emission rates use the following carbon equivalence factors: 25 for CH_1 , and 298 for N_2O .

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2) - AIR EMISSION CALCULATIONS Table K-1-23. EW 2 Offshore Maintenance Emissions

																	Total Emissions (Non-Transit)												
Vessels/Equipment	En	lo. of 1. DP ogines 2.Anchore vessel 3.Spuds	Dimensions (ft) ed length x width x deptl (draft)	Emission Factor Used (see EFs worksheet	Engine Fu Rating Ty (hp)		er density (kg/ga	Transit Round) Trips	Transit Duration (hrs/round trip)	Non-OCS Operating Days	OCS Operating Days	Non-Transit Operating Hours (hrs/day)	Non-Transit otal Operatir Hours (hrs)		load (%)	Fuel Usage Gallons	Non-Transit Fuel Usage Gallons (per vessel)	VOC tons	NO _x tons	CO tons	PM ₁₀ tons	PM _{2.5} tons	SO ₂ tons	HAPs tons	CO ₂ tons	CH ₄ tons	N₂O tons	CO ₂ e tons	
Heavy Lift Vessel (every year)		3	484 x 138 x 36																										
-Main Engi	nes	6		3	6,394 Diesel	45	5,000 3.1	8	1 6	C	37	7 24	888	33%	33%	3,538	523,585	4.69	123.84	10.32	1.74	1.69	3.72	0.41	6,061.61	0.04	0.29	6,149.22	
Tug 1 (every year)		N/A	127 x 36 x 19 (17)																										
-Main Engi	nes	2		2	3,600 Diesel	10),000 3.1	В	1 15	C	37	7 24	888	35%	35%	1,965	116,352	0.92	18.12	9.24	1.14	1.11	1.21E-02	0.10	1,275.81	0.17	0.04	1,290.99	
-Aux. Engi	nes	2		1	95 Diesel				1 15	C	37	7 24	888	35%	35%			1.32E-02	0.48	0.24	1.26E-02	1.22E-02	3.19E-04	1.32E-03	33.67	4.39E-03	9.76E-04	34.07	
Tug 2 (every year)		N/A	127 x 36 x 19 (17)																										
-Main Engi	nes	2		2	3,600 Diesel	10),000 3.1	8	1 15	C	37	7 24	888	35%	35%	1,965	116,352	0.92	18.12	9.24	1.14	1.11	1.21E-02	0.10	1,275.81	0.17	0.04	1,290.99	
-Aux. Engi	nes	2		1	95 Diesel				1 15	C	37	7 24	888	35%	35%			1.32E-02	0.48	0.24	1.26E-02	1.22E-02	3.19E-04	1.32E-03	33.67	4.39E-03	9.76E-04	34.07	
Cargo Barge (every year)		N/A	400 x 105 x 25				0 N/	A	1 15	С	37	7 24	888	B N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A												
Inter-Array Cable Lay Vessel (every year)		1	313 x 71 x 29 (24)																										
-Main General	tors	4		2	2,606 Diesel	15	5,000 3.1	В	1 9	C	28	3 24	672	37%	37%	1,769	132,075	1.08	21.11	10.77	1.33	1.29	0.01	0.11	1,486.43	0.19	0.04	1,504.12	
Export Cable Lay Vessel (once per 10 yrs)		1	459 x 97 x 36 (24)																										
-Main General	tors	6		3	3,003 Diesel	15	5,000 3.1	8	1 9	С	14	1 24	336	24%	24%	1,769	66,038	0.59	15.62	1.30	0.22	0.21	0.47	0.05	764.53	4.73E-03	0.04	775.58	
WTG Temporary Generators (once per 10 yrs)																													
		16 N/A	N/A	257	201 Diesel	11	,270 3.1	8	0	C	(24	144	0%	100.0%	C	21,264	0.07	0.15	1.33	7.62E-03	7.39E-03	5.72E-04	5.60E-03	62.13	2.52E-03	5.04E-04	62.34	
															TOTALS	11,006	975,667	8.31	197.93	42.70	5.61	5.45	4.23	0.79	10,993.65	0.58	0.45	11,141.37	

- ${\bf 1.}\ Emission\ calculations\ provided\ in\ this\ assessment\ are\ based\ on\ development\ of\ up\ to\ 90\ wind\ turbine\ locations\ for\ EW\ 2$
- 2. Transit emissions are based on an assumed vessel speed of 6 knots for tugs and barges (and 10 knots for all other vessel types), and the following one-way travel distances
- South Brooklyn Marine Terminal to center of OCS lease area: 43.5 nm (Kings: 7.8 nm; Queens: 3 nm; Monmouth: 2.7 nm; OCS radius: 30 nm
- Overseas port to center of OCS lease area: 30.0 nm (only includes portion of transit within 25 nm of the OCS lease area
- 3. The number of transits for each vessel are based on the following assumptions $% \left\{ 1,2,...,n\right\}$
- One annual round trip each for heavy lift vessel, tugs and barge, and interarray cable lay vessel
- One round trip every 10 years (estimated) for export cable lay vessel.
- 4. The specific vessels for each operation have not been finalized at this time; however, the vessels identified for each installation activity are typical sizes for performing this effort
- 5. Default emission factors for marine vessel engines are from ICF International report to the US EPA "Current Methodologies in Preparing Mobile Source Port-Related Emissions Inventories", April 2005

 6. For vessels known to be subject to EPA Tier 3 or Tier 4, the appropriate emission standards from 40 CFR 1042 may be used for NOx, CO, HC, and PM, based on the engine's power rating, displacement, and model year
- 7. HAP emission factors for commercial marine vessels were determined using the methodology identified by US EPA for the latest (2017) National Emissions Inventory (NEI); i.e., they are calculated as percentages of the PM₂ or VOC emissions from the CMVs.
- The HAP emissions for nonroad engines were based on EPA's AP-42 Volume 1, Chapters 3.3 and 3.4 for small and large diesel engines. (see HAP emission factor summary pages
- 8. Average load factors for vessel engines were estimated based on typical daily fuel use rates provided by the project
- 9. WTG temporary blackout generators will be portable generators lifted onto WTG platform; emissions based on nonroad factors in Table 1 of 40 CFR 1039.101, AP-42 Table 3.3-2 (HAPs), and 40 CFR 98 (GHGs
- 10. CO_2e emission rates use the following carbon equivalence factors: 25 for CH_1 , and 298 for N_2O .

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2) - AIR EMISSION CALCULATIONS Table K-1-23. EW 2 Offshore Maintenance Emissions

																						Total E	missions (1	ransit)				
Vessels/Equipment	En	lo. of 1. DP ngines 2.Anchore vessel 3.Spuds	Dimensions (ft) ed length x width x depth (draft)	Emission Factor Used (see EFs worksheet)	Engine Fuel Rating Type (hp)	Assumed fuel rate (kg per vessel per day)	Assumed fuel density (kg/gal)	Transit Round Trips	Transit Duration (hrs/round trip)	Non-OCS Operating Days	OCS Operating Days	Non-Transit Operating Hours (hrs/day)			load (%)	Fuel Usage Gallons	Non-Transit Fuel Usage Gallons (per vessel)	VOC tons	NO _x tons	CO tons	PM ₁₀ tons	PM _{2.5} tons	SO ₂ tons	HAPs tons	CO ₂ tons	CH ₄ tons	N ₂ O tons	CO₂e tons
Heavy Lift Vessel (every year)		3	484 x 138 x 36																									
-Main Engi	nes	6		3	6,394 Diesel	45,000	3.18	:	1 6	0	37	7 24	888	33%	33%	3,538	523,585	0.03	0.84	0.07	1.17E-02	1.14E-02	0.03	2.80E-03	40.96	2.54E-04	1.97E-03	41.55
Tug 1 (every year)		N/A	127 x 36 x 19 (17)									1																
-Main Engi		2		2	3,600 Diesel	10,000	3.18	1	1 15	0	37	7 24	888	35%	35%	1,965	116,352	0.02	0.31		0.02	0.02			21.55			21.81
-Aux. Engi	nes	2		1	95 Diesel			1	1 15	0	37	7 24	888	35%	35%			2.23E-04	8.08E-03	4.12E-03	2.13E-04	2.06E-04	5.39E-06	2.23E-05	0.57	7.42E-05	1.65E-05	0.58
Tug 2 (every year)		N/A	127 x 36 x 19 (17)																									
-Main Engi	nes	2		2	3,600 Diesel	10,000	3.18		1 15	0	37	7 24	888	35%	35%	1,965	116,352	0.02	0.31	0.16	0.02	0.02	2.04E-04	1.66E-03	21.55	2.81E-03	6.25E-04	21.81
-Aux. Engi	nes	2		1	95 Diesel			1	1 15	0	37	7 24	888	35%	35%			2.23E-04	8.08E-03	4.12E-03	2.13E-04	2.06E-04	5.39E-06	2.23E-05	0.57	7.42E-05	1.65E-05	0.58
Cargo Barge (every year)		N/A	400 x 105 x 25			0	N/A		1 15	0	37	7 24	888	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A											
Inter-Array Cable Lay Vessel (every year)		1	313 x 71 x 29 (24)													· ·												
-Main General	tors	4		2	2,606 Diesel	15,000	3.18	:	9	0	28	3 24	672	37%	37%	1,769	132,075	1.44E-02	0.28	0.14	0.02	0.02	1.89E-04	1.53E-03	19.91	2.60E-03	5.77E-04	20.14
Export Cable Lay Vessel (once per 10 yrs)		1	459 x 97 x 36 (24)																									
-Main Genera	tors	6		3	3,003 Diesel	15,000	3.18		1 9	0	14	4 24	336	24%	24%	1,769	66,038	0.02	0.42	0.03	5.87E-03	5.70E-03	1.26E-02	1.40E-03	20.48	1.27E-04	9.83E-04	20.77
WTG Temporary Generators (once per 10 yrs)				1												_						_	_					
		16 N/A	N/A	257	201 Diesel	11,270	3.18	(0	0	6	5 24	144	0%	100.0%	0	21,264	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
															TOTALS	11.006	975.667	0.09	2.17	0.57	0.07	0.07	0.04	9.09E-03	125.58	8.75E-03	4.81E-03	127.23

- ${\bf 1.}\ Emission\ calculations\ provided\ in\ this\ assessment\ are\ based\ on\ development\ of\ up\ to\ 90\ wind\ turbine\ locations\ for\ EW\ 2$
- 2. Transit emissions are based on an assumed vessel speed of 6 knots for tugs and barges (and 10 knots for all other vessel types), and the following one-way travel distances
- South Brooklyn Marine Terminal to center of OCS lease area: 43.5 nm (Kings: 7.8 nm; Queens: 3 nm; Monmouth: 2.7 nm; OCS radius: 30 nm
- Overseas port to center of OCS lease area: 30.0 nm (only includes portion of transit within 25 nm of the OCS lease area
- 3. The number of transits for each vessel are based on the following assumptions $% \left\{ 1,2,\ldots ,n\right\} =0$
- One annual round trip each for heavy lift vessel, tugs and barge, and interarray cable lay vessel
- One round trip every 10 years (estimated) for export cable lay vessel.
- 4. The specific vessels for each operation have not been finalized at this time; however, the vessels identified for each installation activity are typical sizes for performing this effort
- 5. Default emission factors for marine vessel engines are from ICF International report to the US EPA "Current Methodologies in Preparing Mobile Source Port-Related Emissions Inventories", April 2005

 6. For vessels known to be subject to EPA Tier 3 or Tier 4, the appropriate emission standards from 40 CFR 1042 may be used for NOx, CO, HC, and PM, based on the engine's power rating, displacement, and model year
- 7. HAP emission factors for commercial marine vessels were determined using the methodology identified by US EPA for the latest (2017) National Emissions Inventory (NEI); i.e., they are calculated as percentages of the PM₂ or VOC emissions from the CMVs.
- The HAP emissions for nonroad engines were based on EPA's AP-42 Volume 1, Chapters 3.3 and 3.4 for small and large diesel engines. (see HAP emission factor summary pages
- 8. Average load factors for vessel engines were estimated based on typical daily fuel use rates provided by the project
- 9. WTG temporary blackout generators will be portable generators lifted onto WTG platform; emissions based on nonroad factors in Table 1 of 40 CFR 1039.101, AP-42 Table 3.3-2 (HAPs), and 40 CFR 98 (GHGs
- 10. CO_2e emission rates use the following carbon equivalence factors: 25 for CH_1 , and 298 for N_2O .

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2) - AIR EMISSION CALCULATIONS Table K-1-24. EW 1 and EW 2 O+M Base - Operating Emissions

								Fuel Use						Emissions	}				
Construction Equipment	Source Category	HP per unit	Fuel Type	Emiss. Factor ID	hrs per day	Load Factor	Total Equip. Months	gal	VOC tons	NO _x tons	CO tons	PM ₁₀ tons	PM _{2.5} tons	SO ₂ tons	HAP Tons	CO ₂	CH₄ tons	N₂O tons	CO₂e tons
Land-based Nonroad Equip.																			
250T Shore crane	2270002045	400	diesel	93	4	43%	12	6,721	0.03	0.27	0.07	1.12E-02	1.08E-02	5.47E-04	7.99E-03	101.40	2.60E-03	2.58E-03	102.23
5T Forklift	2270002057	115	diesel	94	8	59%	12	5,361	0.03	0.14	0.06	1.15E-02	1.11E-02	4.17E-04	6.32E-03	80.87	2.15E-03	2.06E-03	81.54
Worker Commute																			
Light Commercial Truck		-	diesel	134	-	-	184	13,106	0.04	0.16	0.30	4.15E-03	3.82E-03	1.23E-03	6.66E-03	147.50	0.03	9.11E-04	148.52
Passenger Truck		-	gasoline	135	-	-	122	6,845	0.03	0.03	0.51	1.33E-03	1.17E-03	9.50E-04	3.13E-03	66.25	1.70E-03	1.62E-03	66.78
		·			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·	Total	32,033	0.13	0.59	0.93	0.03	0.03	3.15E-03	0.02	396.02	0.04	7.17E-03	399.06

- 1. Equipment assumptions based on information provided by the project.
- 2. Calculations assume equipment is used 5 days/wk i.e., 21 days/month.
- 3. Calculations conservatively assume that onroad vehicles travel approximately 50 miles per day, since emission factors from the MOVES2014 model for onroad vehicles are based on miles traveled.
- 4. Calculations conservatively assume workers average daily round trip commute is approximately 40 miles per day, since emission factors from the MOVES2014 model for onroad vehicles are based on miles traveled.
- 5. Nonroad emission factors for criteria pollutants and GHG were estimated using EPA's MOVES2014b emission model for an assumed construction year of 2022.
- 6. Nonroad emission factors for HAPs were estimated using ERG, "Documentation for Aircraft, Commercial Marine Vessel, Locomotive, and Other Nonroad Components of the National Emissions Inventory," Volume 1 Methodology, October 7, 2

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2) - AIR EMISSION CALCULATIONS Table K-1-25. EW 1 Offshore Substation Generator Emissions

Generator Engine Data

Generator Manufacturer	TBD		
Model	TBD		
Engine Type	TBD		
Rated engine output	kW	600	
Rated engine output	bhp	804	
Engine speed	rpm	1800	
Fuel consumption at 100% load	gal/hr	40.2	
Number of generators	engines	1	
Annual operating hours per generator	hr/yr	500	
Annual Fuel Usage per generator	gal/yr	20,107	

Fuel Data

Fuel type	Ultra low sulfur diesel		
Fuel heat content	Btu/lb (LHV)	18,360	
Fuel heat content	Btu/lb (HHV)	19,326	
Fuel density	lb/gal	7.01	
Fuel sulfur content	% weight	0.0015	
Conversion factor	LHV/HHV	0.95	

Tetra Tech assumptions/calculations

Engine load	%	100
Heat input rate	MMBtu/hr (HHV)	5.63

Engine Emission Factors

NOx	g/kWh	5.61
СО	g/kWh	3.5
HC (VOC)	g/kWh	0.79
PM/PM10	g/kWh	0.20
PM2.5	g/kWh	0.19
SO2	lb/MMBtu (HHV)	0.0016
НАР	lb/MMBtu (HHV)	0.0016
CO2	lb/MMBtu (HHV)	163.1
CH4	lb/MMBtu (HHV)	0.007
N2O	lb/MMBtu (HHV)	0.001

Engine Emission Estimates

NOx	lb/hr (per engine)	7.4
СО	lb/hr (per engine)	4.6
VOC	lb/hr (per engine)	1.05
PM10	lb/hr (per engine)	0.26
PM2.5	lb/hr (per engine)	0.26
SO2	lb/hr (per engine)	8.74E-03
HAP	lb/hr (per engine)	8.96E-03
CO2	lb/hr (per engine)	918.0
CH4	lb/hr (per engine)	3.72E-02
N2O	lb/hr (per engine)	7.45E-03
CO2e	lb/hr (per engine)	921.1

	Short Term Emissions	Annual Emissions
	(lb/hr per engine)	(tons/yr per engine)
NOx	7.42	1.85
CO	4.63	1.16
VOC	1.05	0.26
PM10	0.26	0.07
PM2.5	0.26	0.06
SO2	8.74E-03	2.18E-03
HAP	8.96E-03	2.24E-03
CO2	918.0	229
CH4	0.04	9.31E-03
N2O	7.45E-03	1.86E-03
CO2e	921.1	230

- 1. Engine power rating is based on project assumption.
- 2. It is assumed that each engine will only be used for emergency purposes, limited to no more than 500 hours per year to include maintenance and testing.
- 3. Emission factors for NOx, CO, VOC, and PM are based on EPA Tier 2 standards from Table 1 of 40 CFR 89.112.
- 4. NOx+NMHC limit is 6.4 g/kWh; split into NOx and VOC based on Tier 1 limits of 9.2 g/kWh (NOx) and 1.3 g/kWh (VOC).
- 5. All particulate (PM) is assumed to be ≤ to 10 μm (PM10) and 97% of the PM is assumed to be smaller than 2.5 μm (PM2.5) based on US EPA Report Exhaust and Crankcase Emission Factors for Nonroad Engine Modeling Compression-Ignition, No. NR-0009d, July 2010.
- 6. SO2 emission factor calculated from mass balance for 0.0015% by weight ULSD, assuming 100% conversion of fuel sulfur to SO2.
- 7. Emission factors used to calculate emission rates for CO2 (73.96 kg/MMBtu), CH4 (0.003 kg/MMBtu) and N2O (0.0006 kg/MMBtu) were based on Tables C-1 and C-2 of 40 CFR Part 98 Mandatory Greenhouse Gas Reporting, Subpart C General Stationary Fuel Combustion Sources.
- 8. CO2e emission rates use the following carbon equivalence factors: 25 for CH4, and 298 for N2O.

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2) - AIR EMISSION CALCULATIONS Table K-1-26. EW 2 Offshore Substation Generator Emissions

Generator Engine Data

Generator Manufacturer	TBD		
Model	TBD		
Engine Type	TBD		
Rated engine output	kW	600	
Rated engine output	bhp	804	
Engine speed	rpm	1800	
Fuel consumption at 100% load	gal/hr	40.2	
Number of generators	engines	1	
Annual operating hours per generator	hr/yr	500	
Annual Fuel Usage per generator	gal/yr	20,107	

Fuel Data

Fuel type	Ultra low sulfur diesel		
Fuel heat content	Btu/lb (LHV)	18,360	
Fuel heat content	Btu/lb (HHV)	19,326	
Fuel density	lb/gal	7.01	
Fuel sulfur content	% weight	0.0015	
Conversion factor	LHV/HHV	0.95	

Tetra Tech assumptions/calculations

Engine load	%	100
Heat input rate	MMBtu/hr (HHV)	5.63

Engine Emission Factors

NOx	g/kWh	5.61
СО	g/kWh	3.5
HC (VOC)	g/kWh	0.79
PM/PM10	g/kWh	0.20
PM2.5	g/kWh	0.19
SO2	lb/MMBtu (HHV)	0.0016
НАР	lb/MMBtu (HHV)	0.0016
CO2	lb/MMBtu (HHV)	163.1
CH4	lb/MMBtu (HHV)	0.007
N2O	lb/MMBtu (HHV)	0.001

Engine Emission Estimates

NOx	lb/hr (per engine)	7.4
CO	lb/hr (per engine)	4.6
VOC	lb/hr (per engine)	1.05
PM10	lb/hr (per engine)	0.26
PM2.5	lb/hr (per engine)	0.26
SO2	lb/hr (per engine)	8.74E-03
HAP	lb/hr (per engine)	8.96E-03
CO2	lb/hr (per engine)	918.0
CH4	lb/hr (per engine)	3.72E-02
N2O	lb/hr (per engine)	7.45E-03
CO2e	lb/hr (per engine)	921.1

	Short Term Emissions	Annual Emissions
	(lb/hr per engine)	(tons/yr per engine)
NOx	7.42	1.85
CO	4.63	1.16
VOC	1.05	0.26
PM10	0.26	0.07
PM2.5	0.26	0.06
SO2	8.74E-03	2.18E-03
HAP	8.96E-03	2.24E-03
CO2	918.0	229
CH4	0.04	9.31E-03
N2O	7.45E-03	1.86E-03
CO2e	921.1	230

- 1. Engine power rating is based on project assumption.
- 2. It is assumed that each engine will only be used for emergency purposes, limited to no more than 500 hours per year to include maintenance and testing.
- 3. Emission factors for NOx, CO, VOC, and PM are based on EPA Tier 2 standards from Table 1 of 40 CFR 89.112.
- 4. NOx+NMHC limit is 6.4 g/kWh; split into NOx and VOC based on Tier 1 limits of 9.2 g/kWh (NOx) and 1.3 g/kWh (VOC).
- 5. All particulate (PM) is assumed to be ≤ to 10 μm (PM10) and 97% of the PM is assumed to be smaller than 2.5 μm (PM2.5) based on US EPA Report Exhaust and Crankcase Emission Factors for Nonroad Engine Modeling Compression-Ignition, No. NR-0009d, July 2010.
- 6. SO2 emission factor calculated from mass balance for 0.0015% by weight ULSD, assuming 100% conversion of fuel sulfur to SO2.
- 7. Emission factors used to calculate emission rates for CO2 (73.96 kg/MMBtu), CH4 (0.003 kg/MMBtu) and N2O (0.0006 kg/MMBtu) were based on Tables C-1 and C-2 of 40 CFR Part 98 Mandatory Greenhouse Gas Reporting, Subpart C General Stationary Fuel Combustion Sources.
- 8. CO2e emission rates use the following carbon equivalence factors: 25 for CH4, and 298 for N2O.

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2) - AIR EMISSION CALCULATIONS Table K-1-27. EW 1 Onshore Substation Generator Emissions

Generator Engine Data

Generator Manufacturer	TBD	
Model	TBD	
Engine Type	TBD	
Rated engine output	kW	600
Rated engine output	bhp	804
Engine speed	rpm	1800
Fuel consumption at 100% load	gal/hr	40.2
Number of generators	engines	1
Annual operating hours per generator	hr/yr	500
Annual Fuel Usage per generator	gal/yr	20,107

Fuel Data

Fuel type	Ultra low sulfur diesel	
Fuel heat content	Btu/lb (LHV)	18,360
Fuel heat content	Btu/lb (HHV)	19,326
Fuel density	lb/gal	7.01
Fuel sulfur content	% weight	0.0015
Conversion factor	LHV/HHV	0.95

Tetra Tech assumptions/calculations

Engine load	%	100
Heat input rate	MMBtu/hr (HHV)	5.63

Engine Emission Factors

NOx g/kWh 5.61 CO g/kWh 3.5 HC (VOC) g/kWh 0.79 PM/PM10 g/kWh 0.20 PM2.5 g/kWh 0.19 SO2 lb/MMBtu (HHV) 0.0016 HAP lb/MMBtu (HHV) 0.0016 CO2 lb/MMBtu (HHV) 163.1 CH4 lb/MMBtu (HHV) 0.007 N2O lb/MMBtu (HHV) 0.001			
HC (VOC) g/kWh 0.79 PM/PM10 g/kWh 0.20 PM2.5 g/kWh 0.19 SO2 lb/MMBtu (HHV) 0.0016 HAP lb/MMBtu (HHV) 0.0016 CO2 lb/MMBtu (HHV) 163.1 CH4 lb/MMBtu (HHV) 0.007	NOx	g/kWh	5.61
PM/PM10 g/kWh 0.20 PM2.5 g/kWh 0.19 SO2 lb/MMBtu (HHV) 0.0016 HAP lb/MMBtu (HHV) 0.0016 CO2 lb/MMBtu (HHV) 163.1 CH4 lb/MMBtu (HHV) 0.007	СО	g/kWh	3.5
PM2.5 g/kWh 0.19 SO2 lb/MMBtu (HHV) 0.0016 HAP lb/MMBtu (HHV) 0.0016 CO2 lb/MMBtu (HHV) 163.1 CH4 lb/MMBtu (HHV) 0.007	HC (VOC)	g/kWh	0.79
SO2 Ib/MMBtu (HHV) 0.0016 HAP Ib/MMBtu (HHV) 0.0016 CO2 Ib/MMBtu (HHV) 163.1 CH4 Ib/MMBtu (HHV) 0.007	PM/PM10	g/kWh	0.20
HAP lb/MMBtu (HHV) 0.0016 CO2 lb/MMBtu (HHV) 163.1 CH4 lb/MMBtu (HHV) 0.007	PM2.5	g/kWh	0.19
CO2 Ib/MMBtu (HHV) 163.1 CH4 Ib/MMBtu (HHV) 0.007	SO2	lb/MMBtu (HHV)	0.0016
CH4 Ib/MMBtu (HHV) 0.007	HAP	lb/MMBtu (HHV)	0.0016
. , ,	CO2	lb/MMBtu (HHV)	163.1
N2O Ib/MMBtu (HHV) 0.001	CH4	lb/MMBtu (HHV)	0.007
	N2O	lb/MMBtu (HHV)	0.001

Engine Emission Estimates

NOx	lb/hr (per engine)	7.4
со	lb/hr (per engine)	4.6
VOC	lb/hr (per engine)	1.05
PM10	lb/hr (per engine)	0.26
PM2.5	lb/hr (per engine)	0.26
SO2	lb/hr (per engine)	8.74E-03
HAP	lb/hr (per engine)	8.96E-03
CO2	lb/hr (per engine)	918.0
CH4	lb/hr (per engine)	3.72E-02
N2O	lb/hr (per engine)	7.45E-03
CO2e	lb/hr (per engine)	921.1

	Short Term Emissions (lb/hr per engine)	Annual Emissions (tons/yr per engine)
NOx	7.42	1.85
CO	4.63	1.16
VOC	1.05	0.26
PM10	0.26	0.07
PM2.5	0.26	0.06
SO2	8.74E-03	2.18E-03
HAP	8.96E-03	2.24E-03
CO2	918.0	229
CH4	0.04	9.31E-03
N2O	7.45E-03	1.86E-03
CO2e	921.1	230

- 1. Engine power rating is based on project assumption.
- 2. It is assumed that each engine will only be used for emergency purposes and limited to no more than 500 hours per year to include maintenance and testing.
- 3. Emission factors for NOx, CO, VOC, and PM are based on EPA Tier 2 standards from Table 1 of 40 CFR 89.112.
- 4. NOx+NMHC limit is 6.4 g/kWh; split into NOx and VOC based on Tier 1 limits of 9.2 g/kWh (NOx) and 1.3 g/kWh (VOC).
- 5. All particulate (PM) is assumed to be ≤ to 10 μm (PM10) and 97% of the PM is assumed to be smaller than 2.5 μm (PM2.5) based on US EPA Report Exhaust and Crankcase Emission Factors for Nonroad Engine Modeling Compression-Ignition, No. NR-0009d, July 2010.
- 6. SO2 emission factor calculated from mass balance for 0.0015% by weight ULSD, assuming 100% conversion of fuel sulfur to SO2.
- 7. Emission factors used to calculate emission rates for CO2 (73.96 kg/MMBtu), CH4 (0.003 kg/MMBtu) and N2O (0.0006 kg/MMBtu) were based on Tables C-1 and C-2 of 40 CFR Part 98 Mandatory Greenhouse Gas Reporting, Subpart C General Stationary Fuel Combustion Sources.
- 8. CO2e emission rates use the following carbon equivalence factors: 25 for CH4, and 298 for N2O.

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2) - AIR EMISSION CALCULATIONS Table K-1-28. EW 2 Onshore Substation Generator Emissions

Generator Engine Data

Generator Manufacturer	TBD	
Model	TBD	
Engine Type	TBD	
Rated engine output	kW	600
Rated engine output	bhp	804
Engine speed	rpm	1800
Fuel consumption at 100% load	gal/hr	40.2
Number of generators	engines	1
Annual operating hours per generator	hr/yr	500
Annual Fuel Usage per generator	gal/yr	20,107

Fuel Data

Fuel type	Ultra low sulfur diesel	
Fuel heat content	Btu/lb (LHV)	18,360
Fuel heat content	Btu/lb (HHV)	19,326
Fuel density	lb/gal	7.01
Fuel sulfur content	% weight	0.0015
Conversion factor	LHV/HHV	0.95

Tetra Tech assumptions/calculations

Engine load	%	100
Heat input rate	MMBtu/hr (HHV)	5.63

Engine Emission Factors

NOx	g/kWh	5.61
СО	g/kWh	3.5
HC (VOC)	g/kWh	0.79
PM/PM10	g/kWh	0.20
PM2.5	g/kWh	0.19
SO2	lb/MMBtu (HHV)	0.0016
HAP	lb/MMBtu (HHV)	0.0016
CO2	lb/MMBtu (HHV)	163.1
CH4	lb/MMBtu (HHV)	0.007
N2O	lb/MMBtu (HHV)	0.001

Engine Emission Estimates

NOx	lb/hr (per engine)	7.4
со	lb/hr (per engine)	4.6
VOC	lb/hr (per engine)	1.05
PM10	lb/hr (per engine)	0.26
PM2.5	lb/hr (per engine)	0.26
SO2	lb/hr (per engine)	8.74E-03
HAP	lb/hr (per engine)	8.96E-03
CO2	lb/hr (per engine)	918.0
CH4	lb/hr (per engine)	3.72E-02
N2O	lb/hr (per engine)	7.45E-03
CO2e	lb/hr (per engine)	921.1

	Short Term Emissions	Annual Emissions
	(lb/hr per engine)	(tons/yr per engine)
NOx	7.42	1.85
CO	4.63	1.16
VOC	1.05	0.26
PM10	0.26	0.07
PM2.5	0.26	0.06
SO2	8.74E-03	2.18E-03
HAP	8.96E-03	2.24E-03
CO2	918.0	229
CH4	0.04	9.31E-03
N2O	7.45E-03	1.86E-03
CO2e	921.1	230

- 1. Engine power rating is based on project assumption.
- 2. It is assumed that each engine will only be used for emergency purposes and limited to no more than 500 hours per year to include maintenance and testing.
- 3. Emission factors for NOx, CO, VOC, and PM are based on EPA Tier 2 standards from Table 1 of 40 CFR 89.112.
- 4. NOx+NMHC limit is 6.4 g/kWh; split into NOx and VOC based on Tier 1 limits of 9.2 g/kWh (NOx) and 1.3 g/kWh (VOC).
- 5. All particulate (PM) is assumed to be ≤ to 10 μm (PM10) and 97% of the PM is assumed to be smaller than 2.5 μm (PM2.5) based on US EPA Report Exhaust and Crankcase Emission Factors for Nonroad Engine Modeling Compression-Ignition, No. NR-0009d, July 2010.
- 6. SO2 emission factor calculated from mass balance for 0.0015% by weight ULSD, assuming 100% conversion of fuel sulfur to SO2.
- 7. Emission factors used to calculate emission rates for CO2 (73.96 kg/MMBtu), CH4 (0.003 kg/MMBtu) and N2O (0.0006 kg/MMBtu) were based on Tables C-1 and C-2 of 40 CFR Part 98 Mandatory Greenhouse Gas Reporting, Subpart C General Stationary Fuel Combustion Sources.
- 8. CO2e emission rates use the following carbon equivalence factors: 25 for CH4, and 298 for N2O.

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2) - AIR EMISSION CALCULATIONS Table K-1-29. EW 1 and EW 2 Switchgear SF6 Emissions

		EW 1 Offshore	EW 2 Offshore	EW 1 Wind	EW 2 Wind	EW 1 Onshore	EW 2 Onshore
Circuit Breaker SF ₆ ¹ Fugitive Emissi	ons	Substation	Substation	Turbines	Turbines	Substation	Substation
SF ₆ Storage Capacity per Switch ²	lbs	11,023	11,023	286.6	286.6	9,700	14,550
Number of Switches	units	N/A	N/A	57	90	N/A	N/A
SF ₆ Leak Rate (by weight) ³	% per year	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%
SF ₆ Emissions	lbs/year	55.12	55.12	81.68	128.97	48.50	72.75
SF ₆ Emissions	tons/year	0.0276	0.0276	0.0408	0.0645	0.0243	0.0364
Annual GHG emissions (CO ₂ e) ⁴	tons/year	628.31	628.31	931.16	1,470.25	552.91	829.37

- 1. SF₆ = Sulfur Hexafluoride
- 2. Storage capacity based on estimate provided by the project.
- 3. Leak rate for the SF6 is based on the International Electrotechnical Commission Standard 62271-1, 2004, as presented in the U.S. EPA technical paper, "SF6 Leak Rates from High Voltage Circuit Breakers U.S. EPA Investigates Potential Greenhouse Gas Emissions Source."
- 4. CO_2e emission rates use the following carbon equivalence factors based on

Table A-1 to Subpart A of 40 CFR Part 98—Global Warming Potentials: 22,800 for SF6.

Commercial Marine Vessels (CMVs)

			Commerc	ial Marine Ves	sel Emissio	n Factors (g	/hp-hr) / <u>a</u> , /	<u>b,/c</u>		Fuel Cons.
				PM/						
Engine Type	voc	NO _x	со	$PM_{10} / \underline{d}, /\underline{e}$	PM _{2.5} / <u>d</u>	SO ₂ /f	CO ₂ /g	CH ₄ / <u>g</u>	N₂O / <u>g</u>	(gal/hp-hr)/ <u>h</u>
1 ICF default factors - Category 1 engines (< 1000 kW approx.)	0.20	7.3	3.73	0.19	0.19	0.0049	515	0.067	0.015	0.050
2 ICF default factors - Category 2 engines (1000-3000 kW approx.)	0.37	7.3	3.73	0.46	0.45	0.0049	515	0.067	0.015	0.050
3 ICF default factors - Category 3 engines (≥ 30L/cyl, ≥ 3000 kW approx.)	0.37	9.8	0.82	0.14	0.13	0.296	482	0.003	0.023	0.046
3.01 EPA Tier 3 - Cat 1 < 3700 kW (disp < 0.9; kW < 19)	0.14	5.5	4.92	0.30	0.29	0.0049	515	0.067	0.015	0.050
3.02 EPA Tier 3 - Cat 1 < 3700 kW (disp < 0.9; 19 ≤ kW < 75)	0.14	5.5	3.73	0.22	0.22	0.0049	515	0.067	0.015	0.050
3.03 EPA Tier 3 - Cat 1 < 3700 kW (disp < 0.9; 19 ≤ kW < 75, 2014+)	0.14	3.4	3.73	0.22	0.22	0.0049	515	0.067	0.015	0.050
3.04 EPA Tier 3 - Cat 1 < 3700 kW (kW/L ≤ 35; disp < 0.9; kW ≥ 75)	0.14	3.9	3.73	0.10	0.10	0.0049	515	0.067	0.015	0.050
3.05 EPA Tier 3 - Cat 1 < 3700 kW (kW/L ≤ 35; 0.9 ≤ disp < 1.2; kW = all)	0.14	3.9	3.73	0.09	0.09	0.0049	515	0.067	0.015	0.050
3.06 EPA Tier 3 - Cat 1 < 3700 kW (kW/L ≤ 35; 1.2 ≤ disp < 2.5; kW < 600)	0.14	4.0	3.73	0.08	0.08	0.0049	515	0.067	0.015	0.050
3.07 EPA Tier 3 - Cat 1 < 3700 kW (kW/L ≤ 35; 1.2 ≤ disp < 2.5; kW < 600; 2018+)	0.14	4.0	3.73	0.07	0.07	0.0049	515	0.067	0.015	0.050
3.08 EPA Tier 3 - Cat 1 < 3700 kW (kW/L ≤ 35; 1.2 ≤ disp < 2.5; kW ≥ 600)	0.14	4.0	3.73	0.08	0.08	0.0049	515	0.067	0.015	0.050
3.09 EPA Tier 3 - Cat 1 < 3700 kW (kW/L ≤ 35; 2.5 ≤ disp < 3.5; kW < 600)	0.14	4.0	3.73	0.08	0.08	0.0049	515	0.067	0.015	0.050
3.10 EPA Tier 3 - Cat 1 < 3700 kW (kW/L ≤ 35; 2.5 ≤ disp < 3.5; kW < 600; 2018+)	0.14	4.0	3.73	0.07	0.07	0.0049	515	0.067	0.015	0.050
3.11 EPA Tier 3 - Cat 1 < 3700 kW (kW/L ≤ 35; 2.5 ≤ disp < 3.5; kW ≥ 600)	0.14	4.0	3.73	0.08	0.08	0.0049	515	0.067	0.015	0.050
3.12 EPA Tier 3 - Cat 1 < 3700 kW (kW/L ≤ 35; 3.5 ≤ disp < 7.0; kW < 600)	0.14	4.2	3.73	0.08	0.08	0.0049	515	0.067	0.015	0.050
3.13 EPA Tier 3 - Cat 1 < 3700 kW (kW/L ≤ 35; 3.5 ≤ disp < 7.0; kW < 600; 2018+)	0.14	4.2	3.73	0.07	0.07	0.0049	515	0.067	0.015	0.050
3.14 EPA Tier 3 - Cat 1 < 3700 kW (kW/L ≤ 35; 3.5 ≤ disp < 7.0; kW ≥ 600)	0.14	4.2	3.73	0.08	0.08	0.0049	515	0.067	0.015	0.050
3.15 EPA Tier 3 - Cat 1 < 3700 kW (kW/L > 35; disp < 0.9; kW >= 75)	0.14	4.2	3.73	0.11	0.11	0.0049	515	0.067	0.015	0.050
3.16 EPA Tier 3 - Cat 1 < 3700 kW (kW/L > 35; 0.9 ≤ disp < 1.2; kW = all)	0.14	4.2	3.73	0.10	0.10	0.0049	515	0.067	0.015	0.050
3.17 EPA Tier 3 - Cat 1 < 3700 kW (kW/L > 35; 1.2 ≤ disp < 2.5; kW= all)	0.14	4.2	3.73	0.09	0.09	0.0049	515	0.067	0.015	0.050
3.18 EPA Tier 3 - Cat 1 < 3700 kW (kW/L > 35; 2.5 ≤ disp < 3.5; kW = all)	0.14	4.2	3.73	0.09	0.09	0.0049	515	0.067	0.015	0.050
3.19 EPA Tier 3 - Cat 1 < 3700 kW (kW/L > 35; 3.5 ≤ disp < 7.0; kW = all)	0.14	4.2	3.73	0.08	0.08	0.0049	515	0.067	0.015	0.050
3.20 EPA Tier 3 - Cat 2 < 3700 kW (kW/L > 35; 7.0 ≤ disp < 15.0; kW < 2000)	0.14	4.5	3.73	0.10	0.10	0.0049	515	0.067	0.015	0.050
3.21 EPA Tier 3 - Cat 2 < 3700 kW (kW/L > 35; 7.0 ≤ disp < 15.0; kW ≥ 2000)	0.14	5.7	3.73	0.10	0.10	0.0049	515	0.067	0.015	0.050
3.22 EPA Tier 3 - Cat 2 < 3700 kW (kW/L > 35; 15 ≤ disp < 20; kW < 2000)	0.14	5.1	3.73	0.25	0.25	0.0049	515	0.067	0.015	0.050
3.23 EPA Tier 3 - Cat 2 < 3700 kW (kW/L > 35; 20 ≤ disp < 25; kW < 2000)	0.14	7.2	3.73	0.20	0.20	0.0049	515	0.067	0.015	0.050
3.24 EPA Tier 3 - Cat 2 < 3700 kW (kW/L > 35; 25 ≤ disp < 30; kW < 2000)	0.14	8.1	3.73	0.20	0.20	0.0049	515	0.067	0.015	0.050
4.01 EPA Tier 4 - Cat 1/Cat 2 > 600 kW (600 ≤ kW < 1400)	0.14	1.34	3.73	0.03	0.03	0.0049	515	0.067	0.015	0.050
4.02 EPA Tier 4 - Cat 1/Cat 2 > 600 kW (1400 ≤ kW < 2000)	0.14	1.34	3.73	0.03	0.03	0.0049	515	0.067	0.015	0.050
4.03 EPA Tier 4 - Cat 1/Cat 2 > 600 kW (2000 ≤ kW ≤ 3700)	0.14	1.34	3.73	0.03	0.03	0.0049	515	0.067	0.015	0.050
4.04 EPA Tier 4 - Cat 1/Cat 2 > 600 kW (disp. < 15; kW > 3700; 2014-2015)	0.14	1.34	3.73	0.09	0.09	0.0049	515	0.067	0.015	0.050
4.05 EPA Tier 4 - Cat 1/Cat 2 > 600 kW (15 ≤ disp. < 30; kW > 3700; 2014-2015)	0.14	1.34	3.73	0.19	0.18	0.0049	515	0.067	0.015	0.050
4.06 EPA Tier 4 - Cat 1/Cat 2 > 600 kW (all disp; kW > 3700; 2016+)	0.14	1.34	3.73	0.04	0.04	0.0049	515	0.067	0.015	0.050
5.01 MARPOL/EPA Tier 2 (Category 3 engines 2011-2015)	1.49	7.9	3.73	0.14	0.13	0.296	482	0.003	0.023	0.046
5.02 MARPOL/EPA Tier 3 (Category 3 engines 2016+)	1.49	1.9	3.73	0.14	0.13	0.296	482	0.003	0.023	0.046

- /a Default emission factors for NOx, VOC, CO, and PM from Category 1, 2, and 3 marine engines (when age is unknown) are from ICF International report to the U.S. EPA, "Current Methodologies in Preparing Mobile Source Port-Related Emissions Inventories", April 2009 (converted from g/kW-hr to g/hp-hr by multiplying by 0.746 kW/hp). Factors are from Table 3-8 for Category 1-2 engines, and from Tables 2-9, 2-13, and 2-16 for Category 3 engines. Category 1 and 2 engines were assumed to meet the EPA Tier 1 and 2 marine engine standards, respectively (providing conservative estimate for Category 1 engines); therefore, the Tier 1 and 2 emission factors in Table 3-8 from the ICF report were used. /b For Category 1 or 2 engines known to be subject to EPA Tier 3 or Tier 4, the appropriate emission standards from 40 CFR 1042 may be used for NOx, CO, HC, and PM, based on the engine's power rating, displacement, and model year. (For standards presented as a combined NOx + HC total, the HC fraction was assumed to equal 0.19 g/kWh, or 0.14 g/hp-hr.)
- /c For Category 3 engines known to be subject to MARPOL and/or EPA Tier 2 or 3, the appropriate emission standards from 40 CFR 1042 may be used for NOx, CO, and HC. An engine speed of 500 rpm was assumed for all Category 3 engines.

 For PM, the default ICF factor for Category 3 engines was used, since EPA has not established a PM standard for Category 3 engines.
- /d All PM is assumed to less than 10 µm in diameter; therefore, PM emission factor is equivalent to PM₁₀ emission factor. PM_{2.5} is estimated to be 97 % of PM₁₀ per EPA guidance in "Exhaust and Crankcase Emission Factors for Nonroad Engine Modeling Compression-Ignition," EPA420-R-10-018/NR-009d, July 2010.
- /e Default PM₁₀ emission factors for Category 1 and 2 engines presented in Table 3-8 of the ICF report are based on a fuel sulfur content of 1.5 percent. These factors were adjusted for two potential fuel sulfur contents that could be used by marine vessels: 0.1 percent sulfur MARPOL-compliant marine fuel (conservatively assumed for all Category 3 engines), and 0.0015 percent ultra-low sulfur distillate (ULSD) fuel oil (assumed for all Category 1 and 2 engines). The ICF factors were adjusted for each fuel sulfur content following the approach used in Section 3.4.2 of the ICF Report. For 0.1 percent sulfur MARPOL-compliant marine fuel, the ICF factors were multiplied by 0.86 for PM10.
- /f SO2 emission factors for all marine engine categories are based on a mass balance calculation for the appropriate fuel sulfur content of each fuel: 0.1 percent sulfur MARPOL-compliant marine fuel (conservatively assumed for all Category 3 engines), and 0.0015 percent ULSD fuel oil (assumed for all Category 1 and 2 engines). The fuel consumption rate for each engine type was converted to a mass of fuel using an assumed fuel density of 853 kg/m3 (7.11 lb/gal).
- /g Emission factors for CO₂, CH₄, and N₂O are from Table 3-8 in the ICF report for Category 1-2 engines, and from Tables 2-9 and 2-13 in the ICF report for Category 3 engines.
- /h Fuel consuption rate for category 1 and 2 marine engines was estimated based on CO₂ emission factor (g/hp-hr) and the emission factor for the mass of CO₂ generated per gallon of fuel (10.21 kg CO₃/gal fuel) as presented in Table A-1 of the EPA report, "Direct Emissions from Mobile Combustion Sources, U.S. EPA Center for Corporate Leadership Greenhouse Gas Inventory Guidance," EPA430-K-16-004, January 2016. Fuel consumption for Category 3 marine engines was based on the BSFC (g/kW-hr) in the ICF International report.

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Land-based Nonroad Engines and Other Equipment (Kings County, NY)

Lanu.	-baseu Noill	oad Engines and Other Equipment (R	ings county, ivi)											
					NONROAD Emission Factors (g/hp-hr) /a									NONROAD
		NONROAD Source Category		Exhaust+ Crankcase	Exhaust	Exhaust	Exhaust	Exhaust	Exhaust	Exhaust	Exhaust	Exhaust	Fuel Consumption	Default
	scc	Description	Engine Size (hp)	VOC	NO _x	co	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	CO ₂	CH ₄	N ₂ O	gal/kWh /c	Load Factor
	Construction	& Mining Subcategory (*002*)												
90	2270002027	Diesel Signal Boards/Light Plants	16 < hp <= 25	0.4998279	4.4688214	2.34746	0.34672598	0.336324	0.0039702	588.93769	0.0434024	0.015	0.058	43%
91	2270002033	Diesel Bore/Drill Rigs	175 < HP <= 300	0.25	2.42	0.58	0.12	0.12	0.003	530	0.014	0.014	0.052	43%
92	2270002036	Diesel Excavators	175 < HP <= 300	0.16	0.37	0.14	0.01	0.01	0.003	536	0.013	0.014	0.053	59%
93	2270002045	Diesel Cranes	300 < HP <= 600	0.17	1.40	0.38	0.06	0.06	0.003	531	0.014	0.014	0.052	43%
94	2270002057	Diesel Rough Terrain Forklifts	100 < hp <= 175	0.17	0.90	0.38	0.08	0.07	0.003	536	0.014	0.014	0.053	59%
95	2270002060	Diesel Rubber Tire Loaders	175 < hp <= 300	0.16	0.65	0.21	0.03	0.03	0.003	536	0.013	0.014	0.053	59%
96	2270002069	Diesel Crawler Tractor/Dozers	750 < hp <= 1000	0.21	2.74	0.60	0.07	0.07	0.003	536	0.017	0.014	0.053	59%
97	2270002075	Diesel Off-Highway Tractor	300 < HP <= 600	0.16	1.07	0.43	0.06	0.06	0.003	536	0.014	0.014	0.053	59%
98		Diesel Other Construction Equip.	100 < hp <= 175	0.18	1.07	0.45	0.10	0.09	0.003	536	0.015	0.014	0.053	59%
		ipment Subcategory (*003*)												
99		Diesel Aerial Lifts	16 < hp <= 25	1.24	5.36	5.02	0.69	0.67	0.005	692	0.043	0.018	0.068	21%
		quipment Subcategory (*006*)												
100	2270006005	Diesel Generator Sets	100 < HP <= 175	0.28	2.61	0.72	0.16	0.15	0.003	530	0.015	0.014	0.052	43%
101	2270006010	Diesel Pumps	300 < HP <= 600	0.22	2.46	0.70	0.10	0.10	0.003	530	0.013	0.014	0.052	43%
102	2270006015	Diesel Air Compressors	100 < HP <= 175	0.18	1.07	0.30	0.07	0.07	0.003	531	0.014	0.014	0.052	43%
103	2270006025	Diesel Welders	50 < hp <= 75	0.67	4.25	3.52	0.47	0.46	0.004	694	0.024	0.018	0.068	21%

[/]a Emission factors for the land-based nonroad engines were estimated using EPA's MOVES2014b emission model for an assumed construction year of 2022.

[/]b Emission factors for N2O are based on Table B-8 of the EPA report, "Direct Emissions from Mobile Combustion Sources, U.S. EPA Center for Corporate Leadership – Greenhouse Gas Inventory Guidance,"

EPA430-K-16-004, January 2016. (0.57 g CH4/gal fuel and 0.26 g N2O/gal fuel, respectively)

[/]c Fuel consumption for each type of equipment was estimated based on CO2 emission factor (g/hp-hr) generated from the MOVES2014b model and the emission factor for the mass of CO2 generated per gallon of fuel (10.21 kg CO₂/gal fuel) as presented in Table A-1 of the EPA report, "Direct Emissions from Mobile Combustion Sources, U.S. EPA Center for Corporate Leadership – Greenhouse Gas Inventory Guidance," EPA430-K-16-004, January 2016.

Land-based Nonroad Engines and Other Equipment (Nassau County, NY)

		ad Engines and Other Equipment (· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			NONRO	AD Emission		Climate Leaders (g/kWh)/ <u>b</u>		NONROAD			
		NONROAD Source Category		Exhaust+ Crankcase	Exhaust	Exhaust	Exhaust	Exhaust	Exhaust	Exhaust	Exhaust	Exhaust	Fuel Consumption	Default
	scc	Description	Engine Size (hp)	VOC	NO _x	CO	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	CO ₂	CH ₄	N ₂ O	gal/kWh/c	Load Factor
	Construction	& Mining Subcategory (*002*)												
110	2270002027	Diesel Signal Boards/Light Plants	16 < hp <= 25	0.4998275	4.4688272	2.347462	0.34672634	0.3363244	0.0039702	588.93813	0.0434024	0.015	0.058	43%
111	2270002033	Diesel Bore/Drill Rigs	175 < HP <= 300	0.25	2.42	0.58	0.12	0.12	0.003	530	0.014	0.014	0.052	43%
112	2270002036	Diesel Excavators	175 < HP <= 300	0.16	0.37	0.14	0.01	0.01	0.003	536	0.013	0.014	0.053	59%
113	2270002045	Diesel Cranes	300 < HP <= 600	0.17	1.40	0.38	0.06	0.06	0.003	531	0.014	0.014	0.052	43%
114	2270002057	Diesel Rough Terrain Forklifts	100 < hp <= 175	0.17	0.90	0.38	0.08	0.07	0.003	536	0.014	0.014	0.053	59%
115	2270002060	Diesel Rubber Tire Loaders	175 < hp <= 300	0.16	0.65	0.21	0.03	0.03	0.003	536	0.013	0.014	0.053	59%
116	2270002069	Diesel Crawler Tractor/Dozers	750 < hp <= 1000	0.21	2.74	0.60	0.07	0.07	0.003	536	0.017	0.014	0.053	59%
117	2270002075	Diesel Off-Highway Tractor	300 < HP <= 600	0.16	1.07	0.43	0.06	0.06	0.003	536	0.014	0.014	0.053	59%
118	2270002081	Diesel Other Construction Equip.	100 < hp <= 175	0.18	1.07	0.45	0.10	0.09	0.003	536	0.015	0.014	0.053	59%
	Industrial Equ	ipment Subcategory (*003*)												
119	2270003010	Diesel Aerial Lifts	16 < hp <= 25	1.24	5.36	5.02	0.69	0.67	0.005	692	0.043	0.018	0.068	21%
	Commercial E	quipment Subcategory (*006*)												
120	2270006005	Diesel Generator Sets	100 < HP <= 175	0.28	2.61	0.72	0.16	0.15	0.003	530	0.015	0.014	0.052	43%
121	2270006010	Diesel Pumps	300 < HP <= 600	0.22	2.46	0.70	0.10	0.10	0.003	530	0.013	0.014	0.052	43%
122	2270006015	Diesel Air Compressors	100 < HP <= 175	0.18	1.07	0.30	0.07	0.07	0.003	531	0.014	0.014	0.052	43%
123	2270006025	Diesel Welders	50 < hp <= 75	0.67	4.25	3.52	0.47	0.46	0.004	694	0.024	0.018	0.068	21%

[/]a Emission factors for the land-based nonroad engines were estimated using EPA's MOVES2014b emission model for an assumed construction year of 2022.

On-road Vehicles (Kings County, NY)

			MOVES2014b Emission factors in lb/VMT /a										
		VOC	NO _x	CO	PM ₁₀	PM2.5	SO ₂	HAP	CO ₂	CH ₄	N ₂ O	CO2e	mi/gal
131	Diesel Single Unit Short-haul Truck	0.00101	0.00759	0.00362	0.00029	0.00026	0.00004	0.00013	4.47360	0.00043	0.00002	4.48575	5.03
132	Diesel Refuse Truck	0.00048	0.00686	0.00249	0.00021	0.00019	0.00005	0.00007	5.68676	0.00031	0.00002	5.69804	3.96
133	Diesel Light Commercial Truck	0.00091	0.00311	0.00771	0.00011	0.00010	0.00002	0.00012	1.98729	0.00041	0.00001	1.99466	11.33
134	Diesel Passenger Truck	0.00048	0.00210	0.00385	0.00005	0.00005	0.00002	0.00009	1.90868	0.00038	0.00001	1.91577	11.79
135	Gasoline Passenger Truck	0.00064	0.00055	0.00986	0.00003	0.00002	0.00002	0.00006	1.29294	0.00003	0.00003	1.30114	14.97

[/]a Emission factors (lb/VMT) for VOC, NOx, CO, PM10, SO2, HAP and CO2e, were derived using the MOVES2014 model and inputs for calendar year 2022 using the latest input files for calendar year 2020 from the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation.

On-road Vehicles (Nassau County, NY)

						MOVES20	14b Emissio	on factors in	lb/VMT/a				<u> </u>
		VOC	NO _x	CO	PM ₁₀	PM2.5	SO ₂	HAP	CO ₂	CH ₄	N ₂ O	CO2e	mi/gal
141	Diesel Single Unit Short-haul Truck	0.00087	0.00602	0.00329	0.00025	0.00023	0.00002	0.00010	2.84028	0.00030	0.00001	2.84685	7.92
142	Diesel Refuse Truck	0.00075	0.01157	0.00379	0.00051	0.00047	0.00004	0.00008	4.38876	0.00018	0.00001	4.39449	5.13
143	Diesel Light Commercial Truck	0.00154	0.00428	0.01240	0.00016	0.00015	0.00001	0.00017	1.60958	0.00039	0.00001	1.61536	13.98
144	Diesel Passenger Truck	0.00059	0.00184	0.00398	0.00005	0.00005	0.00001	0.00009	1.38976	0.00032	0.00001	1.39405	16.20
145	Gasoline Passenger Truck	0.00064	0.00064	0.00983	0.00003	0.00002	0.00001	0.00006	0.93536	0.00003	0.00003	0.94460	20.69

[/]a Emission factors (lb/VMT) for VOC, NOx, CO, PM10, SO2, HAP and CO2e, were derived using the MOVES2014 model and inputs for calendar year 2022 using the latest input files for calendar year 2020 from the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation.

[/]b Emission factors for N₂O are based on Table B-8 of the EPA report, "Direct Emissions from Mobile Combustion Sources, U.S. EPA Center for Corporate Leadership – Greenhouse Gas Inventory Guidance," EPA430-K-16-004, January 2016. (0.57 g CH4/gal fuel and 0.26 g N2O/gal fuel, respectively)

[/]c Fuel consumption for each type of equipment was estimated based on CO2 emission factor (g/hp-hr) generated from the MOVES2014b model and the emission factor for the mass of CO2 generated per gallon of fuel (10.21 kg CO₂/gal fuel) as presented in Table A-1 of the EPA report, "Direct Emissions from Mobile Combustion Sources, U.S. EPA Center for Corporate Leadership – Greenhouse Gas Inventory Guidance," EPA430-K-16-004, January 2016.

Helicopters

161	
162	
163	
164	

			Emission Factors (lb/hr) / <u>a</u>										
Helicopter Type	Default Speed (mph)	VOC	NO _x	СО	PM/PM10	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	CO ₂	CH ₄	N ₂ O	Fuel Use (gal/hr)		
Single	157.5	1.89	2.32	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.3	956.92	0.03	0.03	45.36		
Twin Light	177	4.3	3.1	0.10	0.09	0.09	0.5	1589.69	0.04	0.05	75.35		
Twin Medium	182.6	3.5	7.2	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.78	2459.92	0.1	0.1	116.59		
Twin Heavy	188.2	2.67	34.66	0.82	0.80	0.80	2.11	6640.46	0.19	0.22	314.74		

[/]a Emission factors for VOC, NOx, CO, PM, SO2, CO2, CH4, and N2O are from "BOEM Offshore Wind Energy Facilities Emission Estimating Tool - Technical Documentation," OCS Study BOEM 2017-079, August 1, 2017 (https://www.boem.gov/Technical-Documentation-stakeholder/). Table 4 in this document provides default emission factors and gal/hr fuel consumption rates based on helicopter type. Table 9 provides default speeds based on helicopter type.

Land-Based Stationary Diesel Engines, Excluding Fire Pumps (<= 2,237 kW and Displacement < 10 L/cylinder)

1	254	l
	255	l
	256	l
	257	l
	258	l
	259	l

		Sub	part IIII stan	dards (g/kV	Vh) / <u>a</u>	(g/kWh)/b	Other	Fuel Cons.			
					PM/						
Stationary Source Category	Engine Size (kW)	VOC	NO _x	со	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	CO ₂	CH ₄	N ₂ O	(gal/kWh) / <u>e</u>
Non-Emergency Engines	kW < 19	0.93	6.57	6.6	0.40	0.39	0.0015	163.1	0.007	0.001	0.067
Subject to Tier 4 Standards	19 <= kW < 56	0.58	4.12	5.0	0.03	0.03	0.0015	163.1	0.007	0.001	0.067
(2015 model year and later)	56 <= kW < 130	0.19	0.40	5.0	0.02	0.02	0.0015	163.1	0.007	0.001	0.067
(2013 filodel year and later)	130 <= kW <= 560	0.19	0.4	3.5	0.02	0.02	0.0015	163.1	0.007	0.001	0.067
Gensets	kW > 560	0.19	0.67	3.5	0.03	0.03	0.0015	163.1	0.007	0.001	0.067
All except gensets	KW > 300	0.19	3.5	3.5	0.04	0.04	0.0015	163.1	0.007	0.001	0.067

[/]a Values are from Table 1 of 40 CFR 1039.101, except as follows:

For highlighted cells, a combined standard was provided (NMHC+NOx). Values for NMHC+NOx were apportioned into NOx and VOC rates based on the ratio of Tier 1 limits (9.2 g/kWh NOx and 1.3 g/kWh HC).

[/]b_All PM is assumed to less than 10 μm in diameter; therefore, PM emission factor is equivalent to PM₁₀ emission factor. PM_{2.5} is estimated to be 97 % of PM₁₀ per EPA guidance in "Exhaust and Crankcase Emission Factors for Nonroad Engine Modeling - Compression-Ignition," EPA420-R-10-018/NR-009d, July 2010.

[/]c SO2 emission factor based on typical mass balance for 0.0015% by weight ULSD, assuming 100% conversion of fuel sulfur to SO2.

[/]d Emission factors used to calculate emission rates for CO2 (73.96 kg/MMBtu), CH4 (0.003 kg/MMBtu) and N2O (0.0006 kg/MMBtu) were based on

Tables C-1 and C-2 of 40 CFR Part 98 - Mandatory Greenhouse Gas Reporting, Subpart C - General Stationary Fuel Combustion Sources.

[/]e Fuel consumption rate is on a higher heating value (HHV) basis per unit of engine output, assuming the AP-42 specific consumption rate of 7,000 Btu/hp-hr, and a fuel heat content of 140,000 Btu/gal.

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2)

Table K-1-31. MOVES Emission Factor Summary

	Kings County, NY												
Innest Vees	F I	Vehicle Type	Emission Factor lbs/VMT										
Input Year	Fuel		VOC	NOx	со	PM10	PM2.5	SO2	HAPS	CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
		Combination Long-haul Truck	0.00124	0.01452	0.00438	0.00052	0.00048	0.00005	0.00017	6.26592	0.00061	0.00001	6.28520
		Combination Short-haul Truck	0.00066	0.00840	0.00274	0.00030	0.00027	0.00005	0.00009	5.92943	0.00031	0.00002	5.94088
		Single Unit Long-haul Truck	0.00061	0.00568	0.00252	0.00017	0.00015	0.00004	0.00009	4.45192	0.00036	0.00002	4.46429
	Diesel	Single Unit Short-haul Truck	0.00101	0.00759	0.00362	0.00029	0.00026	0.00004	0.00013	4.47360	0.00043	0.00002	4.48575
	Die	Refuse Truck	0.00048	0.00686	0.00249	0.00021	0.00019	0.00005	0.00007	5.68676	0.00031	0.00002	5.69804
		Light Commercial Truck	0.00091	0.00311	0.00771	0.00011	0.00010	0.00002	0.00012	1.98729	0.00041	0.00001	1.99466
-		Passenger Truck	0.00048	0.00210	0.00385	0.00005	0.00005	0.00002	0.00009	1.90868	0.00038	0.00001	1.91577
2022		Passenger Car	0.00042	0.00023	0.00448	0.00001	0.00001	0.00001	0.00007	0.88278	0.00033	0.00000	0.88534
7		Combination Short-haul Truck	0.00294	0.00459	0.04556	0.00008	0.00007	0.00008	0.00031	5.68020	0.00003	0.00003	5.69062
		Single Unit Long-haul Truck	0.00213	0.00358	0.04945	0.00005	0.00004	0.00006	0.00021	3.85693	0.00005	0.00006	3.87547
	e e	Single Unit Short-haul Truck	0.00161	0.00295	0.04627	0.00004	0.00003	0.00006	0.00016	3.86101	0.00006	0.00006	3.87888
	Gasoline	Refuse Truck	0.00340	0.00494	0.04550	0.00010	0.00009	0.00008	0.00036	5.50689	0.00007	0.00006	5.52320
	g	Light Commercial Truck	0.00059	0.00053	0.00920	0.00002	0.00002	0.00002	0.00006	1.31347	0.00004	0.00003	1.32221
		Passenger Truck	0.00064	0.00055	0.00986	0.00003	0.00002	0.00002	0.00006	1.29294	0.00003	0.00003	1.30114
		Passenger Car	0.00086	0.00054	0.00983	0.00003	0.00003	0.00001	0.00009	1.02051	0.00003	0.00003	1.02738

Note: Emission factors (lb/VMT) for VOC, NOx, CO, PM10, SO2, HAP and CO2e, were derived using the MOVES2014 model and inputs for calendar year 2022 using the latest input files for calendar year 2020 from the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation.

	Nassau County, NY												
Input Year	Fuel	el Vehicle Type	Emission Factor lbs/VMT										
iliput real			voc	NOx	со	PM10	PM2.5	SO2	HAPS	CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
		Combination Long-haul Truck	0.00103	0.01212	0.00378	0.00034	0.00032	0.00004	0.00015	4.35553	0.00057	0.00001	4.37123
		Combination Short-haul Truck	0.00039	0.00627	0.00197	0.00020	0.00019	0.00003	0.00005	4.03462	0.00015	0.00001	4.03948
		Single Unit Long-haul Truck	0.00041	0.00350	0.00187	0.00012	0.00011	0.00002	0.00006	2.56280	0.00021	0.00001	2.56867
	Diesel	Single Unit Short-haul Truck	0.00087	0.00602	0.00329	0.00025	0.00023	0.00002	0.00010	2.84028	0.00030	0.00001	2.84685
	Die	Refuse Truck	0.00075	0.01157	0.00379	0.00051	0.00047	0.00004	0.00008	4.38876	0.00018	0.00001	4.39449
		Light Commercial Truck	0.00154	0.00428	0.01240	0.00016	0.00015	0.00001	0.00017	1.60958	0.00039	0.00001	1.61536
7		Passenger Truck	0.00059	0.00184	0.00398	0.00005	0.00005	0.00001	0.00009	1.38976	0.00032	0.00001	1.39405
202		Passenger Car	0.00054	0.00038	0.00509	0.00001	0.00001	0.00001	0.00008	0.64176	0.00034	0.00000	0.64414
.,		Combination Short-haul Truck	0.00739	0.01249	0.23011	0.00053	0.00047	0.00006	0.00077	4.00483	0.00035	0.00017	4.05264
		Single Unit Long-haul Truck	0.00151	0.00318	0.04959	0.00007	0.00006	0.00004	0.00016	2.51162	0.00005	0.00005	2.52408
	ne	Single Unit Short-haul Truck	0.00148	0.00296	0.05316	0.00006	0.00005	0.00004	0.00015	2.66765	0.00007	0.00007	2.68509
	Gasoline	Refuse Truck	0.00225	0.00456	0.03411	0.00010	0.00009	0.00006	0.00024	4.30993	0.00004	0.00006	4.32644
	g	Light Commercial Truck	0.00107	0.00110	0.01571	0.00004	0.00003	0.00002	0.00010	1.05180	0.00005	0.00004	1.06565
		Passenger Truck	0.00064	0.00064	0.00983	0.00003	0.00002	0.00001	0.00006	0.93536	0.00003	0.00003	0.94460
		Passenger Car	0.00091	0.00063	0.01004	0.00003	0.00003	0.00001	0.00009	0.74467	0.00003	0.00002	0.75269

Note: Emission factors (lb/VMT) for VOC, NOx, CO, PM10, SO2, HAP and CO2e, were derived using the MOVES2014 model and inputs for calendar year 2022 using the latest input files for calendar year 2020 from the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation.

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2) Table K-1-32. EPA NEI HAP Emission Factors for Commercial Marine Vessels

HAP emission factors for commercial marine vessels were determined using the methodology identified by US EPA for the 2017 National Emissions Inventory (NEI); i.e., they are calculated as percentages of the PM2.5 or VOC emissions from the CMVs.

Pollutant	HAP?*	Fraction of	Fraction (All engines Cat 1/2/3, all fuel types, all operating modes)
Ammonia	No	PM2.5	0.019247
Antimony	Yes	PM2.5	0.000615
Arsenic	Yes	PM2.5	2.59E-05
Benz[a]Anthracene	Yes	PM2.5	8.82E-06
Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene	Yes	PM2.5	0.000132
Benzo[a]Pyrene	Yes	PM2.5	4.18E-06
Benzo[b]Fluoranthene	Yes	PM2.5	8.35E-06
Benzo[k]Fluoranthene	Yes	PM2.5	4.18E-06
Cadmium	Yes	PM2.5	0.000236
Chromium (VI)	Yes	PM2.5	7.24E-09
Chrysene	Yes	PM2.5	1.63E-05
Dibenzo[a,h]anthracene	Yes	PM2.5	8.65E-06
Fluoranthene	Yes	PM2.5	8.97E-05
Indeno[1,2,3-c,d]Pyrene	Yes	PM2.5	8.35E-06
Lead	Yes	PM2.5	0.000125
Manganese	Yes	PM2.5	3.22E-06
Mercury	Yes	PM2.5	4.18E-08
Nickel	Yes	PM2.5	0.000687
Polychlorinated Biphenyls	Yes	PM2.5	4.18E-07
Pyrene	Yes	PM2.5	3.37E-05
Selenium	Yes	PM2.5	4.38E-08
Total HA	P (ratioe	d to PM2.5)	0.0213
1,3-Butadiene	Yes	VOC	0.001013
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	Yes	VOC	0.00712
Acenaphthene	Yes	VOC	5.09E-05
Acenaphthylene	Yes	VOC	0.000118
Acetaldehyde	Yes	VOC	0.009783
Acrolein	Yes	VOC	0.001848
Anthracene	Yes	VOC	0.000344
Benzene	Yes	VOC	0.004739
Ethyl Benzene	Yes	VOC	0.000439
Fluorene	Yes	VOC	0.000164
Formaldehyde	Yes	VOC	0.042696
Hexane	Yes	VOC	0.00279
Naphthalene	Yes	VOC	0.00273
o-Xylene	Yes	VOC	0.000513
Phenanthrene	Yes	VOC	0.001356
Propionaldehyde	Yes	VOC	0.001517
Toluene	Yes	VOC	0.002035
Xylenes (Mixed Isomers)	Yes	VOC	0.001422
Total I	IAP (rati	oed to VOC)	0.0807

^{*}For completeness, all of the pollutants in EPA's database are shown, but not all are HAP as defined in Section 112 of the Clean Air Act and as updated in 40 CFR 63 Subpart C.

<u>Reference:</u> US EPA, "2017 National Emissions Inventory (NEI)," April 2020, available from https://www.epa.gov/air-emissions-inventories/2017-national-emissions-inventory-nei-data.

HAP speciation profiles for Category 1 and 2 engines are from Table 8 of the 2017 NEI "Methodology Documentation for EPA's Commercial Marine Emissions Estimates" for Category 1 and 2 vessels. HAP speciation profiles for Category 3 and 2 engines are from Table 15 of the "Methodology Documentation for EPA's Commercial Marine Emissions Estimates" for Category 3 vessels. Both documents are available from

https://www.epa.gov/sites/production/files/2019-11/cmv_methodology_documentation.zip.

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2)

Table K-1-33. HAP Emission Factor Calculation Sheet

Small Diesel Engines

		Emission	Source
	Emission Factor	Factor	(AP-42
Pollutant	(lb/MMBtu) ^a	Rating	Table)
Organic Compounds			
Benzene ^b	9.33E-04	E	3.3-2
Toluene ^b	4.09E-04	E	3.3-2
Xylene ^b	2.85E-04	E	3.3-2
1,3 Butadiene	< 3.91E-05	E	3.3-2
Propylene	2.58E-03	E	3.3-2
Formaldehyde ^b	1.18E-03	E	3.3-2
Acetaldehyde ^b	7.67E-04	E	3.3-2
Acrolein ^b	< 9.25E-05	E	3.3-2
PAH			
Naphthalene ^b	8.48E-05	E	3.3-2
Acenaphthylene ^b	< 5.06E-05	E	3.3-2
Acenaphthene ^b	< 1.42E-06	E	3.3-2
Fluorene ^b	2.92E-05	E	3.3-2
Phenanthrene ^b	2.94E-05	E	3.3-2
Anthracene ^b	1.87E-06	E	3.3-2
Fluoranthene ^b	7.61E-06	E	3.3-2
Pyrene ^b	4.78E-06	E	3.3-2
Benzo(a)anthracene ^b	1.68E-06	E	3.3-2
Chrysene ^b	3.53E-07	E	3.3-2
Benzo(b)fluoranthene ^b	< 9.91E-08	E	3.3-2
Benzo(k)fluoranthene ^b	< 1.55E-07	E	3.3-2
Benzo(a)pyrene ^b	< 1.88E-07	E	3.3-2
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene ^b	< 3.75E-07	E	3.3-2
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene ^b	< 5.83E-07	E	3.3-2
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene ^b	< 4.89E-07	E	3.3-2
TOTAL PAH	1.68E-04	E	3.3-2
Metals and inorganics ^c			
Arsenic ^b	4.62E-08		
Cadmium ^b	5.13E-09		
Chromium ^b	1.24E-05		
Chromium VI ^{b, d}	2.24E-06		
Lead ^b	7.69E-07		
Mercury ^b	1.03E-08		
Nickel ^b	1.48E-06		
Selenium ^b	2.56E-07		

Total for substances identified as HAP ^e	< 3.89E-03

^a Values preceded by "<" are based on method detection limits.

^b Specifically listed as a "Hazardous Air Pollutant" (HAP) in the Clean Air Act, or a component of Polycyclic Organic Matter, which is also listed as a HAP.

^c Metal emissions are based on the paper *Survey of Ultra-Trace Metals in Gas Turbine Fuels*, 11th Annual International Petroleum Conference, Oct 12-15, 2004. Where trace metals were detected in any of 13 samples, the average result is used. Where no metals were detected in any of 13 samples, the detection limit is used.

d Hexavalent chrome was not detected in any fuel oil samples (in the note c reference study). However, to allow for potential hex chrome emissions formed during combustion, 18% of the total chrome emissions were assumed to be hex chrome (per EPA 453/R-98-004a)

^e Total calculated using the TOTAL PAH emission factor instead of factors for individual PAH.

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2)

Table K-1-34. HAP Emission Factor Calculation Sheet

Large Stationary Diesel Engines

			Emission	Source
	Em	ission Factor	Factor	(AP-42
Pollutant	(1)	o/MMBtu) ^a	Rating	Table)
Organic Compounds	,	• •	Ü	,
Benzene ^b		7.76E-04	Е	3.4-3
Toluene ^b		2.81E-04	Е	3.4-3
Xylene ^b		1.93E-04	Е	3.4-3
Propylene		2.79E-03	Е	3.4-3
Formaldehyde ^b		7.89E-05	Е	3.4-3
Acetaldehyde ^b		2.52E-05	Е	3.4-3
Acrolein ^b		7.88E-06	Е	3.4-3
PAH				
Naphthalene ^b		1.30E-04	Е	3.4-4
Acenaphthylene ^b		9.23E-06	Е	3.4-4
Acenaphthene ^b		4.68E-06	E	3.4-4
Fluorene ^b		1.28E-05	Е	3.4-4
Phenanthrene ^b		4.08E-05	E	3.4-4
Anthracene ^b		1.23E-06	E	3.4-4
Fluoranthene ^b		4.03E-06	E	3.4-4
Pyrene ^b		3.71E-06	E	3.4-4
Benz(a)anthracene ^b		6.22E-07	E	3.4-4
Chrysene ^b		1.53E-06	E	3.4-4
Benzo(b)fluoranthene ^b		1.11E-06	E	3.4-4
Benzo(k)fluoranthene ^b	<	2.18E-07	E	3.4-4
Benzo(a)pyrene ^b	<	2.57E-07	E	3.4-4
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene ^b	<	4.14E-07	E	3.4-4
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene ^b	<	3.46E-07	E	3.4-4
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene ^b	<	5.56E-07	E	3.4-4
TOTAL PAH	<	2.12E-04	E	3.4-4
Metals and inorganics ^c				
Arsenic ^b		4.62E-08		
Cadmium ^b		5.13E-09		
Chromium ^b		1.24E-05		
Chromium VI ^{b, d}		2.24E-06		
Lead ^b		7.69E-07		
Mercury ^b		1.03E-08		
Nickel ^b		1.48E-06		
Selenium ^b		2.56E-07		

Total for substances identified as HAP ^e	<	1.59E-03	
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^a Values preceded by "<" are based on method detection limits.

^b Specifically listed as a "Hazardous Air Pollutant" (HAP) in the Clean Air Act, or a component of Polycyclic Organic Matter, which is also listed as a HAP.

^c Metal emissions are based on the paper *Survey of Ultra-Trace Metals in Gas Turbine Fuels*, 11th Annual International Petroleum Conference, Oct 12-15, 2004. Where trace metals were detected in any of 13 samples, the average result is used. Where no metals were detected in any of 13 samples, the detection limit is used.

d Hexavalent chrome was not detected in any fuel oil samples (in the note f reference study). However, to allow for potential hex chrome emissions formed during combustion, 18% of the total chrome emissions were assumed to be hex chrome (per EPA 453/R-98-004a)

^e Total calculated using the TOTAL PAH emission factor instead of factors for individual PAH.

EMPIRE OFFSHORE WIND: EMPIRE WIND PROJECT (EW 1 and EW 2) Table K-1-35. EPA NEI HAP Emission Factors for Nonroad Diesels

HAP emission factors for nonroad diesels (below) were obtained from ERG, "Documentation for Aircraft, Commercial Marine Vessel, Locomotive, and Other Nonroad Components of the National Emissions Inventory," Volume I - Methodology, October 7, 2003 (available from http://www.epa.gov/ttn/chief/net/1999inventory.html#final3haps), Appendix D, Tables D-1 through D-3. This is the reference cited by EPA's National Inventory Model (NMIM), i.e., US EPA, "EPA's National Inventory Model (NMIM), A Consolidated Emissions Modeling System for MOBILE6 and NONROAD", EPA420-R-05-024, December 2005 (available from http://www.epa.gov/otaq/models/nmim/420r05024.pdf), pp. 19-21.

Pollutant	Fraction of	Emissions Factor %				
· onatant						
1,3-butadiene	VOC - Exhaust	0.0018616				
formaldehyde	VOC	0.11815				
benzene	VOC	0.020344				
acetaldehyde	VOC	0.05308				
ethylbenzene	VOC - Exhaust	0.0031001				
styrene	VOC - Exhaust	0.00059448				
acrolein	VOC	0.00303				
toluene	VOC	0.014967				
hexane	VOC	0.0015913				
propionaldehyde	VOC	0.011815				
2,2,4-trimethylpentane	VOC	0.000719235				
2,3,7,8-TCDD TEQ **	tons TEQ/gal	1.90705E-14				
xylenes	VOC	0.010582				
Total H	IAP (ratioed to VOC)	0.239834715				
PAH						
benz[a]anthracene	PM10	0.0000071				
benzo[a]pyrene	PM10	0.00000035				
benzo[b]fluoranthene	PM10	0.00000049				
benzo[k]fluoranthene	PM10	0.00000035				
chrysene	PM10	0.0000019				
dibenzo[a,h]anthracene	PM10	2.9E-09				
indeno[1,2,3-c,d]pyrene	PM10	0.000000079				
acenaphthene	PM10	0.0001				
acenaphthylene	PM10	0.000084				
anthracene	PM10	0.00000043				
benzo[g,h,i]perylene	PM10	0.0000019				
fluoranthene	PM10	0.000017				
fluorene	PM10	0.0001				
naphthalene	PM10	0.00046				
phenanthrene	PM10	0.00026				
pyrene	PM10	0.0000029				
Total HA	0.001034792					
chromium	ug/bhp-hr	0.03				
manganese	ug/bhp-hr	1.37				
nickel	ug/bhp-hr	2.035 3.435				
Total HAP	Total HAP (Metals ug/bhp-hr)					

^{**} Note: the emission rate for 2,3,7,8-TCDD TEQ is significantly lower than any other HAP and therefore, was not factored into the total HAP emission factor.