

## **Northeast Wind Resource Center Webinar**

# Interactions between Wind Turbines and Wildlife

Hosted by  
Warren Leon, Clean Energy Group  
March 1, 2017

# Housekeeping



The screenshot shows the GoToWebinar interface. At the top is a menu bar with 'File', 'View', and 'Help'. Below it is the 'Audio' section, which has two radio buttons: 'Use Telephone' (selected) and 'Use Mic & Speakers'. There are input fields for 'Dial:', 'Access Code:', and 'Audio PIN:'. A note below these fields says 'If you're already on the call, press #8# now.' Below the Audio section is the 'Questions' section, which has a large text area for entering questions and a 'Send' button at the bottom right. At the very bottom of the window, it says 'Test webinar', 'Webinar ID: 844-857-840', and the 'GoToWebinar' logo.

← All participants are in “Listen-Only” mode. Select “Use Mic & Speakers” to avoid toll charges and use your computer’s VOIP capabilities. Or select “Use Telephone” and enter your PIN onto your phone key pad.

← Submit your questions at any time by typing in the Question Box and hitting Send.

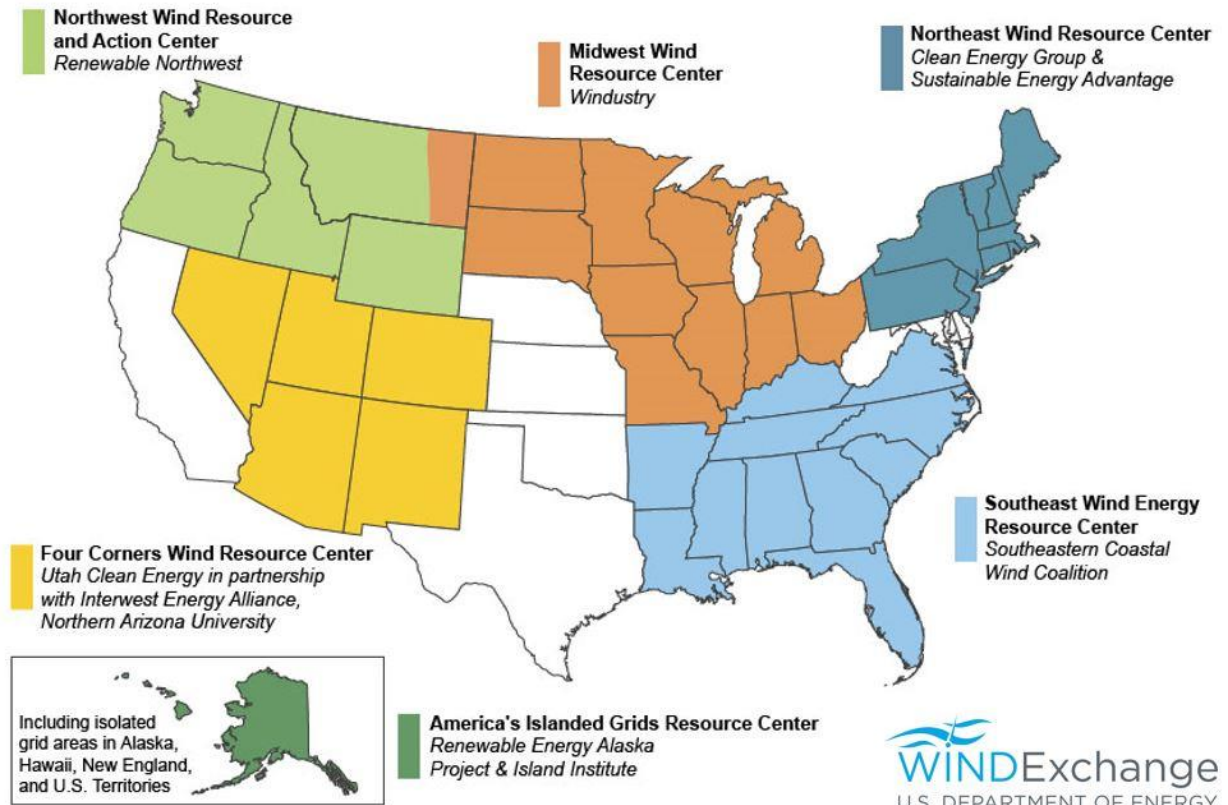
**This webinar is being recorded.**

You will find a recording of this webinar in the NWRC Resource Library at: [www.northeastwindcenter.org/resource-library/](http://www.northeastwindcenter.org/resource-library/)

# About WINDEXchange

WINDEXchange is the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) Wind Program's platform for disseminating credible information about wind energy. The purpose of WINDEXchange is to help communities weigh the benefits and costs of wind energy, understand the deployment process, and make wind development decisions supported by the best available information.

On March 11, 2014, the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) announced six Wind Energy Regional Resource Centers that were selected through a competitive process administered by the National Renewable Energy Laboratory (NREL).





# The Northeast Wind Resource Center

The Northeast Wind Resource Center (NWRC) is the regional epicenter for salient, unbiased information on land-based and offshore wind energy in the Northeastern United States. Published research, studies, and analyses associated with the issues impacting public acceptance of wind deployment are available in the NWRC Resource Library.

The NWRC is supported in part by a grant from the U.S. Department of Energy's WINDEXchange program, and is managed by Clean Energy Group, with participation from Sustainable Energy Advantage and the Maine Ocean & Wind Industry Initiative.

[www.northeastwindcenter.org](http://www.northeastwindcenter.org)

# Panelists

## **Taber Allison**

Director of Research and Evaluation  
American Wind Wildlife Institute



## **Warren Leon**

Executive Director  
Clean Energy States Alliance





# Wind Energy and Wildlife

Presentation to the Northeast Wind Resource Center

March 2017

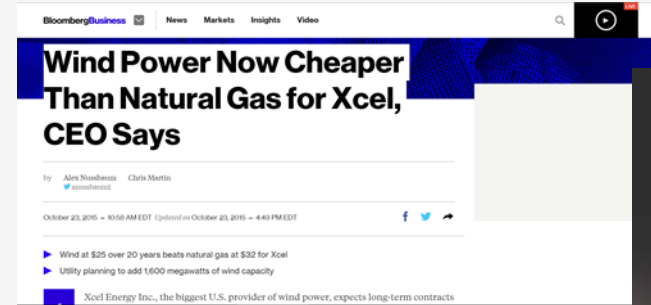
# Outline

- Drivers and benefits
- What do we know about wind energy and wildlife?
- What uncertainties remain?
- Current research focus – review of 2016 Wind-Wildlife Research Meeting
- Overview of the American Wind Wildlife Institute (AWWI) – Structure and Mission



# Benefits and Drivers

- Reduced carbon emissions
- No emissions of air pollutants (NO<sub>x</sub>, SO<sub>x</sub>, Mercury)
- No water consumption/withdrawals
- Low, stable cost
- Scaling up: 20% wind by 2030
  - DOE Wind Vision (2015)
  - 82GW → 224 GW



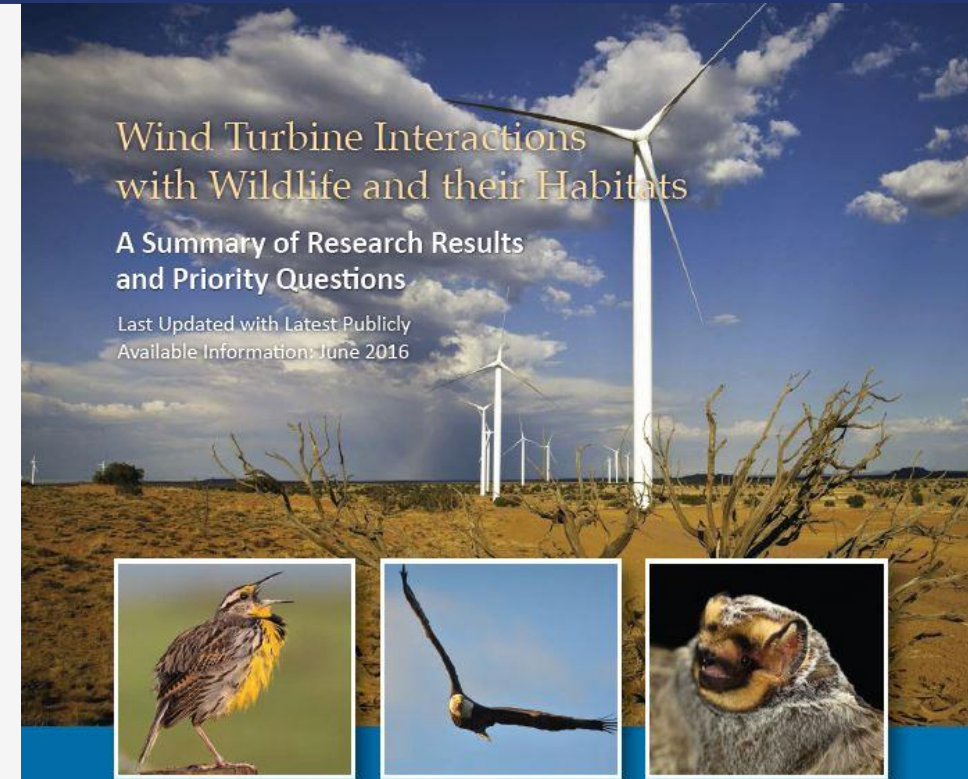


# Status of Research on Wind-Wildlife Interactions

## Wind Turbine Interactions with Wildlife and their Habitats

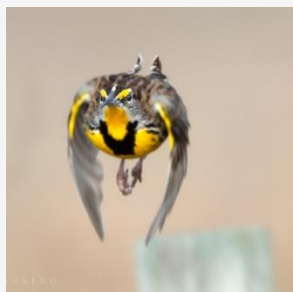
- Collision Mortality
- Direct and Indirect Habitat Effects
- Cumulative Impacts
- Avoiding and Minimizing Impacts

<https://awwi.org/resources/summary-of-wind-wildlife-interactions-2/>



This fact sheet summarizes publicly available information about the adverse impacts of land-based wind power on wildlife in North America and the status of our knowledge regarding how to avoid or minimize these impacts.

# Overview of Impacts to Birds



## Small Passerines

- Majority of bird fatalities at U.S. wind facilities
- Estimated fatality rates  $<0.02\%$  of population sizes
- Fatalities do not appear likely to lead to population declines



## Eagles & Other Raptors

- May be more at risk of collisions
- Collision risk predicted by activity



## Grassland Birds

- Few published studies mostly on grassland/shrubland species
- Abundance of some species reduced near turbines, but in some cases not consistently observed at all projects.

# Overview of Impacts to Bats



## All Bat Species

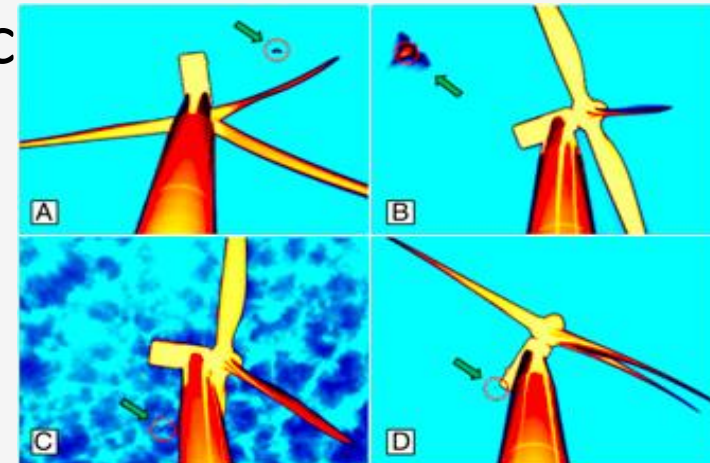
- Fatalities recorded in 22 species (47 species in US and Canada)
- Potential for population-level impacts
- Fatality rates variable among projects, regions, and bat species
  - Highest in central Appalachians and lowest in the Great Basin/southwest open range-desert

## Migratory Tree-Roosting Bats

- Three species account for approximately 78% of reported bat fatalities
  - Hoary bats = 38%
  - Eastern red bats = 21%
  - Silver-haired bats = 19%

# Why Are Bat Fatalities High?

- Are bats attracted to turbines?
  - Sounds produced by turbines
  - Concentrations of insects near turbines
  - Bat mating/roosting behaviors
- Foraging behaviors that put some species more at risk of collision
- Fatalities positively correlated with turbine height
- Shutting down wind turbines at low wind speeds cuts fatalities 50% or more



# Open Questions



- Will increases in turbine height increase collision risk?



- Can ultrasonic devices effectively deter bats and reduce collisions?



- Can we improve our ability to predict collision risk?



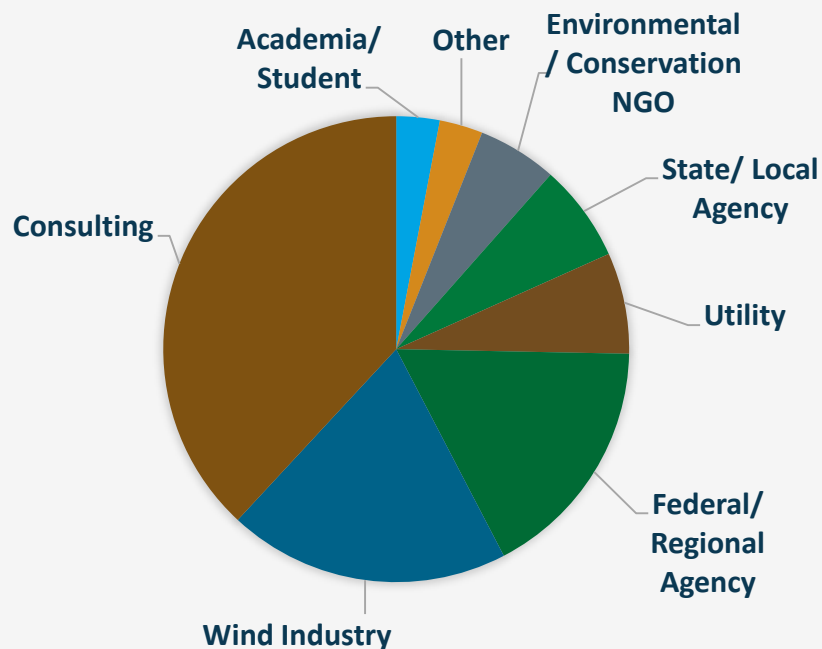
- Is there a way to make turbines more visible to raptors?



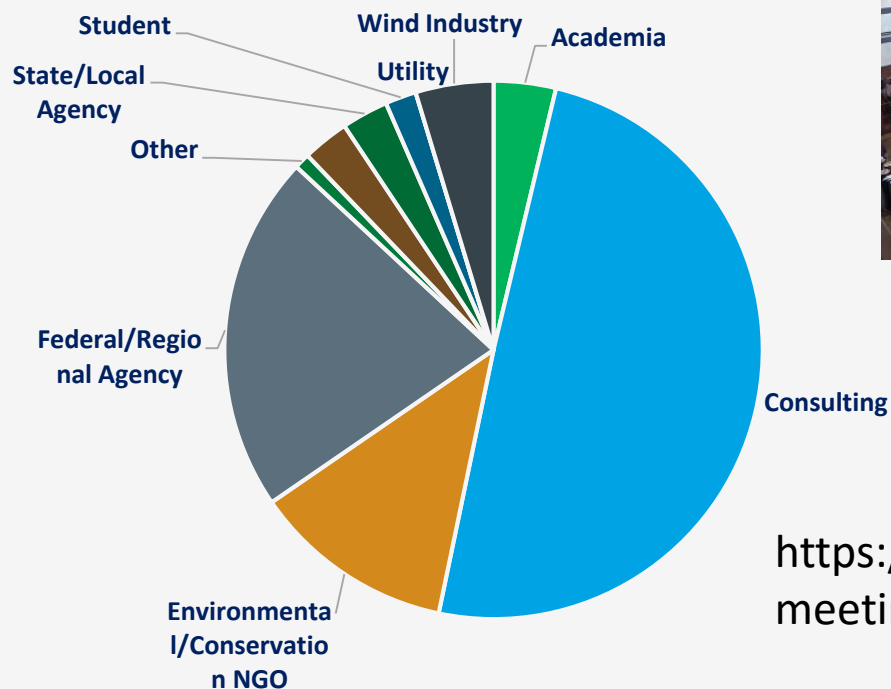
# Wind Wildlife Research Meeting XI

- Biennial, scientific conference on wind-energy / wildlife research
- 400+ attendees; ~100 presentations and posters

WWRM XI Attendees by Sector



WWRM XI Presenters by Sector



<https://www.nationalwind.org/research/meetings/research-meeting-ix/>

# Topics from Wind Wildlife Research Meeting XI (Dec. 2016)

- Balancing energy development and wildlife conservation
- Sharing international experiences and data
- Improving efficiency and accuracy of fatality monitoring
- Pioneering offshore studies
- Detecting and deterring raptors and bats
- Optimizing curtailment – reducing power loss while minimizing bat fatalities

A poster for the Wind Wildlife Research Meeting XI. It features a large white bird silhouette in flight against a dark blue background. The text "Wind Wildlife Research Meeting XI" is prominently displayed in white. Below it, the text "Presented by" is followed by the American Wind Wildlife Institute logo. The dates "November 29, 2016: International Exchange Workshop" and "November 30-December 2, 2016: Wind Wildlife Research Meeting" are listed. The location "Omni Interlocken Hotel, 500 Interlocken Blvd, Broomfield, CO 80021" is provided. The website "www.awwi.org" and "www.nationalwind.org" are also listed. At the bottom, there is a URL: "https://www.nationalwind.org/research/meetings/wind-wildlife-research-meeting-xi/". The background of the poster shows a stylized landscape with wind turbines and birds in flight.

National Wind Coordinating Collaborative

**Wind Wildlife Research Meeting XI**

Presented by 

November 29, 2016: International Exchange Workshop  
November 30-December 2, 2016: Wind Wildlife Research Meeting

Omni Interlocken Hotel  
500 Interlocken Blvd  
Broomfield, CO 80021

[www.awwi.org](http://www.awwi.org)  
[www.nationalwind.org](http://www.nationalwind.org)

<https://www.nationalwind.org/research/meetings/wind-wildlife-research-meeting-xi/>



# WWRM Topic: Minimizing Bat Fatalities

**Context:** Frick et al. (2017): in the absence of conservation measures, wind energy may pose a substantial threat to migratory bats in North America



**Goal:** reduce power production losses while minimizing bat fatalities

## Research

- Ultrasonic deterrents (DOE: RNRG and others)
- Fine-tuning curtailment to high-risk periods (TIMR)



Groundbreaking Collaboration Founded in 2008

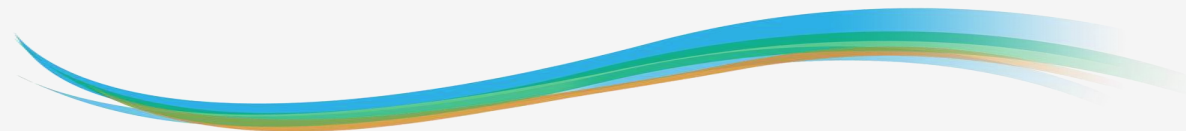
Wind Industry

State Wildlife Management Agencies

Science and Environmental Organizations

Shared Mission:

***To facilitate timely and responsible development of wind energy  
while protecting wildlife and wildlife habitat.***



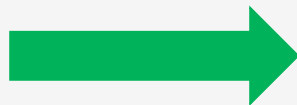
# 33 Partners and Friends



# AWWI's Program



**Credible, Accurate, Current  
Scientific Information**



Analyze data and develop solutions  
for avoidance, minimization,  
and compensation



**Innovative Technology**



Improve risk assessment and  
impact minimization



**Source and Forum for  
Trusted Information**



Lay groundwork for program  
implementation, inform policy

# What is Needed

Priorities for applied research to examine key issues related to wildlife interactions with wind energy siting and operations in the U.S.

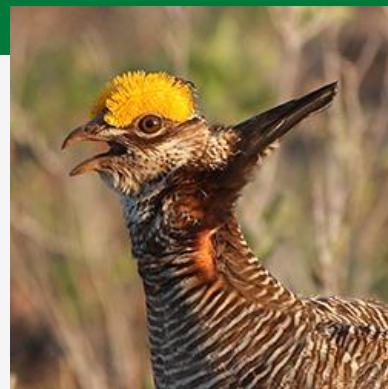
Bald and  
Golden  
Eagles



Bats



Prairie  
Grouse



Migratory  
Birds



## Reducing Risk: Vocabulary



- Avoidance → Siting
- Minimization → Best Management Practices
- Compensation → Offsetting Remaining Impacts



# Science for Policy & Practice

## Eagle Program

### Laying the Groundwork

- Eagle White Paper (2012)
- Eagle Research Framework (2014)

### Predicting and Avoiding Take

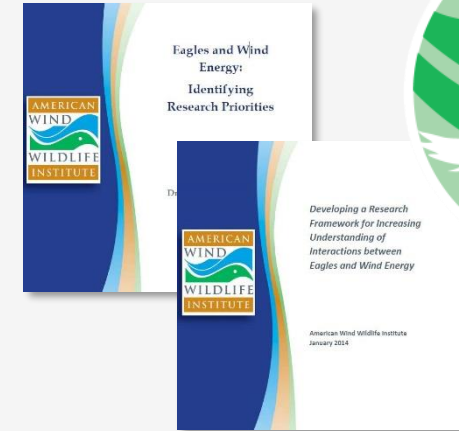
- Updated Eagle Take Model
- Landscape Assessment Tool

### Minimizing Take (ACPs)

- Technology Verification Program

### Mitigating Unavoidable Take

- Mitigation Toolbox





# Science for Policy and Practice

## Eagle Program



*A comprehensive program that provides an understanding of the risk of wind to eagles and strategies to address this risk.*

### Compensatory Mitigation Models



**Lead Model: Published**

**Vehicle Model: In Revision**

**Habitat Model: In Progress**  
**– Completion by End of Year**

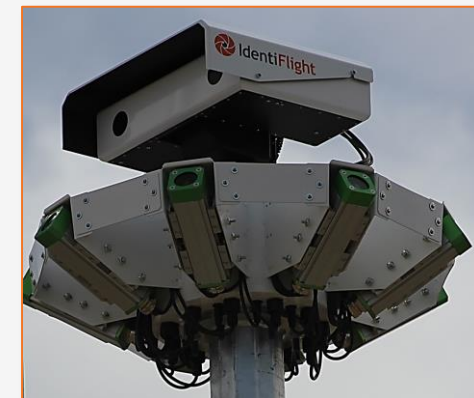
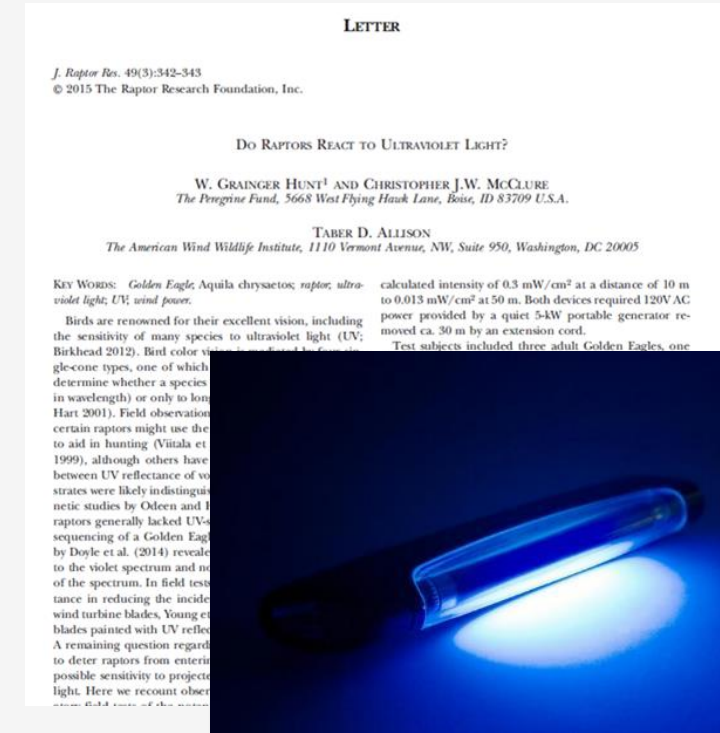
# Technological Verification: Eagles/Raptors

## Current and Ongoing Projects

- Raptors and Ultraviolet Light (2015 – published)
- Eagle Detection/Deterrent Technology (Winter 2016 – Summer 2017)
- IdentiFlight – detection technology (Fall – Winter 2016)

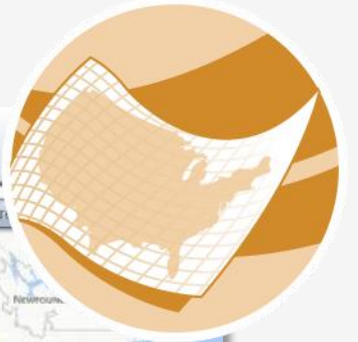
## DOE FOA

- Two proposals accepted: DTBird and IdentiFlight
- Completing award negotiations with DOE



# Technological Innovations

## Landscape Assessment Tool



### Wind and Wildlife Landscape Assessment Tool

#### Species Data

Search:

Browse:

#### Others Layers

- Migration Count Data
- Wind Turbines
- Wind Power
- National Wetlands Inventory
- Disturbance
- ☐ Protected Areas
- The Nature Conservancy Priority Areas
- Audubon Important Bird Areas

### Wind and Wildlife Landscape Assessment Tool

#### Species Data

Search:

Browse:

#### Golden Eagle (Aquila chrysaetos)

Available Data

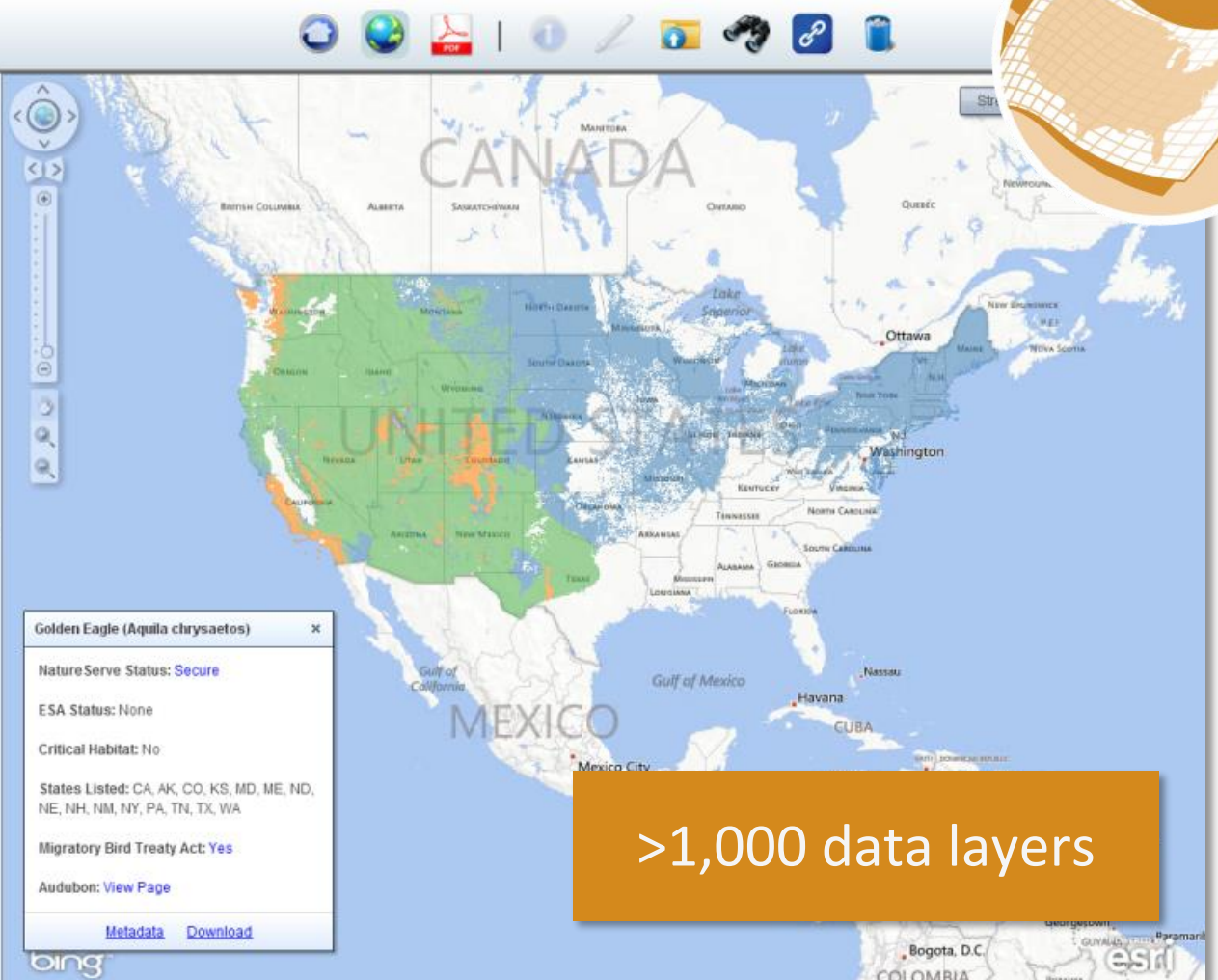
- ☒ Summer Distribution
- ☒ Winter Distribution
- ☒ Year Round Distribution

Clear  Opaque

☒ Zoom to Selection ☐ Clear Selection

#### Others Layers

- Migration Count Data
- Wind Power
- Disturbance
- ☐ Protected Areas
- The Nature Conservancy Priority Areas
- Audubon Important Bird Areas



>1,000 data layers




# Technological Innovations

## AWWIC

*A fully functioning Wind Wildlife Information System  
that improves wildlife risk assessment resulting in reduced impacts*





technology environment electricity generating  
 wind impacts fatality energy analysis  
 information renewable  
 power variables regions collaboration wildlife

[Home](#)
[Library](#)
[Analyses](#)

### Documents Library

The AWWIC documents library includes peer-reviewed wind-wildlife research, published articles and reports, and publicly available but un-published reports prepared for wind energy facilities in North America (both before and after construction). Specifically, it includes reports/studies/etc. focused on pre- and post-construction surveys, monitoring, and survey methodology; analytical approaches specific to wind energy studies; baseline studies for wind energy and wildlife; and wind energy effects studies.

Use the search bars and filters below to find documents. To recommend a document for addition to the database, please email [awwic@awwi.org](mailto:awwic@awwi.org).

#### Search for Documents

☒ Show all documents
 ☐ Filter documents:
 

☐ Search title/authors/abstract/summary for (text):

☐ Limit to documents written between:
 

1979 and 2015

☐ Limit to documents referencing:
 

Alabama  
Alaska  
Arizona  
Arkansas  
California

U.S. - Pacific Region (USFWS Region 1)  
U.S. - Southwest (USFWS Region 2)  
U.S. - Great Lakes-Big Rivers (USFWS Region 3)  
U.S. - Southeast (USFWS Region 4)  
U.S. - Northeast (USFWS Region 5)

☐ Limit to documents from these subject areas:
 

**Class of Document**  
☒ Preliminary Site Screening (FWS WEG Tier 1)  
☐ Site Characterization (FWS WEG Tier 2)  
☐ Pre-Construction Studies (FWS WEG Tier 3)  
☐ Post-Construction Studies - Fatalities (FWS WEG Tier 4a)  
☐ Post-Construction Studies - Habitat (FWS WEG Tier 4b)  
☐ Other Post-Construction Studies & Research (FWS WEG Tier 5)  
☐ Conference/Workshop Proceedings  
☐ Journal Article

**Wildlife Studies**  
☒ Bats  
☐ Big Game  
☐ Fish and Benthos  
☐ Marine Mammals  
☐ Other Birds  
☐ Other Wildlife Species  
☐ Prairie Grouse  
☐ Raptors

**Impact Assessment**  
☒ Behavioral Studies  
☐ Collision Risk Modeling  
☐ Cumulative Effects  
☐ Demographic Study  
☐ Fatality Rates - Adjusted  
☐ Fatality Rates - Unadjusted  
☐ Habitat Fragmentation  
☐ Habitat Transformation

[Retrieve Results](#)

[Clear Form](#)

Your data goes in this column		
Project/ Study Information	Study type	Fatality survey
	Project ID	
	Phase ID	
	Study start date	
	Study end date	
	Did you feather or curtail any turbines during the course of this study?	
Fatality Estimate	Group estimated	
	Description for "other"	
	Estimator Used	
	Fatalities /MW	
	Fatalities /turbine	
	Confidence level	
Survey protocol	Survey timing/frequency	
	Total # searches	
	Full/partial search	
	# Turbines searched	
	All turbines searched?	
	# Dog searches	
Plot	Plot Dimensions	
	Plot-clearing method	
	Transect notes	
	Time spent	
	Search rate	
	Search complete?	
Plot Comments		

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# National Wind Wildlife Research Plan: Goals

- Outlines wind-wildlife research needed to achieve DOE Wind Vision (30% wind by 2030) and minimize impacts to wildlife
- Highlights parties best equipped to lead research priorities
- Highlights strategies to ensure results and tools generated are used
- Discusses importance of sharing data and information
- Reflects input from broad base of stakeholders and aim for widespread acceptance
- Published on our website April-May 2017







# Thank you for attending our webinar

Warren Leon  
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Northeast Wind Resource Center  
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Northeast Wind Resource Center: [www.northeastwindcenter.org](http://www.northeastwindcenter.org)

DOE Wind Exchange: <http://energy.gov/eere/wind/windexchange>