



Using the FLOWBEC seabed frame to understand underwater interactions between diving seabirds, prey, hydrodynamics and MREDs

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FLOWBEC upward facing sonar platform



- Entire water column (plankton, fish, seabirds, marine mammals)
- Captures movement, behaviour and interactions with MREDs
- Self-contained, portable between sites
- Continuously samples spring/neap 2-week period
- Complemented by concurrent:
 - hydrodynamic model data
 - above water radar and bird observations
- Field proven: 5 × 2-week deployments at EMEC, Orkney, UK





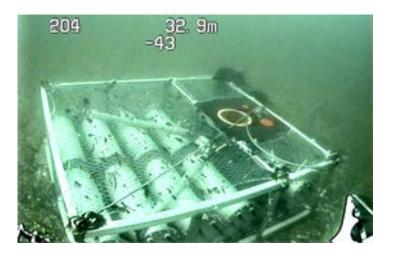


Simrad EK60 echosounder (38, 120, 200 kHz)

- bird and fish abundance, school behaviour
- multi-frequency target identification
- morphology of turbulence, plankton

Imagenex multibeam sonar (260 kHz)

- interactions of fish, diving seabirds, marine mammals with MREDs
- target tracking, avoidance behaviour

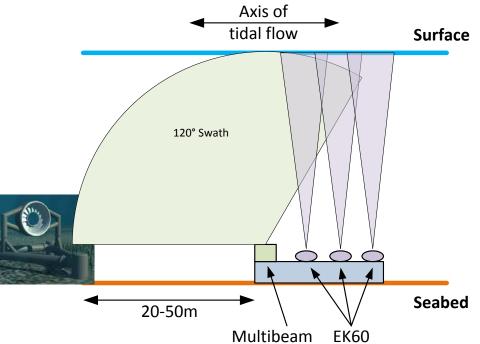


ADV

• current, temperature, depth

Fluorometer

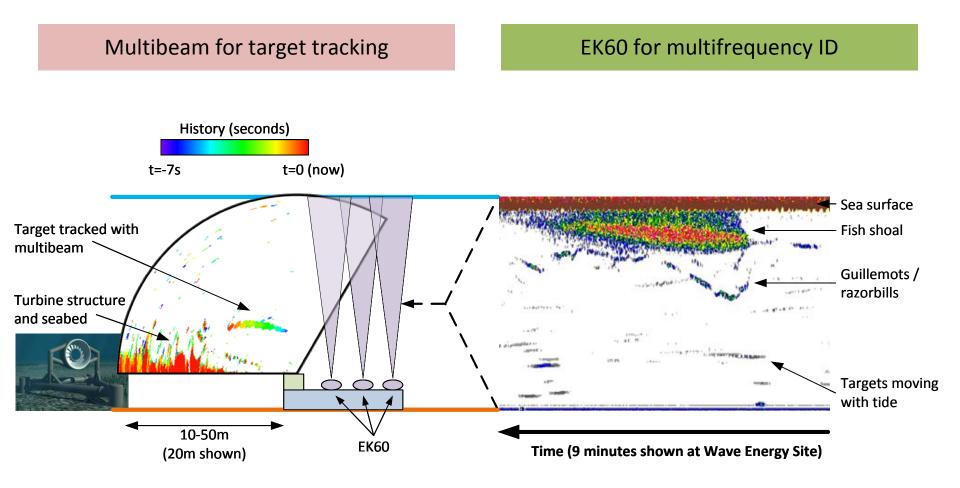
• chlorophyll (phytoplankton)





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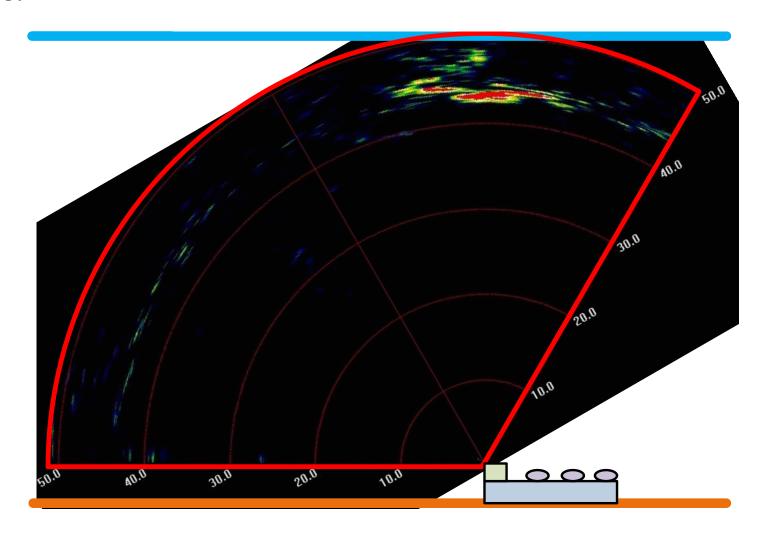
Acoustic classification ground truthed by shore observations



FLOWBEC first analyses



Multibeam tracking of diving guillemots/razorbills feeding beneath a fish shoal at a wave energy site



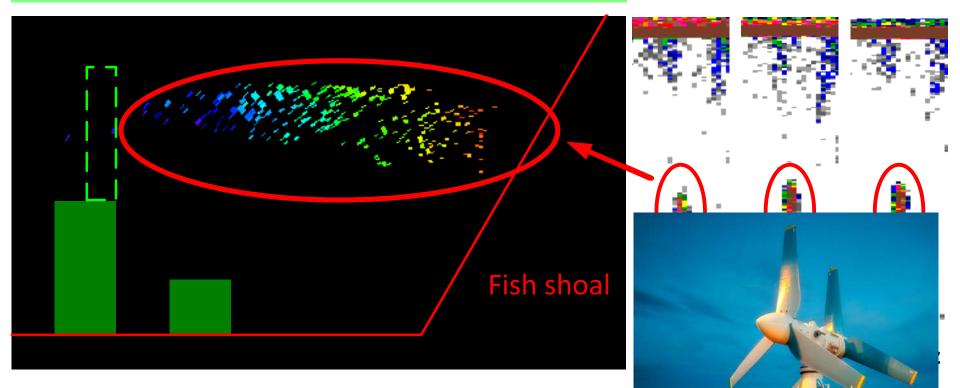


FLOWBEC target tracking



rrequency (Kriz)

Green = Turbine structure, **Dashed** = Expected blade radius



- **Target detection** using the multibeam **and EK60**
- Target tracking using the multibeam
- Multifrequency analysis using the EK60

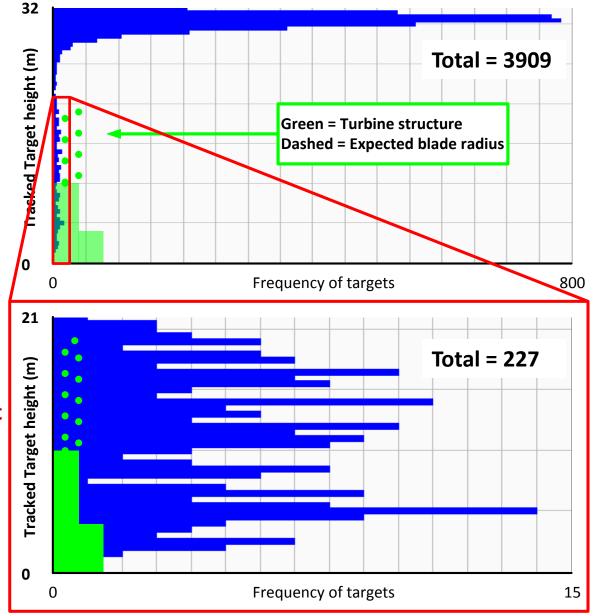


Target vertical distribution next to Atlantis turbine structure



All tracked targets (mammals, birds, fish schools, individual fish) next to Atlantis turbine structure = 3909 tracks over 2 week period

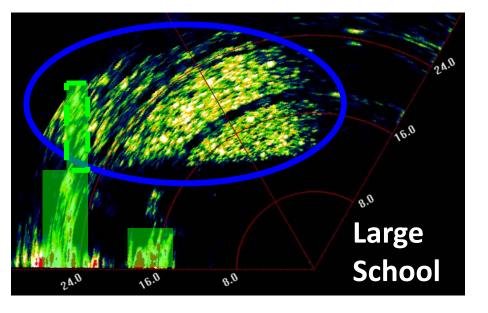


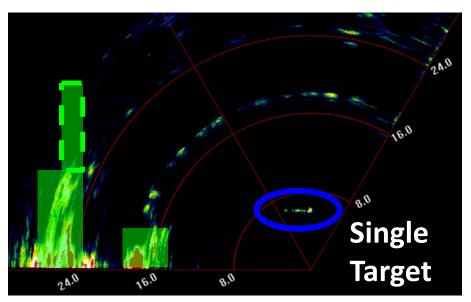


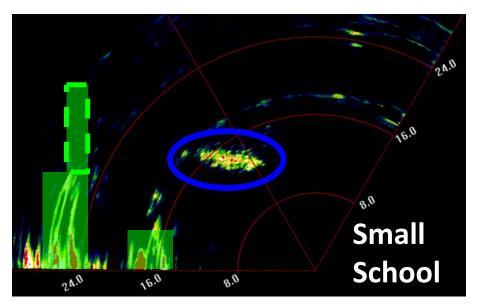


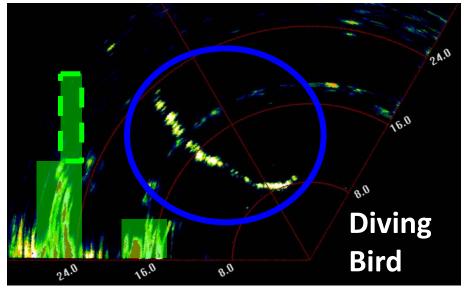
Target Classification







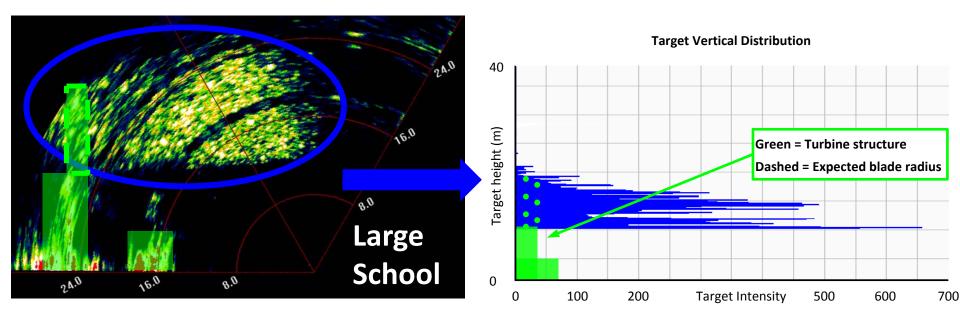


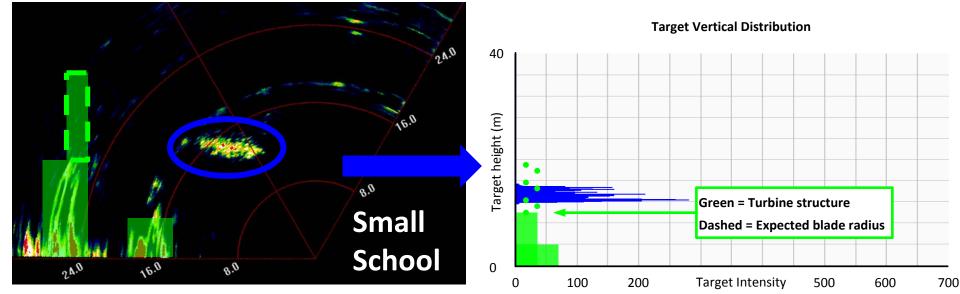




Vertical distribution (collision risk) of target classes











Benefits:

- High range (≈50m) and good detection
- Visibility / illumination independent
- Small data volumes (raw ≈ 6GB/day)
- Low power (self-contained)
- Realtime processing feasible

Limitations:

- Limited detail for species identification
- Observation of final (<1m) interaction
 - collision Y/N?
 - effect of collision?
- Any behavioural response to acoustics?

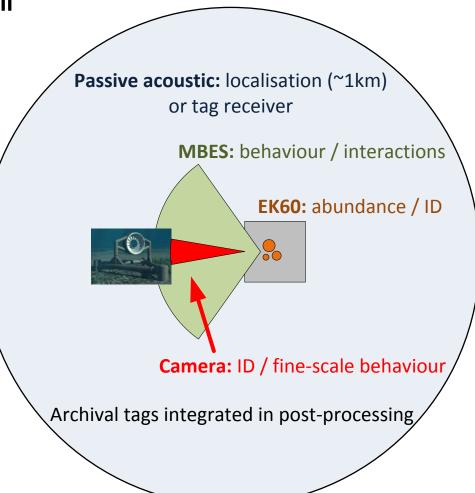
Potential solution: multi-instrument integration...





Intelligent triggering of instruments across multiple scales

- Combines large-scale with fine-detail
- Reduces data processing / archival
- Cycle passive / active acoustics
- Trigger camera for ID / detail







Investigating the ecological effects of installing and operating MREDs

- Determine collision risk probabilities
- Define vertical habitat use and any changes in habitat use pre & post installation for a range of species
- Increase overall environmental understanding of mobile animal use of high energy sites
- Inform marine spatial planning, device design, licensing and operation
- Guide scaling-up to arrays and new site selection
- Increase predictive power to eventually reduce monitoring







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