

Tracking the movements of large at-risk species at a turbine test site



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(with students & collaborators)

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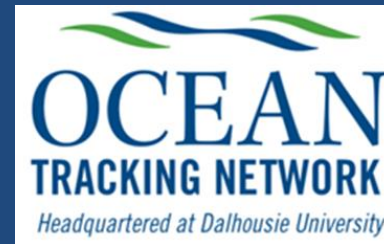


Annex IV Workshop - 1 November 2014 - Acadia University

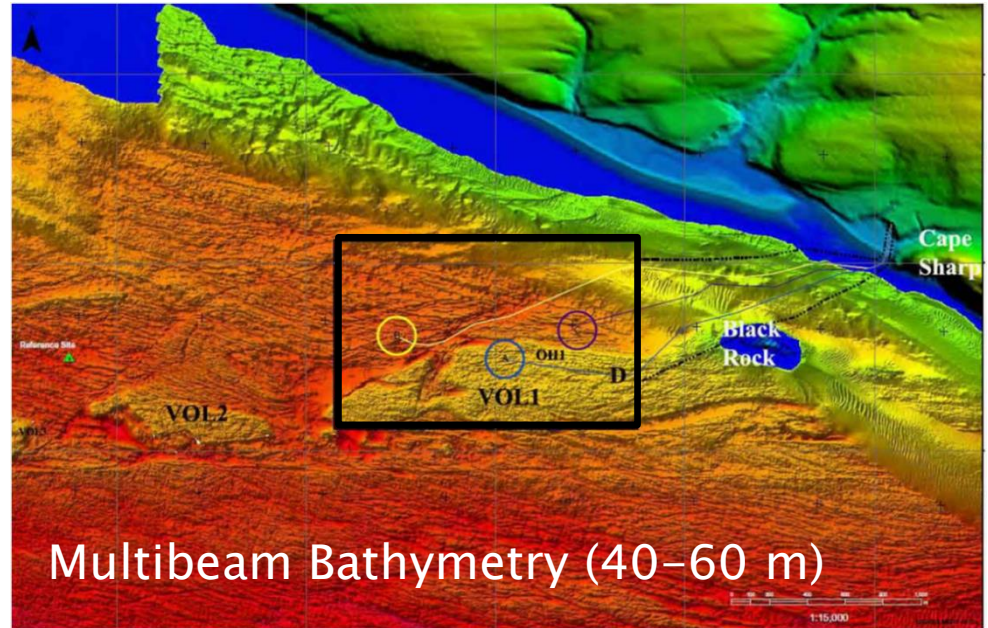


Acknowledgements

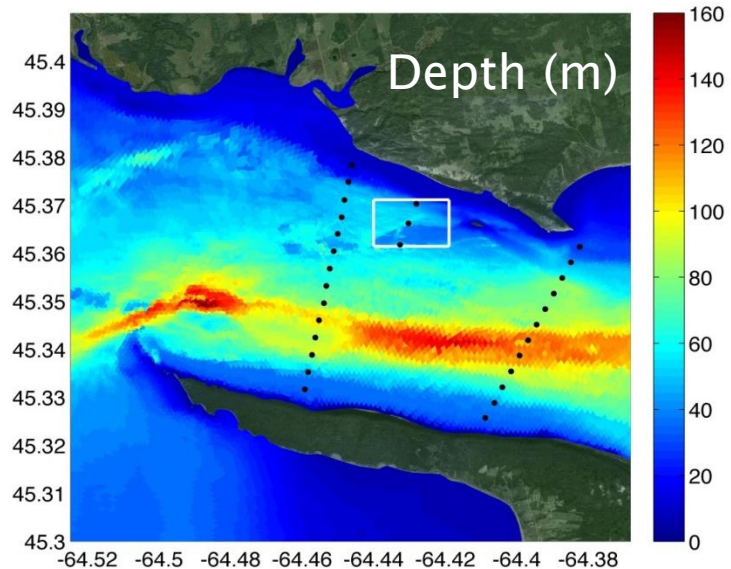
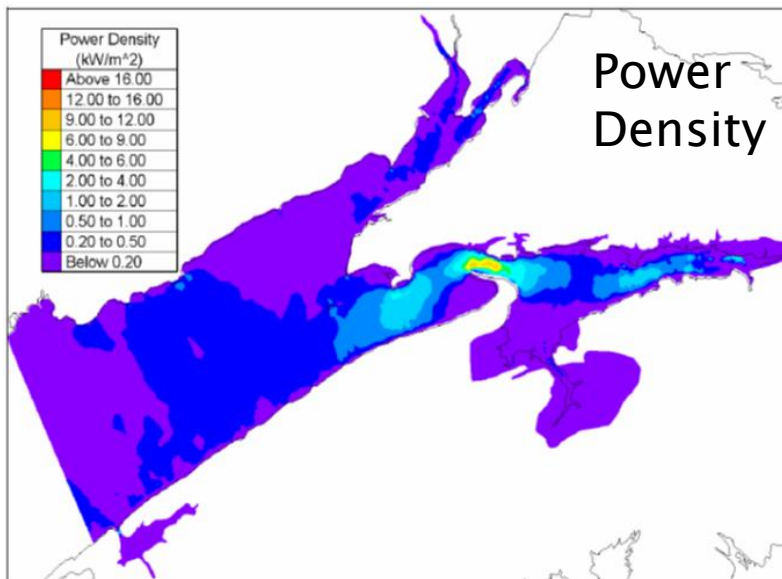
- Jeremy Broome
- Freya Keyser
- Peter Porskamp
- Matthew Baker
- Kaycee Morrison
- Colin Buhariwalla
- Monica Reed
- Lauren Fogarty
- Montana McLean
- Mike Stokesbury
- Richard Karsten
- Brian Sanderson
- Rod Bradford
- Jamie Gibson
- Jason Wood
- Dom Tollit
- Duncan Bates et al
- Fred Whoriskey
- Murray Scotney
- Mark Wood
- Patrick Stewart
- Mark Taylor and crew
- Croyden Wood Jr. and crew
- Darren Porter, Tony Lewis and crews



FORCE and Site Features



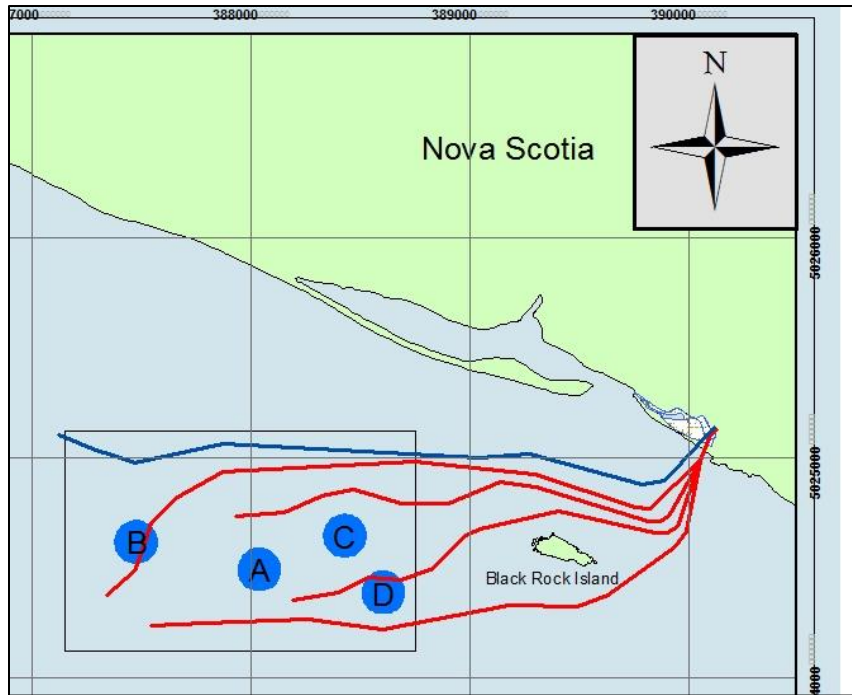
Multibeam Bathymetry (40–60 m)



In-Stream Tidal Turbines

FORCE: 2015-2018

- 1.0 x 1.6 km test site
- 4 berths with cables
- Large commercial scale devices
 - Rated 1 MW+ per installation
 - Power for 300-600 homes / unit

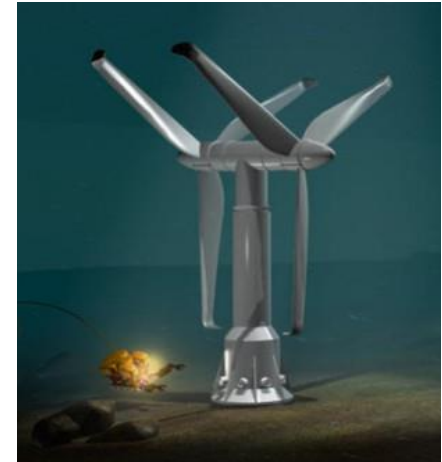
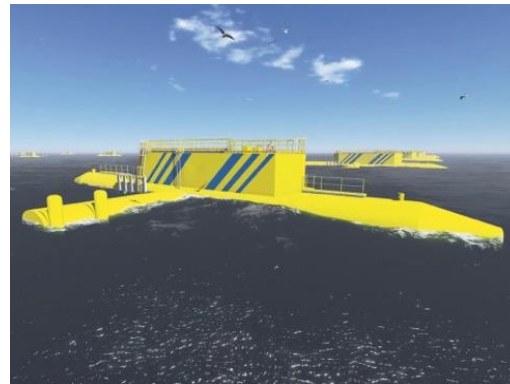
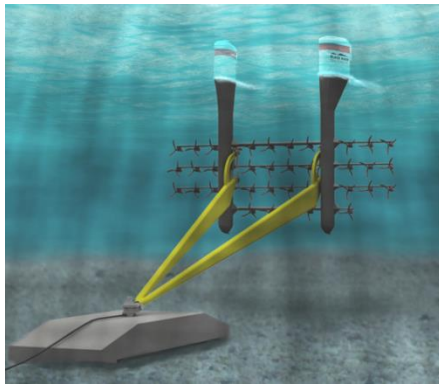


OpenHydro

Black Rock Tidal

**Minas Energy, Siemens
& Bluewater**

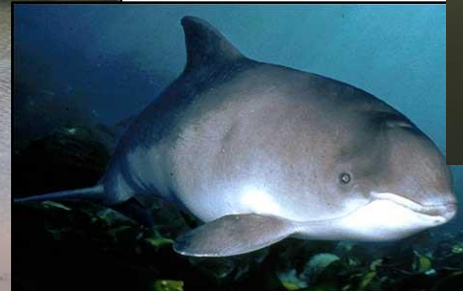
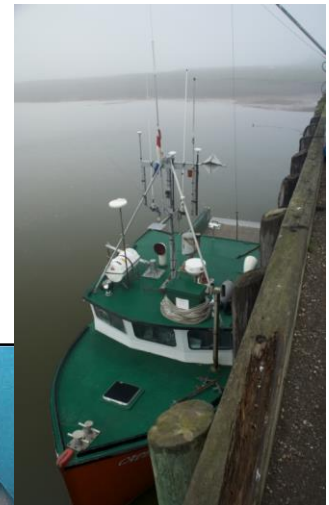
**Atlantis Resources &
Lockheed Martin**



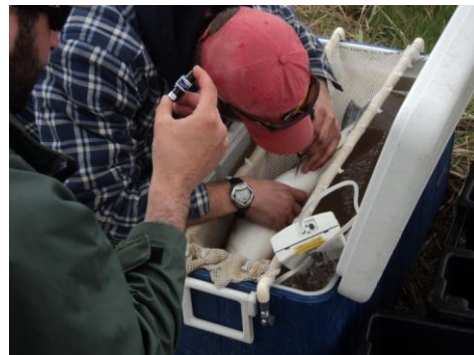
Tidal Energy Dev't: Environmental Implications



- Environmental Monitoring Advisory Committee (EMAC)
- Near to mid-field effects?
- Impacts on marine mammals?
- Impacts on fish and lobsters?
 - Migration corridor
 - Transboundary fishes
 - Threatened / endangered



Acoustic Detection of Fish & Lobsters



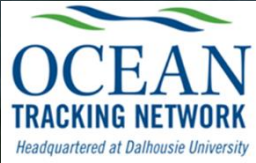
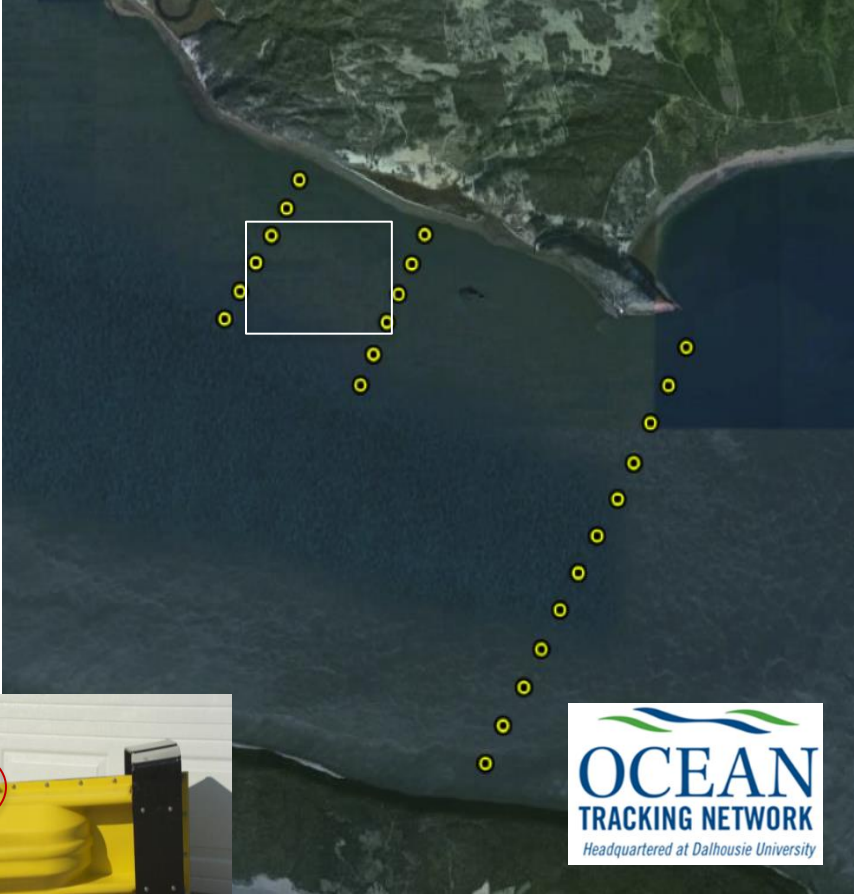
- ▶ Temporal and spatial patterns in the use of Minas Passage / FORCE
- ▶ Acoustic tags (Vemco)
 - Fish (286 tags implanted)
 - Lobster (85 tags, carapace)
 - Battery / tag size limits

Species	Status	#Tags
Atlantic sturgeon	Threatened	114
American eel	Threatened	45
Striped bass	Endangered (BoF)	165
Atlantic salmon	Endangered (iBoF)	62

Minas Passage / FORCE Receiver Lines

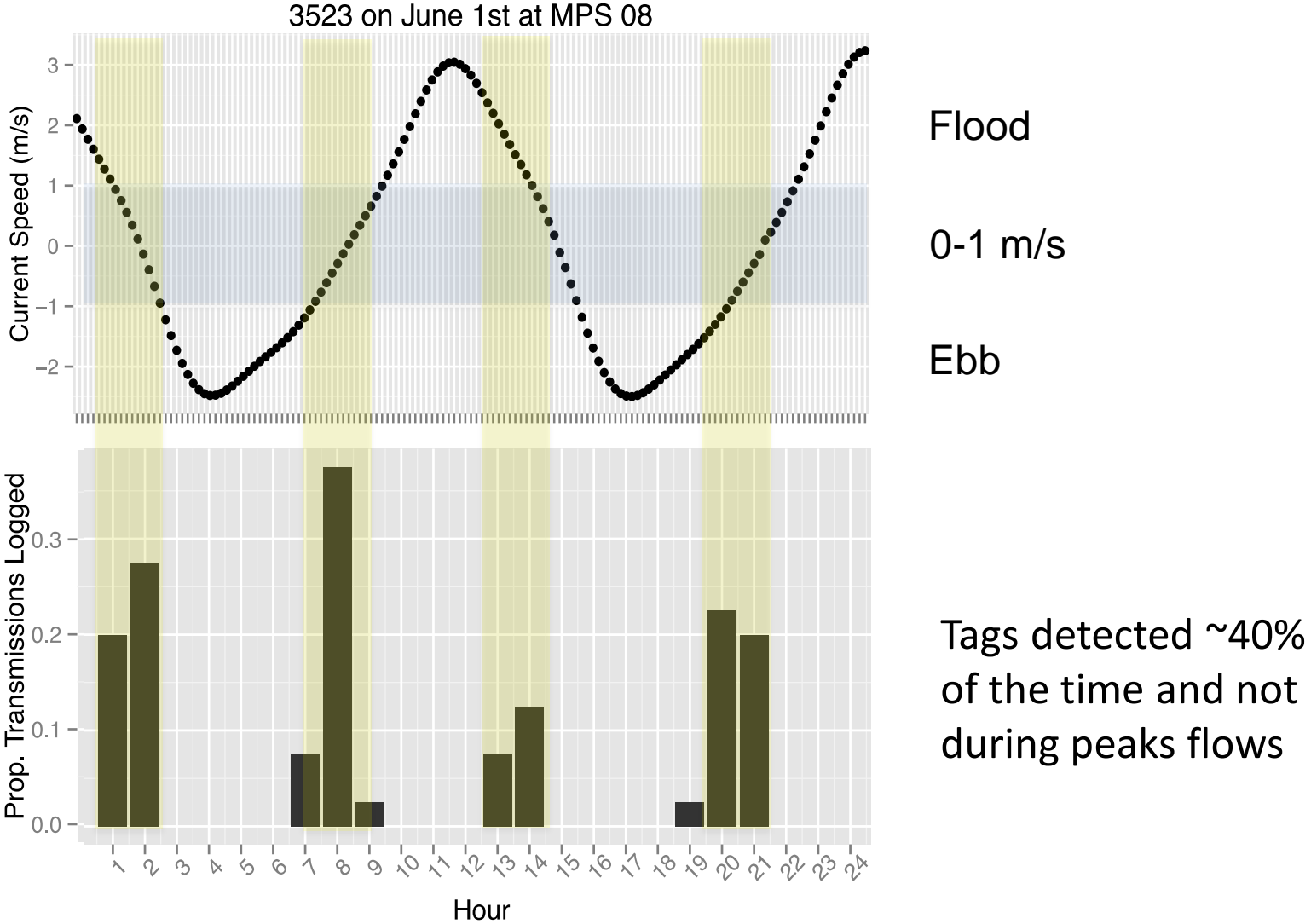
2011

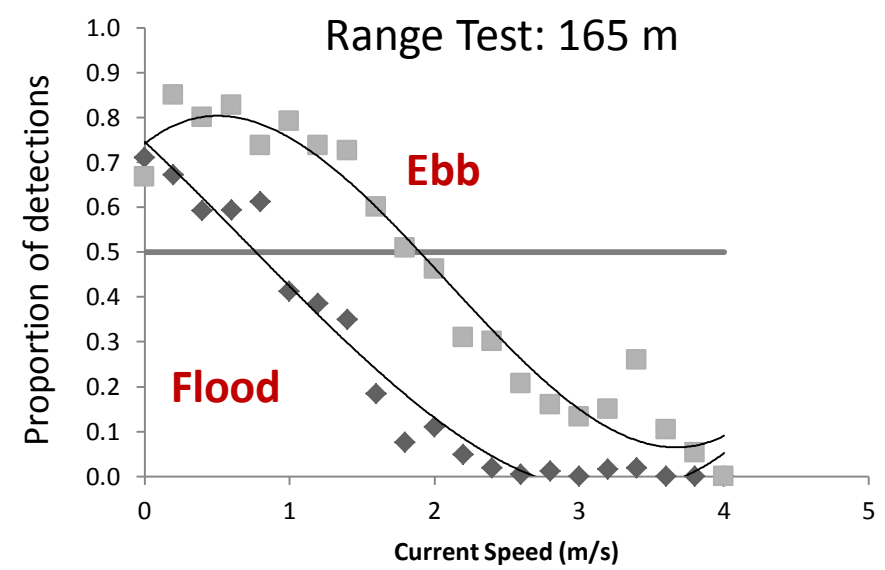
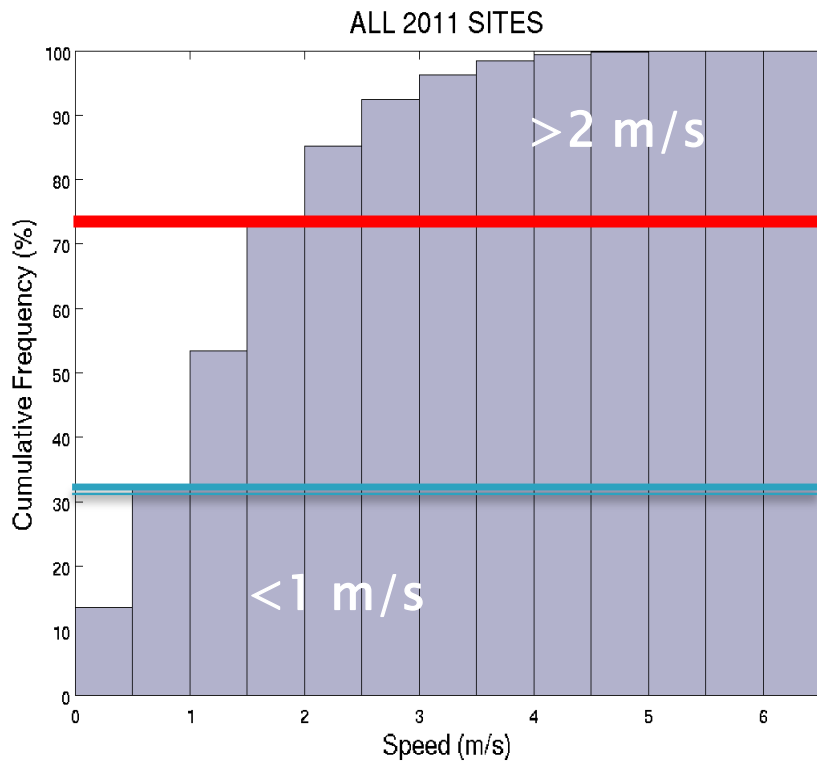
2012 / 2013



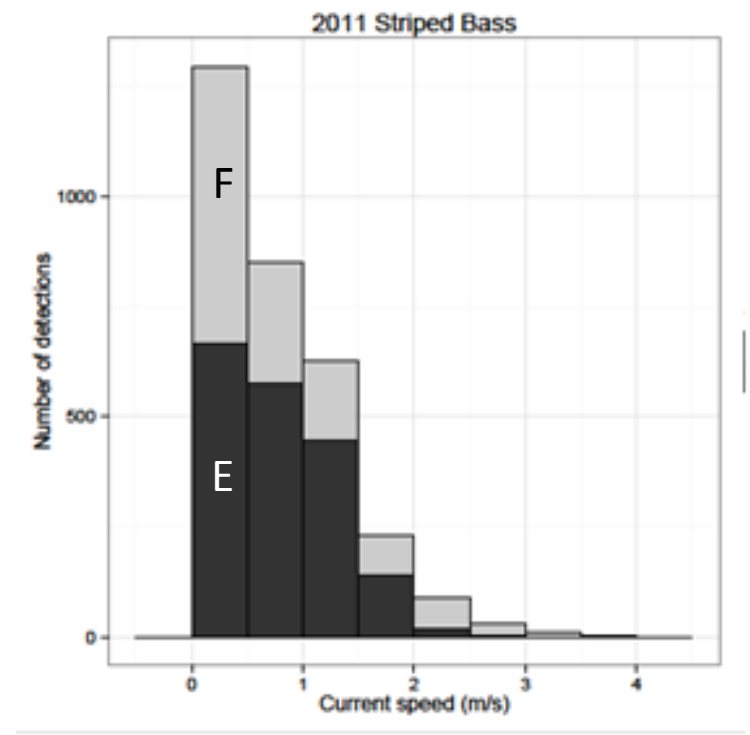
300-400 m between units

Depth-Averaged Current Speed & Range Test Acoustic Tag Detection

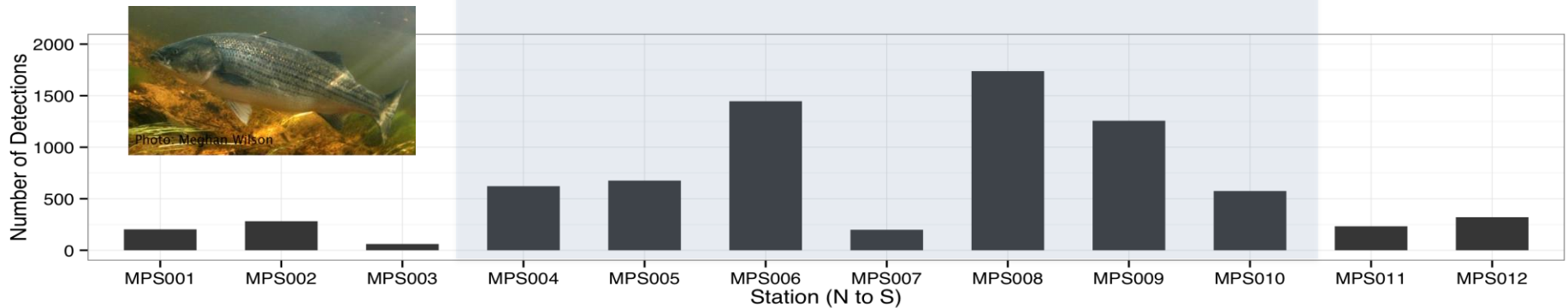
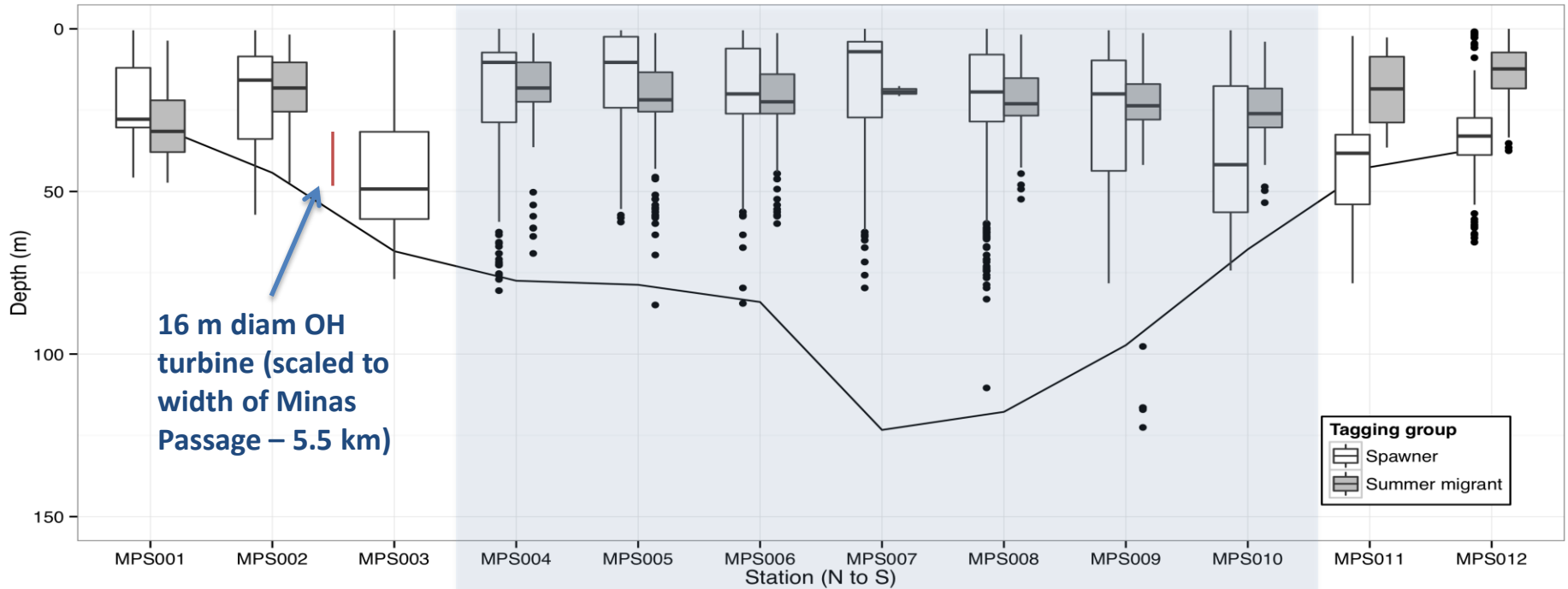




- **Top left:** Depth-ave speeds are often >2 m/s
- **Bottom left:** Receiver detection efficiency ↓ as current speed ↑
 - Ebb >> flood
- **Bottom right:** Low detections at high flows reflects detection efficiency, not absence of fish



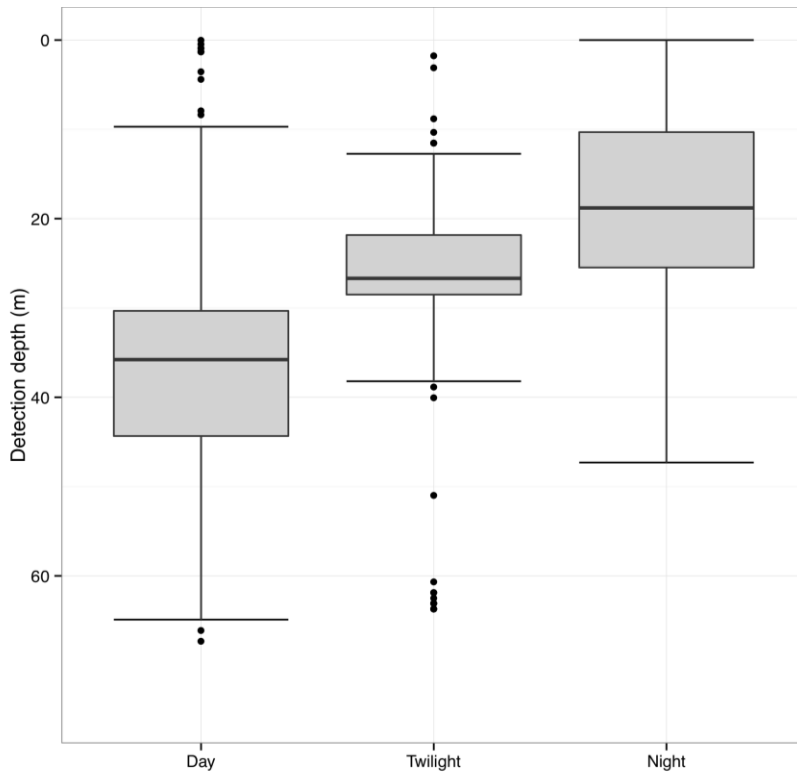
Striped bass tag detections & depths (2011 – 2013)



Striped bass - detection depths at FORCE

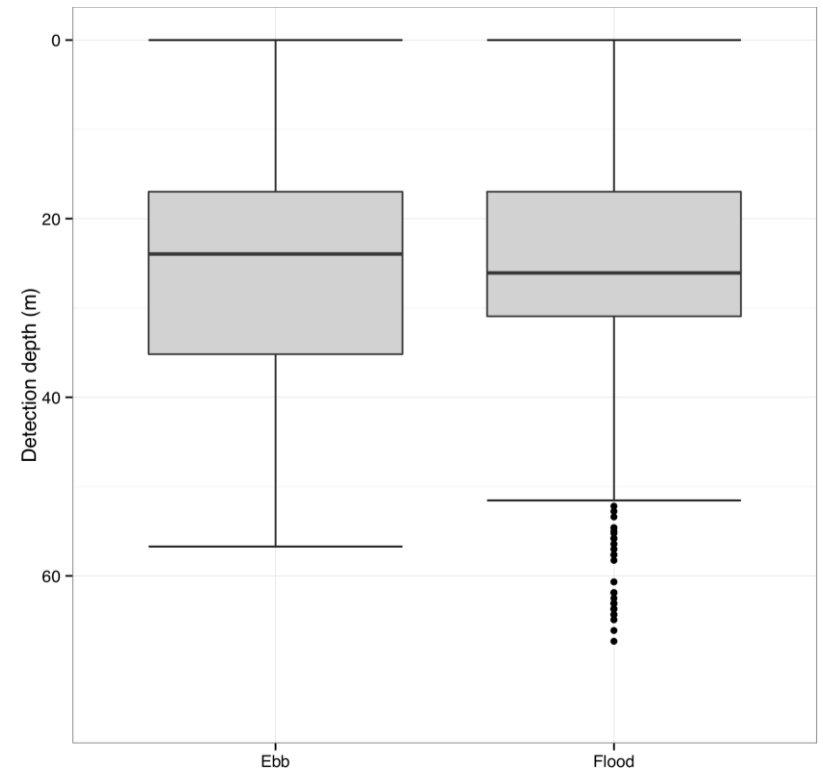
Day

Night

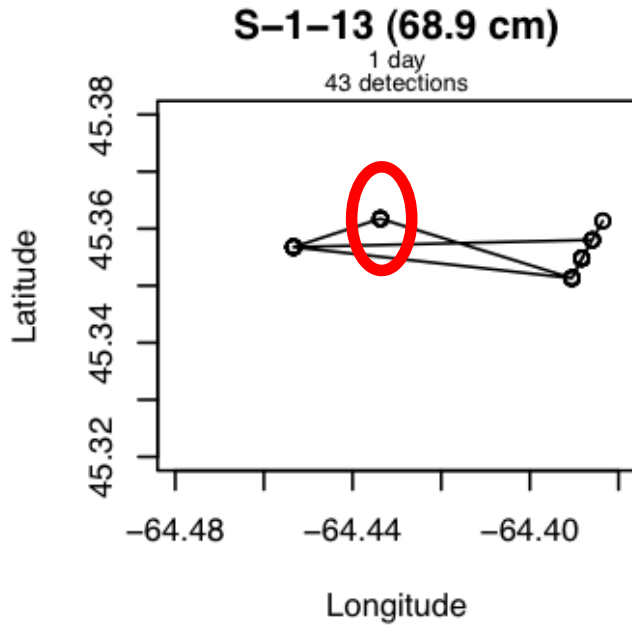


Ebb

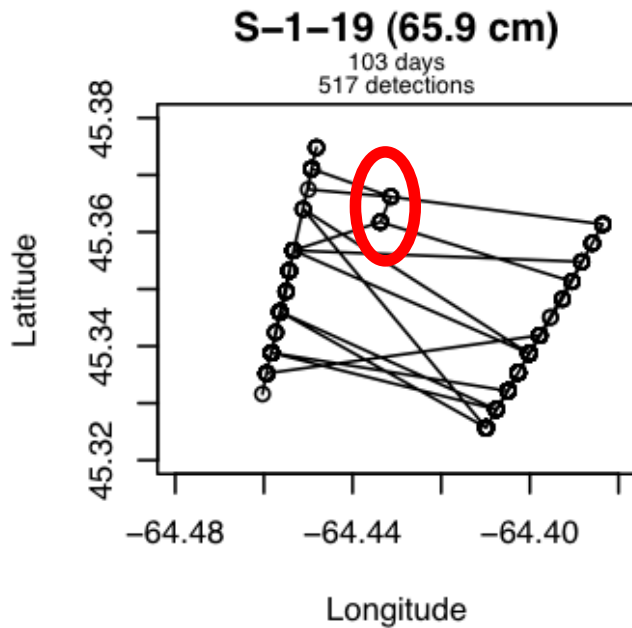
Flood



1 day



103 days

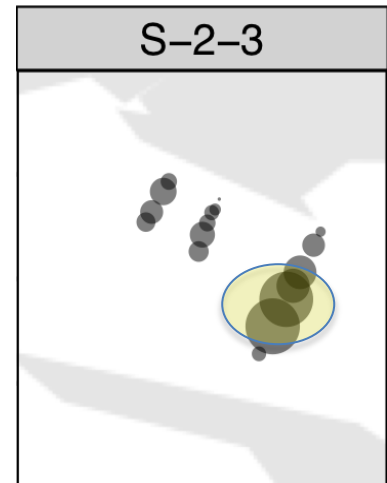
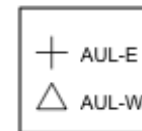
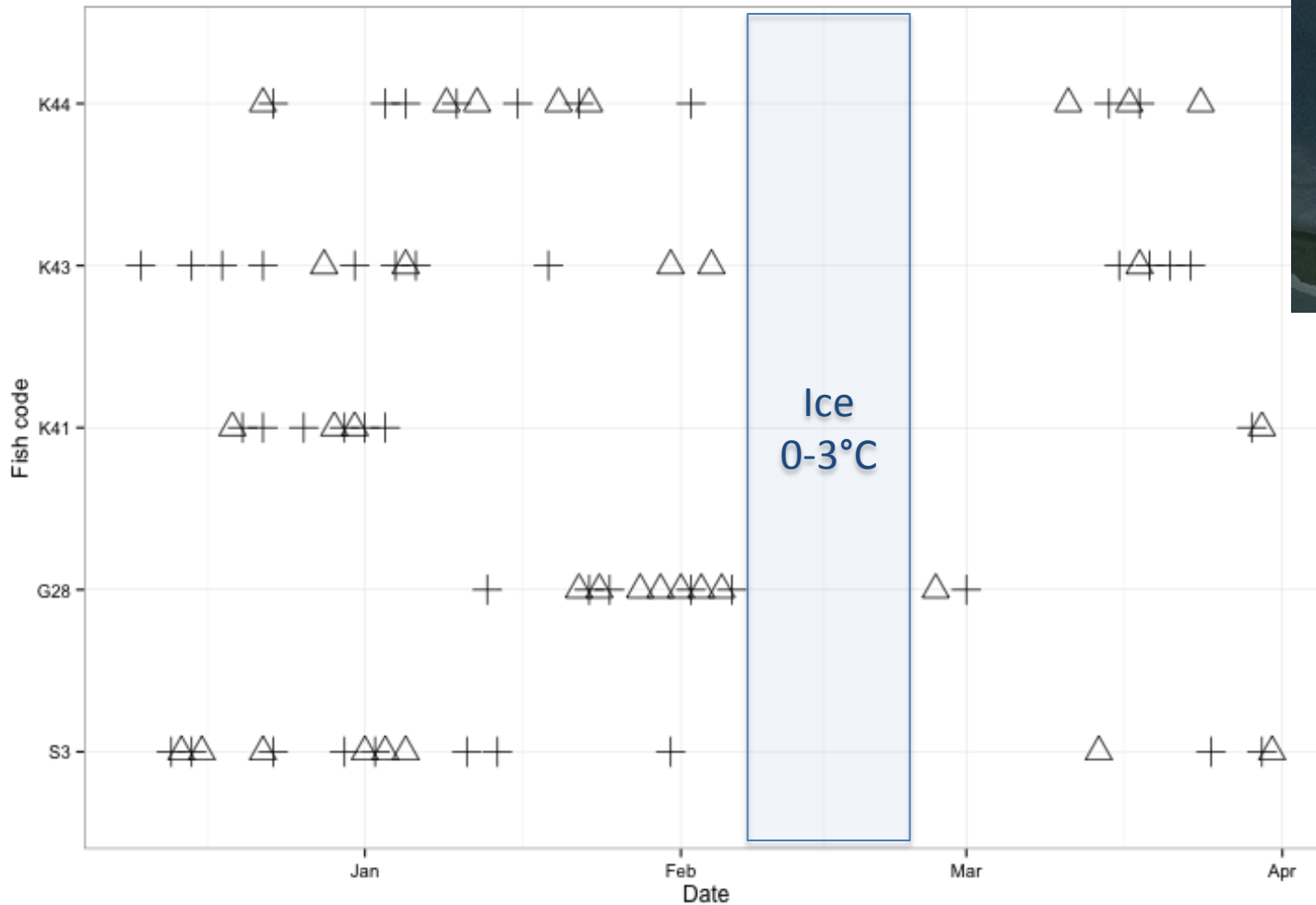


Striped bass utilize the entire Passage but are more commonly detected in the middle of the Minas Passage

FORCE - Winter 2012-2013 receiver detections

35% of active tags detected in winter

Cold temperature effects on turbine avoidance are unknown





March 2013

S-2-3

3/14/2013

3/25/2013

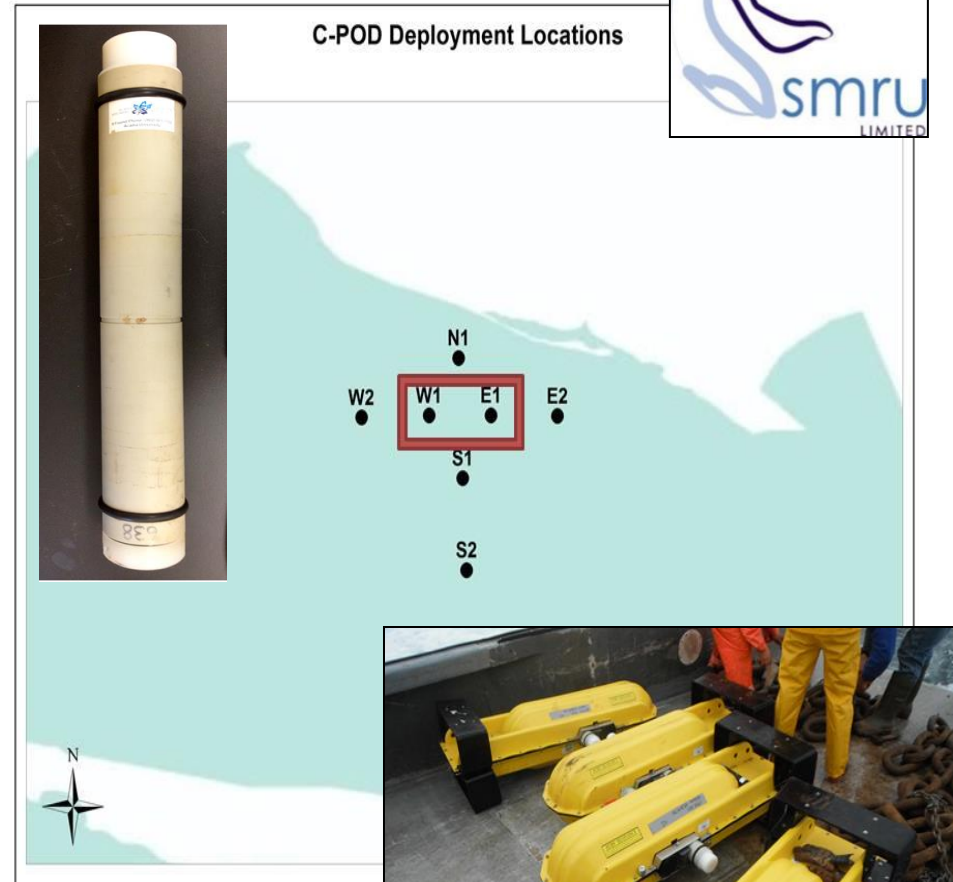
3/26/2013

3/30/2013

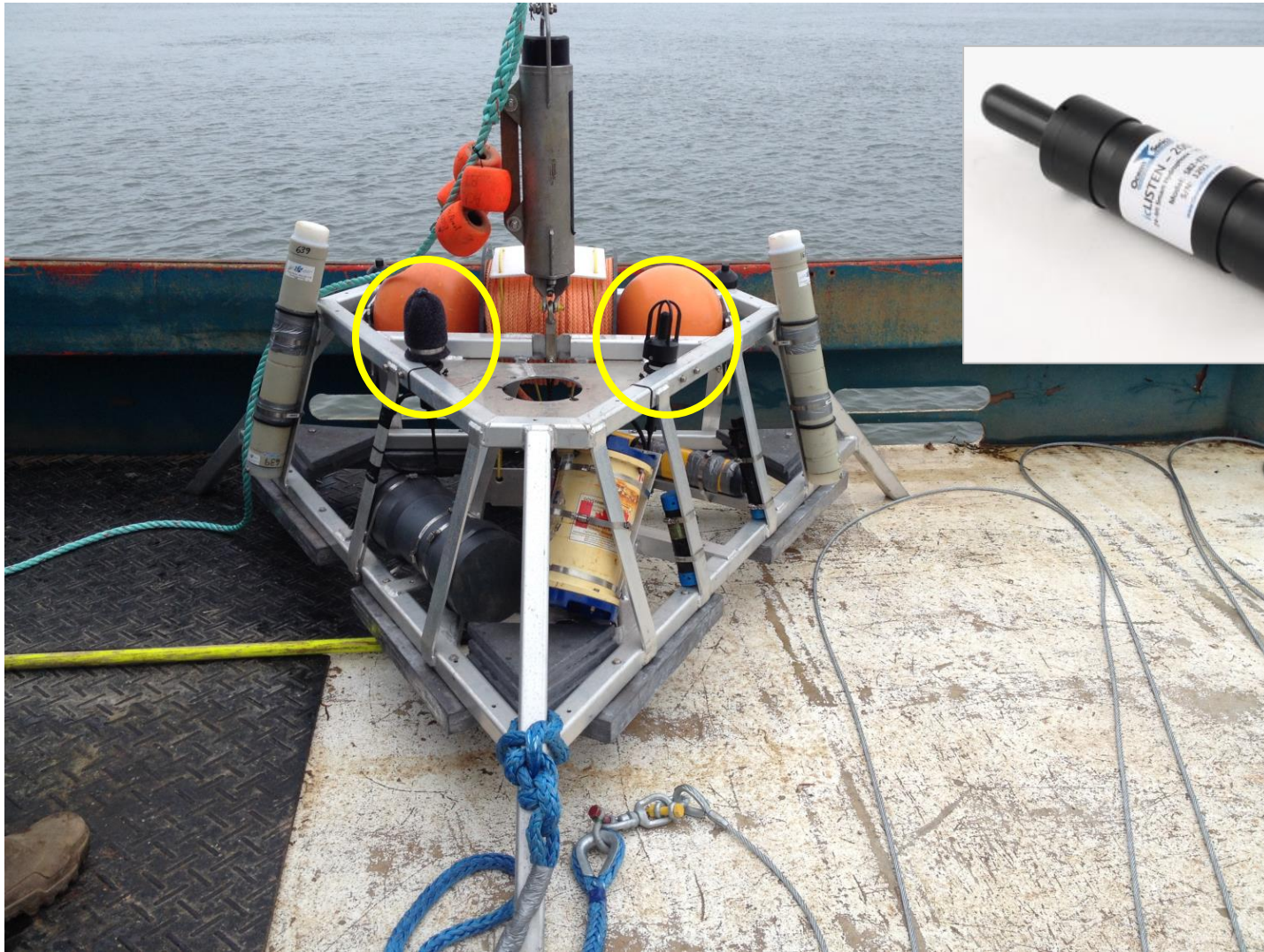
3/31/2013

Baseline Studies: Harbour Porpoise Detection / Presence

- Hydrophone detection of harbour porpoise click trains
- Seasonal peaks related to prey (herring) abundance
- Detection limitations due to
 1. Ambient noise
 - Flood >> Ebb
 - Spring >> Neap Tides
 - Site effects
 2. Pseudonoise (flow noise)

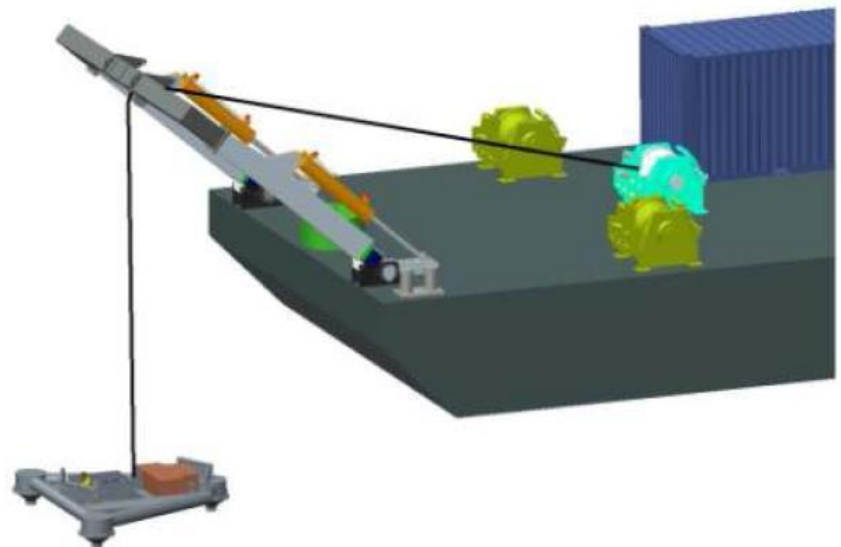
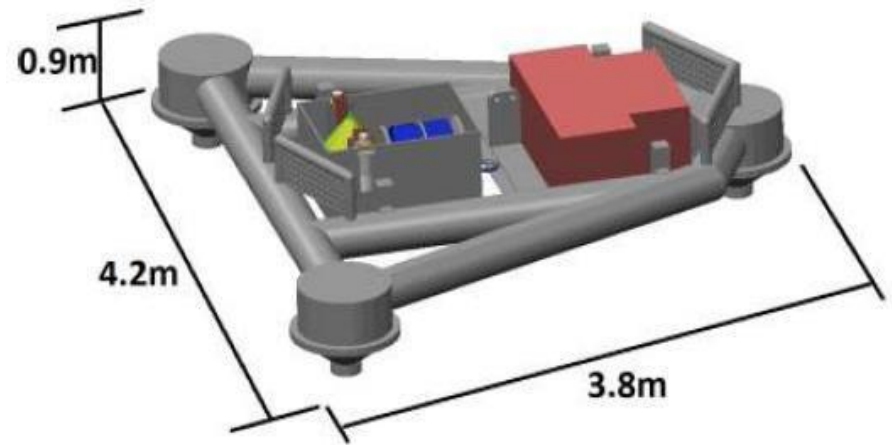


Hydrophone Performance Testing: June 2014



FORCE Sensor Platforms

- ▶ Sensors on cabled and non-cabled platforms
 - Acoustic (passive & active)
 - Optical
- ▶ Testing of sensor compatibility
- ▶ Within berth testing
- ▶ Environmental research
- ▶ Collaboration potential!!



Approach to Addressing Environmental Research and Monitoring Needs

